Weather
Cold, wet weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 55.2 and the minimum 46.6, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 54.1 and 46.2.

The China Press
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A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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KOLCHAK GOVERNMENT DOWNFALL SIBERIA'S HOPE---GAIDA

GERMANY IS READY TO PAY NEW PENALTY

Peace Treaty Protocol Accepted; Hopes For Easier Terms

NOTE PRESENTED

Need Of Mitigation Of Obligations Stated By Noske

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 28.—The German Government has replied to the Allied Note, expressing its readiness to ratify the Peace protocol but claiming a "Softening" of certain important clauses of the Peace Treaty.

M. Clemenceau has sent a letter to Herr von Lersner, the German Delegate, stating that France owes Germany nothing except the strict execution of the Treaty, which has put an end to a merciless War.

According to the German papers, Herr von Simson, the Chief German Delegate will not return to Paris and Herr von Lersner will act as Chief German Delegate to sign the peace protocol at the earliest possible moment.

The Paris Chamber of Commerce has requested the French Government to organise a central office of verification and compensation with the object of securing officially all payments of debts due from Germans to the French.

Statement Of Noske Is Plea For Leniency

(*Mainichi Chronicle Service*)

London, Nov. 21.—Mr. Noske has made the following statement to a representative of the New York Times:

"Nothing would strengthen our Government more than if the Entente showed that we might obtain a mitigation of the peace conditions. New Germany intends to win new positions, not by cannon but by work. The Americans, after helping to destroy us, are now watching the proceedings with their hands in their pockets.

"I believe our present Government will overcome its opponents if allowed to continue with the forces at present at its command until April. The first preliminary condition is that France will not invade Germany on some pretext. What is needed is an exchange of views between foreign statesmen and ourselves.

"Our political life has now undergone a complete change. Germany is now governed by decent honest Democrats, bent on a straightforward and conciliatory course."

American Consular Court Re-Opened, Mr. Jacobs Judge

Jurisdiction of the United States Consular Court for Shanghai, which has been inactive since last spring, came into active service recognition again this week upon the arrival of a special commission addressed to Vice-Consul Joseph E. Jacobs. The commission directs him to perform all the functions of judge that, according to law, are vested in the Consul-General and disregards the test case of last spring when Judge Lobengier of the U. S. Court for China ruled that the Consular Court was abolished.

Until Congress acts specifically upon the case the Consulate-General will exercise its functions of hearing civil cases involving amounts up to $500 and criminal cases where the penalty would not be more than 60 days and $100 fine. The U.S. Court for China will probably exercise concurrent jurisdiction until some future case carries the question to a higher court for a test.

Germans Considering Reconstruction Work

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 28.—The German Minister of Reconstruction has left Berlin for South Germany to discuss with the Governments there the question of reconstruction in Northern France.

Opium Smugglers Escape When Captors Scrap Over Reward

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, Nov. 30.—Three Chinese opium smugglers were caught with goods on them at Tientsin Central Station yesterday while travelling up to Peking to dispose of the drug. The three, of whom two were soldiers, boarded the afternoon express to Peking with seven bundles and were sitting comfortably in a second class car when the Italian out-door customs inspector at the station, came into the car and demanded that they open their bundles. He was supported in this demand by the conductor of the train and by the squad of special police who now travel on all trains here to prevent opium smuggling.

When the packages of the three were opened they were found to contain opium estimated to be worth $100,000, whereupon a dispute started between the inspector, the conductor and the police as to who should have the reward granted by the Government in such cases. The Italian inspector finally got one of the seven bundles off the train at Tientsin before it pulled out and from then until the train reached Fengtai, near Peking, the conductor and the special police were constantly maneuvering for possession of the remaining six packages.

At Fengtai the conductor endeavored to get these packages off the train and into the hands of the local station-master, but the police were too quick for him and recovered the booty before it had left the train. Thenceforward they sat on it until the express reached Peking, where they delivered it to their own authorities. The question of the reward, however, still remains to be settled. The three smugglers escaped.

Chinese Shopkeepers Asked By Student Union To Sign Japanese Boycott Pledge

All Schools Except Those Of Settlement And St. John's University Begin Strike---Street Meetings Held But No Disorders Reported

Local Chinese shopkeepers will be requested by the Shanghai Students' Union today to sign pledges not to deal with Japanese, whether in sales or purchases. Forms for the pledges will be handed out by the headquarters of the Union, 14 Yi Ho Lee, Rue Amiral Bayle, Frenchtown, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

More Japanese goods were destroyed in the Shanghai city at various street corners yesterday. The destruction, however, was done voluntarily. Students simply assisted the shopkeepers in consigning their own stock into the flames. No large quantity like that of Tuesday at the Public Recreation Ground was destroyed.

Yesterday saw all the schools in the Chinese territory except St. John's University begin their four-day strike. A great deal of propaganda work was executed. No trouble was reported. Students expect to formulate plans during the remaining strike days for the formation of a volunteers corps similar to the organisation of the boy scouts' movement in China. They would respond to the call of the Government in time of necessity.

In the invitation issued for the formation of the corps, Mr. Tang Shih-wei of the Students' Union, says the Foochow incident was concrete proof that a weak nation cannot protest against injustices done to her, so the best solution to defend China is to adopt a measure of iron and blood.

EXTRA POLICE ON DUTY

Municipal schools of the International Settlement did not participate in the strike. Extra police remained at their posts along the settlements' boundaries. The special constables were again ordered to stand by.

Students began their lecture on the necessity of strengthening the anti-Japanese boycott. Two places in Chinese territory were made the headquarters of the qualified orators to assemble, one at the West Gate Public Recreation Ground and the other at the vacant lot opposite the Commercial Press, Paoshan Road.

These embryo orators were given districts within which to speak. Committees were present at both places to dish out the assignments. Each speaker is assisted by two other students.

In spite of the rain, many pedestrains and shopkeepers assembled at street corners to listen to stories of the violence of Japanese in Foochow and Shantung and the humiliation which Chinese were submitted to in these places. Police constables mingled with the audience and applauded when the lecturers emphasised the importance of strengthening the boycott as the effective means of retaliation.

ORDER MAINTAINED

Order was maintained throughout both Nantao and Chapei. Shops carrying these articles have placed them under cover. Only the shops raided Tuesday were closed. Student leaders said the raids were sufficient to warn the shopkeepers who deal in Japanese goods and did not consider further search necessary.

Huge crowds were attracted by the woman orators, who were greeted enthusiastically.

The effect of the speeches was prompt, groups of Chinese vowed to boycott Japanese goods. The manner of the pledge was simple.

Those who took it signed their names on piece of yellow paper and set fire to it while they took the oath to boycott.

The national flags were again conspicuous. Invariably before the delivery of the lecture or the burning of the yellow pledges, students led the crowd in saluting the colors. At the conclusion of the speech, the speaker led the crowd in giving the Chung Hua yell.

APPEAL FOR SUPPORT

An appeal to the European and American friends of China for their sympathetic support during the students' patriotic demonstration here was made yesterday by the Nanyang College branch of the Shanghai Students' Union. The appeal, which took the form of a handbill reads as follows:

"The Japanese at Foochow have, with premeditation, but without provocation, assaulted, wounded, and killed some of our innocent people. Instead of making amends for what her nationals have committed, Japan has despatched her battleships to Foochow and landed her marines there to further intimidate and bully China. The Japanese Minister at Peking and the Japanese Consul at Foochow have treated our protests with arrogance and additional insult.

"To show our righteous indignation at such high-handed and inhuman atrocities, to rouse all our countrymen to resist in a body such aggression even to the bitter end, and to appeal to the high sense of honor and fairplay of our foreign friends, we are holding parades here and elsewhere, so that in the end justice and right may not be violated in the Far East as they have been but recently preserved in Europe at an inestimable cost of blood and iron.

"May we enlist your sympathy in this demonstration against

(Continued on Page 3)

WARSHIPS IN ADRIATIC SEA REVOLT; JOIN D'ANNUNZIO

Clash With Jugo-Slavs Feared; Paris Urged To Take Action

CAPTURE OF ZARA

Raiders From Fiume Are Cheered By Crews On Blockading Fleet

PLAN NEW DRIVE

Insurgents Now Intend Descent On Spalato, It Is Reported

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 28.—News has reached Paris that the warships Genoa and Smyrna have made common cause with d'Annunzio and modern corsair collisions with the Jugo-Slavs are feared. It is urged that the Allies should take control.

Belgrade Reports Attack On Spalato Is Planned

(*Kokusai Direct*)

Melbourne, Nov. 23.—It is reliably reported from Belgrade that d'Annunzio is preparing a raid on Spalato. It is stated that fifteen thousand troops with a naval detachment arrived at Zara, their destination being Spalato.

A portion of this force will attack Montenegro, possibly from Cattaro.

No Opposition Made When Zara Was Seized

(*Asahi Service*)

Paris, Nov. 18.—Particulars received in regard to d'Annunzio's unexpected visit to Zara show that he left Fiume in a destroyer, with about a thousand soldiers. When the vessels of the blockading fleet hailed him, the crews, instead of stopping the destroyer, shouted "Viva d'Annunzio," and allowed her to proceed.

When he arrived at Zara, Admiral Millo requested him to leave. D'Annunzio refused and after an animated conversation, they both boarded the destroyer, Admiral Millo having espoused the rebel cause. Subsequently d'Annunzio presented Millo to the population of Italian Dalmatia.

Poincare Inspects Devastated District

Greeting On Border Extended By King Albert To French President

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, December 2, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The President of the Republic yesterday traversed the district of Mezieres Roorol and Givet, which was the first to suffer from the effects of invasion in 1914. By an act of extreme courtesy by which M. Poincare was deeply touched, King Albert took advantage of the occasion of the President's presence near the Belgian frontier to come and greet him. The two heads of State met at Givet, where the population gave them a rousing welcome.

World Trade Body Formed In America

International Chamber Will Hold First Meeting In July Next Year

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 27.—An International Chamber of Commerce had been created by the Allied Economic Missions now in the United States. The first meeting will take place in July, 1920.

Argentine Air Routes Will Be Opened Soon

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 28.—The lines of aerial navigation organised in Argentina by the French Aviation Mission, will shortly be inaugurated.

General Gaida, Former Leader In Siberia And Some Of His Staff

Top, left to right, Captain M. Alleckey, General Gaida and Captain Mach. Below, Colonel Husarek, General Gaida's chief-of-staff.

VACANT PEKING CABINET POSTS NOT YET FILLED

Victory Of Anfu Club Proves Disappointment To Premier And President Hsu

CHANG HU MAY BE NAMED

Believed Both Sides May See Suitable Compromise In Him For Ministry

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, November 30.—The President and the Premier are discouraged over the defeat of their nominees for the posts of Minister of Agriculture and Commerce and Minister of Education and are now negotiating, both personally and through General Tuan Chi-jui, for a compromise by which these two officials can be renominated and elected. So far all the compromising that has been done has been the yielding of President Hsu and Premier Chin, who have been forced to give up one candidate after another and they feel that it is not unreasonable for them to expect a certain amount of compromise from the Anfu Club.

If Chang Chih-tan and Hsia Shou-kang cannot be put up again for the posts for which they were defeated this week it is thought probable that the Premier will carry on his Cabinet for the present with Vice-Ministers in charge of the Ministries of Agriculture and Commerce and Education, in the hope of finding a more favorable time for getting his own men in later. There is also a chance that Chang Hu, one of the Vice-Ministers of Finance under the Chien Nung-hsun Cabinet, will be a candidate for the Ministership of Agriculture and Commerce. Chang Hu has always wanted this post, and Chang Chih-tan's overwhelming defeat in the Lower House last week is attributed in most quarters to the opposition created against him by Chang Hu. The difficulties that at present lie in the way of Chang Hu are that he is neither a strong Anfu man nor particularly acceptable to the President and Premier. His political record shows ability, however, and he is just the type of man that both sides may hit upon as a compromise candidate. It is not, however, probable that Chang Hu will realise his ambition or that the Cabinet tangle will be straightened out for some time to come.

Strasburg Students Plan To Bar Germans

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 27.—At a meeting at Strassburg of students belonging to the International Confederation of Students Associations, the headquarters of which are at Brussels, it was decided that no Germans shall be admitted to the Confederation until Germany had become a member of the League of Nations.

MAIL FROM HOME TODAY

Mail for America is expected on the steamer Javery due in Shanghai today. The next outgoing mail will close at the U. S. Post Office Friday noon for ordinary matter and at 11 a.m. for parcels and registered letters It leaves on the Korea Maru.

Italians Again Ask Concession Austria Held In Tientsin

Project Defeated At Paris Taken Up By Consular Representatives

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, November 30.—It is reported in Chinese circles here that the Italian Consul at Tientsin has brought up again the question of extending the Italian Concession at the port so as to include within its limits the former Austrian Concession, which borders on it and would form a convenient additional sphere for Italian expansion. This same question came up at the Peace Conference some months ago, but the strong protest of the Chinese delegates at Paris finally resulted in the revision of the terms of the Austrian Treaty providing for the return of the Austrian Concession at Tientsin to China.

The renewal of Italy's demand for this extra territory in Tientsin has not been made officially, but both Tientsin and Peking officials maintain that it has already been the subject of informal conversations between the Italian Consul and the Tientsin government authorities. The local press has likewise got hold of this information, and a newspaper campaign is being conduced to persuade the Peking Government to hold firm and make no concessions of territory to any foreign Power.

Socialists Snub Italian King At Chamber Session

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, December 2, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—According to a Rome message:

The opening sitting of the new Italian Chamber yesterday was marked by lively incidents. When the King entered the debating Chamber, the Socialist deputation withdrew en masse. Their departure was the occasion for a counter-demonstration in King Victor Emmanuel's honor by the remainder of the deputies. It is stated that the Socialist Deputies will return at the next sitting and take the oath so as not to be deprived of their mandates.

Coal Shortage Stops Dancing In Paris

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Nov. 28.—In view of the persistent coal shortage the Prefect of Police in Paris has ordered all dancing places to remain closed till further notice.

CZECH LEADER TELLS STORY OF UPRISING

Deported General Details Origin And Progress Of Revolution

FIGHT AT STATION

Rosanov Men Aggressors Following Desertions To Gaida Forces

Details of the dramatic coup d'etat of November 16 in Vladivostok, the events that preceded and followed the uprising against the Kolchak Government and a description of the actual clash between the Kolchak forces and Gaida's men in the Vladivostok railway yard were told yesterday by General Gaida to THE CHINA PRESS. It was the first interview given by General Gaida since his deportation from Siberia.

In describing the birth and progress of the agitation against Kolchak General Gaida asserted: "All Siberia will be in the grip of Bolshevism unless a stable democratic government is formed; Kolchak is holding his power with the bayonet; he has no army and the people of Russia are opposed to him.

General Gaida graphically described the heroic fight made in the Vladivostok railway station by Russians under his command—all but 60 of whom had deserted from Kolchak's commander Rosanov and had come over to his side after having been ordered to attack his train.

The little group of 500 men fighting Kolchak terrorism were helpless in the station yard after the Allies had thrown a cordon about it yet they were subjected to fire from Kolchak warships ten versts away, Rosanov infantry and machine gunners in the streets and Rosanov light artillery from the surrounding hills.

CADETS ALSO DESERT

Among the men who had deserted to Gaida were Russian cadets from the Russian Island School and members of the five men groups who had sworn to kill Gaida.

All of the 500 are either severely wounded or dead—killed in the fighting or executed after they were captured. There were no hearings nor trials. The captured were shot by Rosanov's men.

"Deserting cadets were fired upon, my men were hit, the firing became general; that is how the fighting in the railway station started," General Gaida said.

He painted a vivid picture of his men, caught between two fires, obeying the orders not to return the fire after reports had come that the Allies, with the Japanese in front, had formed a cordon about the station.

Yet all night his men were killed and wounded, hit by Rosanov machine gunners raining bullets which raked the station or by shells arching from the Kolchak warships. The slaughter was terrible; it was a night of terror, and when finally Gaida's forces were hopelessly beaten—those who still lived were summarily shot.

IS OFFERED COMMAND

Gaida lived in a train on a siding in the railway yard He had been there since last July quietly sympathising with the social revolutionaries who were plotting to overthrow Kolchak and establish a democratic Government. Gaida had been offered the military command when Kolchak fell. He had promised to accept it.

There was no secret about his sympathy with the anti-Kolchak movement and he had even told Rosanov that he was an advocate of the Liberal movement. He had held conferences with the men who started the agitation—Ivan Alexanderovitch Takusheff, President of the Siberian Duma that was in existence even before Kolchak was given the title of Supreme Ruler, and Colonel Arkadi Antovich Krakovetcki, vice minister of the Constitutional Assembly formed last year. A new government was planned. Gaida saw in the movement the salvation of Russia, he says, for "Kolchak's rule is one of terror."

The former commander of the Northern Siberian army was liv-

Y.M.C.A. COUPLE, LONG IN RUSSIA, REACH SHANGHAI

Mr. And Mrs. Ralph Hollinger, Americans, Lived Through Four Revolutions

EXPECT TO RETURN SOON

Mrs. Hollinger Has Record For Service Stripes Among Expeditionary Force

After living through four different revolutions in Russia, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hollinger, youthful Americans and pioneer Y.M.C.A. workers in Russia, have arrived in Shanghai and will be the guests here of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Rugh for several days. Mrs. Hollinger wears, it is said, more service stripes than any other American with the A.E.F. in Russia. They are on their way home now to Cleveland, Ohio, but expect to return to Russia as soon as the International Y.M.C.A. Board will permit.

It was in June, 1914, six weeks before the great war in Europe broke out, that the two set foot in Moscow to open the first Y.M.C.A. ever established there. Hardly had they got settled and started studying the language when the troops were mobilised. Mr. Hollinger sought to find out some of the reasons for that move and declares even now that he believes it was aimed to stop the revolutionary movement, which at that time was becoming alarming in Russia. Germany simply took advantage of the mobilisation, he says.

STUCK TO POSTS

Through the war, he and his wife stuck to their post. The head of the Y.M.C.A. work in Petrograd was called home and Mr. Hollinger became the chief in Russia. Mrs. Hollinger was with him through the first revolution, that of March, 1917. They saw the unsuccessful attempt of the Bolshevists in July of that year and the second one in November when Lenin and Trotsky succeeded. They term that Revolution No. 2. Petrograd had got too far under German domination and America was now in the war, so with other Americans in Russia they went inland. It was while living under the Bolshevist regime at Samara that the third outbreak took place. The anarchists, still more extreme than the Bolshevists, attempted to take command of the city. The revolt was put down by the Lenin forces with ruthless severity.

Their experiences with a fourth revolution was that of three weeks ago in Vladivostok. But between the third and fourth the young couple had become separated and the husband had encircled the globe in order to rejoin the wife at Vladivostok. When more trouble had appeared imminent in Samara he insisted upon her taking the train eastward.

FIRST SERVICE STRIKE

Not long after, the way in that direction was blocked and he turned in the direction of Archangel. From there he sailed to America and in the fall of 1918 arrived in Siberia, but Mrs. Hollinger had by that time already won the first service stripe for work with the American soldiers. In April of that year she had plunged into the task, when none but the sailors

(Continued on Page 3)

ing in his train with but 60 men—all Russians—as a bodyguard. There were five Czech officers including Colonel Ch. Husarek, his chief of staff, who is stopping at the Palace Hotel with General Gaida.

TO ATTACK GAIDA

He was still sympathising with the social revolutionaries on November 14, a Friday when 2,500 men from the Rosanov garrison paraded in the rain in honor of General Denikin. Every one of the 2,500 was armed with 150 rounds of small ammunition and two hand grenades and they were expected to attack General Gaida's train after the parade. Such was the news brought to him, Gaida said.

From all parts of the Rosanov garrison came delegates to the Gaida train. They told him of the orders and offered their support.

On Saturday morning a battalion of artillery, 100 strong, deserters from Rosanov, came to the Gaida train. "We were ordered to disarm you yesterday, we want to protect you," they said.

Late Saturday night 160 men attached to the Rosanov marine infantry came to the station, joined Gaida's forces and were quartered in a train on the track parallel to the one occupied by the Gaida train.

With the exception of the five Czech officers, all were Russians, Russians who believed they were laying the foundation of a democratic government in Siberia, General Gaida said.

KALMIKOV TRAINS IN

Saturday afternoon two armored trains, manned by Kalmikov troops, pulled into the station, one on the track occupied by the Gaida train, the other on the track on which was the train used by Gaida's men, now 325 strong. Neither of the Gaida trains could pull out.

That same Saturday afternoon the Liberal Committee, which was to be the nucleus of the new government, issued a proclamation. More desertions from Rosanov followed.

Gaida yesterday recited the instance of 40 men, with their officers, members of Rosanov's body guard, coming to his train. The officers refused to stay but the men remained. "All will desert except the Russian Island Junkers," Gaida was told.

The Russian Island Junkers are the cadets at the school moulded on West Point lines. They are the future officers of the Russian Army, men of leading Russian families who have been sent there to receive training as officers.

"Documents were handed to the Allies on Nov. 16," General Gaida asserted, "that proved the existence of 'five-members' groups at the Russian Island School; these groups had taken a pledge to kill me."

Yet men from this school augmented Gaida's band until there were 500 men under his command by Sunday noon, he said.

FIGHTING STARTS

Two companies of these cadets were patrolling the station. Men started to desert to Gaida. These men were fired upon. They returned the fire. Gaida's men were hit. Then the fire became general.

Gaida's train was bombarded. Kolchak warships nearly three miles away shortly afterward turned their batteries on the station yard. Fire came from the hills and from the cadets in the station. Machine guns spattered bullets through the station yard, shells dropped near the train. The toll was heavy.

And after it was all over, Gaida's men were told that the guns on the warships were manned by officers as the men refused duty, Gaida told THE CHINA PRESS.

But Gaida's men took the station after a terrible slaughter. Then Japanese troops appeared on the scene with bayonets fixed. They refused to allow his men to pass out of the station yard. Two battalions of Japanese had surrounded the station and Gaida claims that Rosanov troops were allowed to proceed at will. Other Allied troops were drawn up in cordon behind the Japanese.

"As soon as we saw the Allies, the order was given by the colonel in command to cease firing," General Gaida continued. "I believed that they had come to stop the fighting and demand the rigid investigation I had asked through the commander-in-chief of the Czech forces, General Cecek.

HELPLESS DURING NIGHT

"We were helpless during the night; we were confined to the railway station under fire from Rosanov troops and Kolchak warships for the Allies, with the Japanese in front, had maintained the cordon about the station. Searchlights made the railway yard bright as day.

"From two o'clock until five on Sunday morning the fire from the warships was continuous; we lost over 100 men killed; nearly 100 were wounded."

General Gaida would not tell of his own movements. Colonel Husarek, the chief of staff, was captured shortly after daybreak as he had started upstairs to confer with his general. Colonel Husarek was taken by Rosanov men. They had entered the station while the Allies were on guard without and the Gaida men were helpless within. Pistols were aimed at his breast as he was challenging a group.

General Gaida was not taken until nine o'clock for he had fought his way out of the station. When he was captured doctors found him with a wounded leg and a sprained ankle. He had been overpowered and taken after a fight.

Colonel Husarek had a narrow escape from execution. Without trial, he, with the others who were captured, were to be taken out and shot. He was actually on his way to his death when a Czech officer recognised him and demanded his release. Three hundred others met death at the hands of a firing squad.

GAIDA STILL CZECH

But Gaida was not condemned to death. He was not even tried. Gaida, for three years an officer in the Russian army, executing the commands of the Russian military directors, was not condemned to death.

There are two reasons. It is learned that a meeting of the Allies, held when it was seen that Gaida's forces—hopelessly outnumbered and helplessly trapped—must surrender, decided that Gaida, despite his Russian uniform, must retain his Czech citizenship. Gaida was an Ally, it was decided; he was ordained by Stephanik to command the army of Northern Siberia and he should not die by Kolchak's order.

General Gaida would not comment on the failure to impose the death penalty.

But there are 40,000 Czecho-Slovak soldiers in Siberia and Gaida is their idol.

Neither General Gaida nor members of his staff would discuss the Allies in Russia. General Gaida paid a lofty tribute to the "work of mercy being done by the American Red Cross."

Others who came on the Penza from Vladivostok openly charged that Japanese troops are hand in glove with Koichak and Rosanov and are absolutely opposed to Gaida, Takusheff, Krakovetcki or any other social revolutionary leaders who demand representative government in Russia.

General Gaida will remain in Shanghai at least three weeks in order that he may fully recuperate before resuming his journey to Prague, the capital of Czecho-Slovakia, newest of the world's republics.

The commander of the Czecho-Slovak forces in Siberia promised that Gaida would not return to Siberia. Gaida reiterated the promise before he sailed for Shanghai.

"I will not go back; some one else will take the stand that I have maintained; Russia will be saved from Bolshevism by a representative and democratic government," he told THE CHINA PRESS.

Gaida In Interview Traces History Of Events In Siberia

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Shanghai, Dec. 3.—General Gaida in an interview with Reuter's correspondent explained the genesis and development of the Revolutionary Democratic movement in Siberia which culminated in the recent tragic events at Vladivostok.

The movement had its origin in the disorganisation and loss of morale in the Siberian army, when in the early summer of this year it was forced to retreat before the advancing Bolshevik hordes. Its aims were the establishment of a new government on genuinely democratic lines, and its cause was espoused by the socialist parties, the Intelligentsia, and the younger Russian officers of advanced ideas. The original program was for a reformed administration under Admiral Kolchak. But the latter with his reactionary entourage did everything in his power to suppress the movement. Hence from being solely democratic, without personal bias, the movement became frankly anti-Kolchak.

The Revolutionary Democrats desired the convocation of the National Assembly which should decide whether Admiral Kolchak should remain in power or not. They further demanded that General Gaida should be appointed to the supreme command of the Siberian armies. Admiral Kolchak retaliated by setting on foot a strong anti-Gaida propaganda.

TOOK NO ACTIVE PART

In July last General Gaida came to Vladivostok. He sympathised with the Revolutionary Democratic movement, but held aloof, maintaining a role of strict neutrality. He gave it to be understood, however, that he would agree to accept the supreme command if the National Assembly designated him. During the months which followed, August, September and October, General Gaida lived quietly in his train with his staff and the four Czecho-Slovak soldiers attached to him in his capacity as ex-Commander of the Northern Siberian army, on furlough.

With the debacle of the Kolchak armies at the end of October and onwards the steadily increasing dissatisfaction with the Omsk regime among the democratic elements took a more active shape and the Revolutionary Democrats in Vladivostok made concrete plans for the establishment of a new government.

During the first half of November the authorities representing the Kolchak government at Vladivostok began what General Gaida described as a "campaign of provocation" against himself. His reply was to order those under him to maintain strict neutrality and to refrain from any counter-movement.

On November 15, there was a parade of Siberian government troops in Vladivostok in general Denikin's honor. The men were served out with 150 rounds of ammunition each, besides hand grenades, and they were told, General Gaida said, that after the parade they could attack the revolutionaries and disarm General Gaida's train. The movement against General Gaida had, in fact, already been organised.

Next day a number of the Revolutionary Democratic leaders visited General Gaida's train, near which, on the railway tracks, and flanked by trucks and wagons, they proceeded to elect a committee which should form the nucleus of a provisional democratic government. The members of the committee included M. Yakusheff ex-President of the Siberian Duma, M. Morawsky, Colonel Krakovetsky, ex-Minister of War in the Far Eastern Siberian Government and seven or eight ex-members of the Russian Duma. There were no Bolsheviki among them, the parties represented being the Social-Revolutionaries, Left Constitutional Democrats and Intelligentsia.

POLICY OUTLINED

The Committee's program included (1) a change of regime (2) suppression of the Cossack bands under Atamans Semenoff, Kalmikoff, and Krasilnikoff (3) the convocation of Parliament. General Gaida would accept no position in the provisional government, but he was designated as future Commander-in-Chief of the Siberian armies.

During the day a number of General Rosanoff's soldiers came over to General Gaida's train and attached themselves to him. These included a battalion of artillery with its officers and a battalion of marines, all of whom had served under General Gaida against the Bolsheviki when he was in command of the Northern Siberian Army. General Gaida declares that their arrival was quite unexpected by him.

General Gaida's train stood between Ataman Kalmikoff's two trains and the railway station. Hard by, the railway track is traversed by a foot bridge. Suddenly, without any warning a shot was fired from the bridge where a number of Junkers, or officer cadets were posted. Fire was almost simultaneously opened from the station building where were General Rosanoff's troops and General Gaida's train was caught between two fires. There was nothing to do but to take the defensive, and the battle began. General Gaida emphasises that contrary to the published reports no single act of robbery, murder or rapine was committed by the social-revolutionaries during the trouble. By his orders the two or three hundred prisoners taken by his men during the operations were set at liberty, with their officers.

SENDS OUT APPEALS

Twice or three times while the fighting was in progress, General Gaida sent a message to General Cecek, the Czecho-Slovak Commander, to request the Allied Military authorities to intervene, bring the hostilities to a close, and open a searching enquiry into the responsibility for the outbreak. The Allies, however, took no such steps, for what reason General Gaida said he was not able to explain. At one moment he received the instruction from General Cecek to stop fighting. He did so, only to be subjected to a still more deadly rain of bullets from the Russian forces and after losing ground by this action he was compelled to resume the defense in self-preservation.

Finally, demoralised and utterly outnumbered, his men were compelled to surrender, whereupon many of them were shot on the spot. General Gaida estimates that fully five hundred revolutionaries were killed in the fighting and after. His total force was somewhere between one and two thousand, while the Government troops were four times that number. As regards the Allies, the Japanese have four battalions in Vladivostok and thanks to this military preponderance they dominate the Allied councils.

General Gaida complaining that in spite of the Allies' decision to remain neutral, the Japanese troops who formed a cordon round three sides of his position allowed the Government troops freely to pass through the barrier, but held up any movement of the revolutionary troops who tried to extend their positions.

In conclusion, General Gaida said he was glad to be out of Siberia. The only policy now was to leave Russia to fight out her own battles, a policy which, he remarked, might with profit be followed by all the Allies without exception. His one preoccupation now is to endeavor to secure the promptest possible repatriation of the Czecho-Slovak troops still in Siberia. His own plans are not yet fixed, but after a stay of indefinite duration in Shanghai he hopes to return to Europe via America.

The chapter of his work for Russia, he says, is closed.

Y.W.C.A. STARTS DRIVE FOR FUNDS

Associations Needs $13,000 To Finance Its Work In Coming Year

The question as to whether or not the women of China are making any progress in their desire for advancement, was answered in part Wednesday noon at the luncheon given by the National Committee and the local association of the Young Women's Christian Association.

As one speaker brought out, the campaign for finances at this time is to enable the enlargement of the work of this organisation which is meeting the needs of various classes of Chinese women. It affords them a chance, first, to develop themselves; second, to serve the community. During the next two weeks a campaign for $13,000 will be conducted to help finance the work for the coming year. It is significant to note that the work of the local association is largely supported by the Chinese.

The luncheon which marked the formal opening of the campaign was attended by eighty-five foreign and Chinese friends of the Young Women's Christian Association. Miss Coppock, the Executive Secretary of the National Committee, presided. Between the courses of the luncheon the following program was given.

English address of welcome; Miss Grace L. Coppock.

Chinese address of welcome; Mrs. W. P. Chen, Acting President of the Shanghai Young Women's Christian Association.

Song by a group of Returned Students.

"The Development of the Work of the Y.W.C.A.," given in Chinese; Miss T. B. Wei.

"The Development of the Work of the Y.W.C.A.," given in English; Miss Grace Yang.

Demonstration of the work of Normal School of Physical Education, including the following numbers:

1.—Drill.
2.—Butterfly Dance.
3.—Chinese Boxing.
4.—Games.

Among those present at the luncheon were: U. S. Consul-General and Mrs. E. S. Cunningham, Mrs. Herbert Phillips, Major and Mrs. C. P. Holcombe, Mrs. J. H. Dollar, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Marsh, Mrs. F. Ayscough, Mrs. A. G. Stephen, Mrs. Stabb, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Parsons, Mrs. A. H. Hilton Johnson, Mrs. H. P. Wilkinson, Mr and Mrs. N. E. Lurton, Mrs. J. B Sawyer, Mrs. Armistead; and Mrs Calder-Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Canning, Mr. H. M. Middleton, Mr. H. K. Murphy, Mrs. H. C. Mei, Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Chen, Madam Nieh, Mrs. Nieh, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Lin, Mrs. T. H. Lee, Mr. K. S. Waung and Mr. C. K. Liao.

WOMAN FINED AS OPIUM SMUGGLER

Magistrate Warns Mrs. Hadley Second Charge Will Mean Prison

Mrs. T. Hadley, wife of the clerk of L. Moore and Co., Ltd., who committed suicide a few months ago, was sentenced to a fine of $200 yesterday in the British Police Court before Magistrate W. King. She was convicted of importing 48 pounds of opium into China on the Russian steamer Penza, having concealed the drug on her person.

Inspector T. Mellow of the River Police prosecuted and Mr. Reader Harris watched the case on behalf of the International Opium Association.

Mrs. Hadley admitted having opium but said she was searched twice. The first time, she said, she was let off and searched again. She did not anticipate any trouble, because when she left Vladivostok she was told that she need only show the searchers one copper and it would be all right.

The magistrate in handing down the sentence addressed Mrs. Hadley as follows:

"Let me tell you this. I have treated you thus because I believe you are possibly under the influence of others; but that will be no excuse if you appear before the court a second time. A second appearance will mean three months' hard labor without the option of a fine. I hate to be hard on women, but I have got to do my duty."

Municipal Elections Take Place In Franec

Republican Union Candidates And Socialists For Most Part Victors

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 1, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Municipal elections were held throughout France yesterday. In Paris 55 municipal counsellors were elected, while in 25 constituencies a ballot has to be taken. Of the 55 elected, 40 are ex-counsellors and 15 are new men.

(Reuter's Wireless Service)

Paris, December 1, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—The result of the French Municipal elections yesterday confirmed those of the legislative elections. In the majority of towns all over France the "Republican Union" candidates carried the day with the Socialists.

This fresh success of the moderate parties is evidence of the country's determination to carry out the work of reconstruction in a spirit of order and freedom.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the Municipal Staff are reported in the Municipal Gazette today:

Police Force.—Long leave is granted to Sergeant D. J. Webb from November 25.

The following are promoted to be sergeants with seniority from the dates specified:

W. M. Calder, April 1, 1916.
R. Conduit, February 1, 1917.
N. J. Bournes, April 1, 1917.
H. Young, February 1, 1917.

The following are appointed constables from November 22:

R. C. Andrew, A. E. Balchin, J. Barry, H. A. Brown, F. J. Carnell, E. Chambers, W. R. Chisholm, A. Cooper, G. H. Craik, A. L. Crompton, J. Crowley, C. F. Danford, J. Douglas, L. Eaton, C. L. Fenton, H. J. Foxworthy, N. Harrison, M. Healy, H. T. Hulbert, H. C. Jackson, J. U. J. Langridge, W. M. Lindsay, E. J. Ling, C. J. S. Macdonald, G. McRobbie, T. O'Donovan, F. W. Perkins, O. B. Perkins, W. H. Pike, H. Robertson, V. Sharman, S. E. Spudgeon, W. Slater, R. Taylor, C. E. Thurgood, R. W. Ward, A. Watson, A. E. Worwood, S. Wyles.

Sergeant J. Hunter, transferred for duty at the Mixed Court from November 17, is transferred to the Detective Branch on probation from November 25.

Sergeant E. Ring is transferred for duty at the Mixed Court from November 25.

The institution of the rank of assistant warder is authorised from May 1.

Public Works department.—Long leave is granted to Mr. W. J. Bidgood, clerk-of-works, from March 8, 1920.

Captain G. H. Rendall, clerical assistant, returned from war service, resumed duty on November 8.

Electricity department.—Meter tester F. H. Lawrence, who proceeded on war service, is invalided from March 18, 1919.

Mr. C. A. Peake, clerical assistant, returned from war service, resumed duty on October 21.

Mr. J. G. Wallace, temporary assistant in the Riverside Power Station, was permitted to terminate his service on October 31.

Educational department.—Mrs. F. Alan Robinson, assistant mistress in the Public School for Girls, is permitted to terminate her service on December 31.

Miss M. Ireland, temporary assistant matron in the Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, is permitted to terminate her service on December 31.

Finance department.—Captain T. H. Hutchison, Croix de Guerre, assistant in the finance department, returned from war service, resumed duty on November 12.

Revenue office.—Mr. V. H. W. Watton, junior clerk, returned from war service, resumed duty on November 13. He is appointed clerical assistant under agreement from June 22, 1918.

Long leave is granted to Mr. J. A. J. Johansson, licensing inspector, from March 1, 1920.

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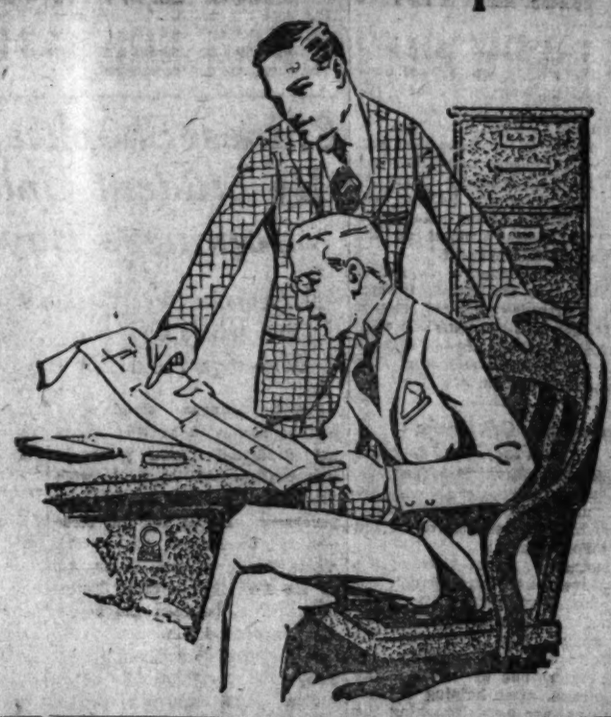

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Britain's Coal Policies Defended By Minister

Proposal To Appoint Committee To Conduct New Inquiry Defeated In Parliament

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 28.—Opening the Coal debate in the House of Commons today Mr. Brace moved for the appointment of a select committee to enquire into coal control and the position of the coal industry with regard to selling prices, profits, cost of production and output. He complained that the Government had refused to co-operate with the miners who were driven to despair at the blunders of the Coal Department. The industry was getting into a state of chaos. This was attributed the shortage of output due to lack of development by the owners and lack of transport.

The miners' solution was nationalisation, but the miners were prepared to co-operate in any system to secure larger production.

PROPOSAL OPPOSED

Replying Sir Auckland Geddes, President of the Board of Trade, said that the suggested committee was not desirable because it would not be an expert one. The Government had nothing to conceal but it objected to the committee because it wanted to get on with the job. He defended the accuracy of the estimates upon which the price of coal had been increased and said that between the middle of July and the end of October 9,300,000 tons were exported. This increase could not have been foreseen; it was due to the unexpected increased output at the export coalfields. Moreover export prices had increased enormously. This was due to an unforeseeable world shortage and the fact that clamoring nations had been ready to pay any price.

Moreover large surpluses became available for export on account of the shrinkage of coastwise shipping. Hence the controlling factors of this situation were mainly outside this country. In October the industry showed a deficit of £9,000,000. The small proportion of coal which was being exported was making tremendous profits while the large proportion being used inland was making a loss. It was anticipated that the above deficit would be paid off in December and that there would be a profit of £17,000,000 by the end of the financial year. This estimated surplus would be used to reduce domestic prices.

DEFENDS POLICY

Sir Auckland Geddes defended this policy on the ground that the money could not be devoted to a better object than to reducing the cost of living, because a further rise must lead to new demands for higher wages so perpetuating the vicious circle of increasing cost and rising wages, which if continued would strangle the industry of the country. The Government had requested impartial accountants to examine the Government's July coal estimates and report upon the data upon which the domestic reduction was based. The investigation would be published. If the House were then dissatisfied, the Government were ready to consider the question of a further examination.

Referring to the resignation yesterday of the miners' representatives on the Advisory Committee on the ground of not having been consulted, Sir Auckland Geddes said it had not been thought desirable to consult them recently, but if they were prepared to co-operate in the spirit in which Mr. Brace had just spoken the Government would welcome their assistance.

Mr. Brace's motion was defeated by 254 votes to 59.

TO HOLD CONFERENCE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 2, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Loucheur, Minister of Industrial Reconstruction left Paris yesterday for London where he will discuss with the British Government various questions connected with France's coal supply. M. Loucheur will probably stay in London till the end of the week.

Hero Of Syracuse's Win Over Pitt

"Bill" Erwig. INTERNATIONAL

"Bill" Erwig, star fullback of Syracuse University football eleven, who was the hero of the victory of Syracuse over the crack Pittsburgh eleven in one of the hardest fought gridiron battles ever staged at the Syracuse bowl. It was the first defeat suffered by Glen Warner's great eleven in four years. Pitt put up a hard fight that had with it all of the strategy at the command of the wizard Coach Warner, but Syracuse, aided by the furious driving of Erwig, piled up a score of 24 points to Pittsburgh's 3.

Japanese Matches Are Destroyed By Sutsien Students

(China Press Correspondence)

Sutsien, N. Kiangsu, November 27.—The students of Sutsien are still carrying out their part in the Japanese boycott movement. Some time ago they burned a large consignment of matches, about $400 worth. Afterwards the magistrate ordered the government schools which had taken part in the burning to pay $200 apiece as a penalty, and he wrote a letter to the Mission Middle School asking them to pay a similar amount, purporting to be for the purpose of paying the parties who had sustained damages through the loss of the matches.

APPEAL TO CONSUL

It is reported that those who had the matches claimed that the goods were still Japanese property when they were burned and so they made representations to the Japanese Consulate in Nanking and the Consulate took it up, bringing pressure to bear on the foreign office in Nanking. The result came later when the magistrate made his demands. The students were incensed by this turn and threatened to make the magistrate's name and his deed known all through China. After this, the students were still more incensed by hearing that the magistrate had taken soldiers, and, under guard, caused the supply of Japanese matches still on hand to be divided among the stores, and had given the stores the assurance that he would protect them in the sale of these goods. Things got rather warm here over that subject. It is reported now that another consignment of Japanese matches which was on boats several li from here, was sent under the magistrate's protection to Suining, a city about seventy li from here, for sale there. The students are not through with this case yet, but they are in the midst of what might be called boycotting-under-difficulties.

NEW EGG FACTORIES

Some of the Sutsien business men are putting up two new egg factories now. When they are finished, the city will be able to boast four large egg factories. One of these factories ordinarily uses two hundred thousand eggs per day. The people of the country are beginning to complain that the price of eggs is two or three times as big as it was before the egg factories began operating.

The Chamber of Commerce here has taken up the question of building a good macadam road between here and Suchoufu. Their idea is to build a good road and then use a number of motor trucks to carry freight to the rail road connection at Suchoufu. The canal is drier now than it has been for many years at this season of the year, and there is no good way to transport goods from here or to here. The Grand Canal is almost dry now all the way from Shantung to a good long way south of Tsingkiangpu. Only the smallest boats can make it on the canal now. There were several places which are ordinarily navigable for the largest freight boats that run on the canal, that now are less than brooks; at some places you can step across the canal without much effort, and for long stretches the water is only a few inches deep. This condition at this season of the year is exceedingly trying. The city is facing a coal famine now. This situation has aroused some of the men of means in the place and they want to provide a good road that can be used all the year round and in all sorts of weather.

OFFICIALS ACTION ON JAPAN ASKED

The Union of Associated Bodies yesterday issued an appeal to military officials throughout the country, including tuchuns, commanders, and men of the Chinese Army and Navy, for retaliation against Japanese aggression in this country. In the appeal, the officials are asked what action they propose to take, saying the nation is facing destruction at the hands of the Japanese.

Mikado Suggested To Head League Court By Jap Paper

Washington, Oct. 31.—Unexpected incidents on the floor of the United States senate are adding to the gayety of the League of Nations debate. While Senator France of Maryland was making an argument against the League of Nations, Senator Sherman of Illinois offered a translation of an editorial from a Japanese newspaper suggesting that the only real solution of the League of Nations problem was to put the imperial family of Japan at the head of the league.

The editorial, which has caused much comment, is as follows:

"The imperial family of Japan is as worthy of respect as God, and is the embodiment of benevolence and justice. It is the parent not only of her 60,000,000, but of all mankind on earth. The League of Nations, proposed to save mankind from the horrors of war, can only attain its real object by placing the imperial family of Japan at its head, for to attain its object the league must have a strong punitive force and a supernational and superracial character; and this force can only be found in the imperial family of Japan."

At The Apollo

Criminals of unusual wit and cunning are portrayed in a thrilling series of episodes to be presented at the Apollo Theater December 8, 9 and 10. Two episodes in the great film drama are to be used as an opening bill. They will be entitled "On the Track." The general title of the film will be "The Vampires."

Couple From Russia Y.M.C.A. Pioneers

(Continued from Page 1)

from the cruiser Brooklyn, were there to be looked after. Since then she has presided day after day at the coffee and doughnut counter in the big International "Hut" in Vladivostok waiting on larger and larger throngs of hungry soldiers of many nationalities.

Mr. Hollinger had scarce stepped from the steamer at Vladivostok when he was drafted by Mr. C. S. Phelps and made his first assistant in Y.M.C.A. work among soldiers in Siberia. He remained as long as the need was urgent but with the withdrawal of all Y.M.C.A. men from Kolchak regiments last spring and the departure of various Allied troops for home he felt he was able to get away.

Efforts are being made to get one or the other of the young people to address the American Sunday Song Service next Sunday.

Boycott Pledge Being Circulated

(Continued from Page 1)

what is humiliating to China and to the whole world."

PROTECTION ASKED

A telephone message was received yesterday by the Bureau of Foreign Affairs from the Japanese Mixed Court Assessor, Mr. Hayashide, asking for protection of the Ta Yuen Importers Store in the Chinese territory. The assessor said that a certain quantity of goods belonging to a Japanese firm in the Settlement was being kept in the store and a number of students attempted Tuesday to raid the place.

The message was conveyed by the Foreign Bureau to the Chief of the Nantao and the Woosung Police, Mr. Hsu Kuo-liang.

REGULATE FIREARMS

The Municipal Gazette in today's issue calls attention to the amendment to Condition No. 2 of the License conditions, which goes into effect December 8. This provides that a licencee of ammunition, firearms or explosives must keep a register in which shall be entered an accurate description, giving the manufacturers name, the number and other mark of identification of every firearm imported, received or loaned, the date of the transaction and the name and address of the purchaser.

MARINE CHANGES OF WEEK

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—Second officer of the Kwangtah, Mr. E. Gundensen, to acting chief officer; Mr. E. J. Everingham appointed second officer of the Kwangtah; Mr. N. Tchernik appointed third officer of the Toonan; Mr. G. Bogomolcski appointed third officer of the Kwangtah; Mr. S. I. Gagul appointed fourth officer of the Hsinming; from home leave, Mr. A. Hodge, to chief officer of the Kungping; from home leave, Mr. Wm. Fatheroill, to second officer of the Feiching; from short leave, Mr. L. V. Da Souza, to third officer of the Hsinfung; second engineer of the Hsinchang, Mr. J. Adam, dead.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—Second officer of the Kutwo: Mr. J. Petrie, to acting chief officer of the Wingsang; chief officer of the Wingsang, Mr. T. S. King, to acting master; master of the Wingsang, Mr. E. Tapsell, placed on reserve; from reserve, Mr. J. Gray, to supernumerary chief officer of the Kutwo; Mr. J. S. Macdonald appointed third engineer of the Suiwo; third engineer of the Suiwo, Mr. M. J. Rowe, on sick leave; Mr. T. C. Malcolm appointed third engineer of the Luenho; third engineer of the Luenho, Mr. H. L. Paquette, signed off.

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Smiles from the Mixed Court

Shanghai exchange proved the undoing of Sian Ming-foo.

Sian had a good job handling silver dollars for the compradore at the Philippines National Bank, on the Bund. But, being an optimist, he couldn't resist the temptation to gamble on gold, then—and still, unfortunately for Siang—on a falling market.

The expected rise did not come. And $6,800 dollars due the compradore's accounts were missing.

A guarantor, who'd signed Sian's chit, got knowledge of the gamble. And informed.

Sian was jailed; he's there today for six months' term, on a sentence from the Mixed Court.

* * *

Nothing to do
And wish to smoke
Led Kang Lih-jien
Before the
Bar.

I stole them,
Yes,
He told the court,
From a ricsha
To get a puff
And gobs of
Food.

Six months in jail
The poor bird
Got.

But happy he,
He'd tried the smokes,
They come in tins
And put to shame
Old Bull.

* * *

They had a system.

Now they're in jail—the system didn't work.

There were three in the gang, and they had it all doped out that before anyone got hep to their game they'd have enough material on hand to start a store.

But someone snitched and now they're serving from one to three months in jail.

Here's the way it was worked: The three plotters would drape themselves over the counter of a busy store, demand a look at piece goods and have a hot argument about the quality of the material.

A bored clerk would turn his back.

Then suddenly a member of the gang would leave.

And with him would go one of the bolts of silk.

* * *

When Wong Ah-chong
Appeared in Court
To answer for his
Cruelty,

Detectives and
Policemen saw
They entertained
A stranger.

'Tis not the man
I saw with twelve
Poor pigeons
Tied
Together.

Thus testified
An officer
And Wong
Went free of
Punishment.

He blandly smiled,
The court asked why,
He'd simply come,
Was his excuse,
To save
A friend.

* * *

Ysen Ah-hwei is a carpenter. But the carpenter business is not very brisk just now and besides it is hard work. Having overlooked breakfast, tiffin, tea and dinner for three or four days Ysen decided it might be desirable that he eat.

But that was easier said than done. He scoured the waterfront without much luck but thought that Fortune had smiled when a man on a Yangtsze Road dock handed him half a dollar's worth of cotton.

But, doggone, everything always did go wrong for the poor carpenters since they began buying limousines and other playthings from a day's pay in the States, and a copper grabbed him.

Three days.

Help For The Armenians

"Britain," says a report, "has asked the United States to send an army of two hundred thousand men to Armenia to protect the Christian inhabitants." While unable to comply with the request President Wilson, we learn, has intimated that any Armenians who succeed in escaping will receive a sympathetic hearing from the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.—*London Punch.*

News Brevities

Messrs. V. Postempsky and Company announce the opening of a workshop for manufacture of men's and children's costumes. The firm has secured the services of Mr. Lorand for the drawing of new models and Mr. J. M. Jaskevich, formerly of the firms of Faskessell and Mindmann and of Shangs and Co.

* * *

The Carlton Cafe will hold a novelty prize dance this evening. Special dinner will be served and diners will have the privilege of tables in the ball room. Rolls of serpentine paper will be presented to guests. Non-diners will be admitted at $1 each.

* * *

The China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company steamer Kianghsin, which arrived here from Hankow yesterday had on aboard 500 refugees and a large quantity of baggage off the Kiangfoo and a Japanese steamer, which were found aground in Pitman King Xing above Tunchow. The Kianghsin sighted the ships in their helpless plight at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. It immediately stopped, stood by and took off all the passengers and their belongings.

* * *

Three Russians named A. F. Alexieff, Beinfeld and Stepanova were charged with opium smuggling yesterday in the Russian Consular Court. The case was remanded. Inspector T. Mellows prosecuted.

* * *

There will be an "at home" at the Navy Y. M. C. A. on Saturday night at 8:30. The hostesses of the occasion, Mesdames R. J. Clarke and N. E. Lurton, have arranged an interesting program. All are cordially invited to attend.

* * *

The China Mail Steamship Company liner China sailed from Yokohama on Sunday afternoon, November 30, for Honolulu and San Francisco.

* * *

Madam Emma Mirovitch-Groos, mezzo soprano, and her brother, Alfred Mirovitch, will appear in concert at the Lyceum theater tonight. Reviewing their recent concert in Yokohama on November 11, the Japan Gazette says: "Madam Groos has a mezzo-soprano voice of considerable range, in low tones deep, the middle register production assured and sweet and the high notes surprising in their clearness and truth. The stage presence of this gifted girl is assured and pleasing and no artist need desire a more flattering reception than was accorded her."

PORTUGESEWATCH THEIR NEW RULER

Opinion Divided As To Whether d'Almeida Will Wreck Or Save Nation

(*United Press Correspondence*)

Lisbon, October 15.—Political experts here are divided as to whether Dr. Antonio Jose d'Almeida, who recently became sixth president of Portugal, will manage to wreck the republic or prove its savior.

His opponents—and President d'Almeida either has staunch, enthusiastic admirers, or violent antagonists—are banking on his impulsive nature, extravagant generosity and political passion to prove his undoing. His admirers rely upon the same qualities, to carry him through to triumph.

Undisputedly honest, a sincere republican and patriot, President d'Almeida may find the fact that he has always been a strenuous party politician his great drawback to success. He is a forceful, and at times a rather intemperate speaker, and although he has not been particularly successful in administration or party leadership, he has long had his eye on the presidency, and his achievement of the coveted goal is a testimony to his pertinacity and careful planning. Dr. d'Almeida did not make the mistake of trying to be president too early. He was content to work his way up through successive administrations.

IMPRISONED FOR ARTICLE

Born in 1866, he came to the front in Portuguese revolutionary politics at an early age. In 1880, while living at Coimbra he published in a students' paper, the Ultimatum, an article entitled "The Last Braganza" for which he was awarded three months imprisonment by the royalist powers-that-were. He took an active part in the revolutionary movement at Oporto in 1891, but in 1895 he went to St. Thome, remaining there practising medicine or eight years.

In 1904 he returned to Europe, attending the hospitals at Paris for a while before returning to Lisbon, where he threw himself into politics with characteristic vehemence. Probably no man contributed more to the establishment of a republic in Portugal than d'Almeida. By word and pen, in parliament and in the press, he literally preached the republic into popularity, and his success as a speaker in Lisbon was unrivaled, the capital returning him to parliament by tremendous majorities.

In the 1908 rebellion, he was prominent and was arrested by the agents of the dictator, Joao Franco. Sentence of expulsion from the country was passed on him, but when the revolution of October 5, 1910, triumphed, he was on hand to accept the portfolio of minister of the interior in the provisional government, in which position he promulgated the first republican educational measure, the reform of elementary education. On the formation of the political parties, Dr. d'Almeida organised the Evolutionist party of which he remained the head until the present election.

SENT FORCE TO FRANCE

He it was, who nominated and secured the election of Dr. Manuel d'Arriaga, the first constitutionally elected president of the republic, in 1911, and it was his personal action that led to the resignation of the first constitutional ministry headed by Premier Joao Chagas. After which he continued to be the leader of an insistent opposition. He was a supporter of the allies during the war, and with his former rival, Senhor Affonsa Costa, who resigned the premiership in his favor, was responsible for the despatch of the Portuguese expeditionary force to France. He was a strong supporter of General Pimenta de Castro, to whose entry into power no man contributed more decisively.

So far his talents have been displayed mostly in opposition, and he has yet to prove his ability as a constructive statesman. Unfortunately his health has suffered during recent years. President d'Almeida is married and has one daughter.

Worse

Lady—"Here, my poor fellow, is a quarter for you. It must be dreadful to be lame, but I think it must be worse to be blind."

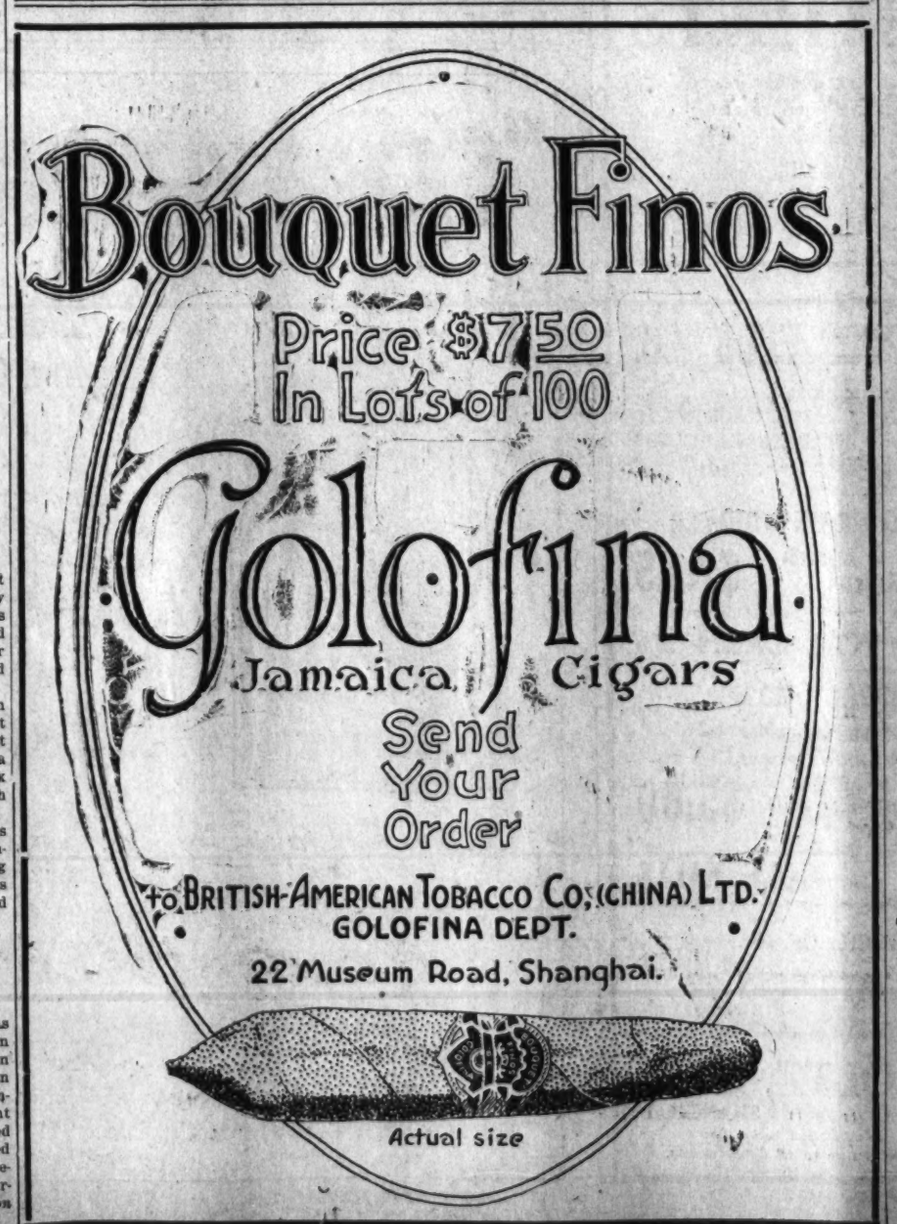
Tramp—"It is, mum. When I was blind they was always handing me counterfeit quarters."—*The American Legion Weekly.*

Here And There

"In some parts of Africa a man doesn't know his wife until after he has married her," said Mrs. Gabb, as she looked up from the newspaper she was reading.

"Huh!" replied Mr. Gabb. "Why mention Africa especially?"—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"DE LUXE ANNIE"



This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

"Who are the agents?"

This familiar query will be answered by this

LIST OF LOCAL AGENTS

Appearing in this Newspaper on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

ADDING MACHINES
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.
Adding, Bookkeeping, Calculating
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

ALUMINUM WARE
Illinois Pure Aluminum Co.
Willits & Patterson

ANESTHETICS
Procaine (Novocain)
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.

BALL BEARINGS
The Chinese SKF Co., Ltd.

BANDAGES, CREPE PAPER
Dennison's
American Trading Co.

BEER
Asahi Beer
The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

BELTING
Edward R. Ladew Co.,
American Trading Co.
Gandy Belting Co. (Baltimore)
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
John Tullis & Son, Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

BOILERS
Erie City Iron Works
American Trading Co.

BOOKS & PUBLICATIONS
D. Appleton & Co., (Miscellaneous);
Barse & Hopkins (Children's & Novelties);
Badger (Gorham Press), (Miscellaneous);
The Century Co., (Miscellaneous);
E. P. Dodd Pub. Co., (Miscellaneous);
Dodd, Mead & Co. (Miscellaneous);
G. H. Doran & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Doubleday, Page & Co. (Sets & Miscell.);
Funk & Wagnalls (New Standard Dictionary Literary Digest New 10 vol "History of the World War," Self-help English books.)
The Grolier Society (The Book of Knowledge)
Grossett & Dunlap, (Popular fiction);
Harper Bros. (Sets & Miscellaneous);
Houghton, Mifflin & Co. (Miscellaneous);
Laird & Lee, Inc., (Diaries);
Little, Brown & Co., (Miscellaneous);
J. B. Lippincott & Co., (Medical);
McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. (Engineering);
The Ronald Press, (Business)
W. B. Saunders Co., (Medical);
Chas. Scribner's & Sons, (Miscellaneous);
F. A. Stokes Co. (Miscellaneous);
Chinese American Publishing Co.,
American Library Association
American Technical Society
Comstock Publishing Co. (Scientific)
Columbia University Press
Gian & Co.
Gregg Publishing Co. (Shorthand)
D. C. Heath & Co.
The Macmillan Co.
Yale University Press
Edward Evans' Sons, Ltd.
American Book Company, New York
Denoyer-Geppert Co., Chicago (Maps)
G. & C. Merriam Co., Springfield
Macmillan & Co., London
The Macmillan Company, New York
The University of Chicago Press
The Mission Book Company

BOOKS, TECHNICAL & BUSINESS
International Library of Technology
International Correspondence Schools

BOOTS & SHOES
Brown Shoe Co.
Willits & Patterson
F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
The Monahan Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

BOTTLES, HOT WATER, METAL
Gillette Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialities Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

BUILDING MATERIALS
Wm. Morris & Co., Ltd.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUILDINGS, SECTIONAL STEEL
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

BUTTER
Meyman—Australian & Danish
Mustard & Co.

CANDLES
Price's (China) Ltd.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

CANVAS & TARPAULIN
Goodin Reid & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.

CASH REGISTERS
National Cash Register Co.
American Trading Co.

CHECK PROTECTORS
The Protectograph & Check Writer
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.

CIGARS & CIGARETTES
Golofina Cigars
British-American Tob. Co. (China) Ltd.
Kyriazi Freres, Cairo
Wallem & Co.
Melachrino: M. Melachrino & Co., Inc.
Tobacco Products Corporation
Naturals: Schinasi Bros.,
Tobacco Products Corporation

CONFECTIONERY
Life Saver Mints
Willits & Patterson

CONVEYING MACHINERY
Brown Portable Elevator Co.
American Trading Co.

CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS
International Correspondence Schools
China Agency, 11e Nanking Rd.

CUTLERY
Wm. A. Rogers, Ltd., (Silverware)
Willits & Patterson

DICTATING MACHINES
The Dictaphone Co. of America
Technical Supply Co. 11e Nanking Rd.

DISINFECTANTS
B. K. General Laboratories
American Trading Co.
Lifebuoy Royal Disinfectant Soap.
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

DISINFECTORS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

DRAPERIES, LINENS, ETC.
Catlin & Co., New York
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS
Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.
46 Canton Rd.
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.
H. K. Mulford Co.
Rector Chemical Co.
American Trading Co.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.
The Shanghai Dispensary

DUPLICATING MACHINES
American Multigraph Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.
Edison-Dick Mimeograph
Mustard & Co.
Ideal (Stencil) Machine Co.
Willits & Patterson
Ronco Duplicator & Copier
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

DYES
Ralph L. Fuller & Co., New York
China Mutual Trading Co.
Grasselli-Dayer
Soan Brothers Co.
Society of Chemical Industry in Basle
J. Meriau, 11 Av. Edouard VII.
Sunset Soap Dyes
American Trading Co.
Newport Chemical Works
John Campbell & Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
National Aniline & Chem. Co., Inc.

ELECTRICAL DEVICES.
Anylite Electric Co. (Dimmers)
China Investments & Trading Co.
Gant & Co., Ltd., (Electric Clocks)
Scott, Harding & Co.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
British Insulated & Helsby Cables, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Duncan Electrical Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Sangamo Electric Co.
Weston Electrical Instrument Co.
Ashida Engineering Co. Ltd
Belden Mfg. Co. (Wires & Cables)
Luminous Unit Co. (Brascolite)
Hart & Hegeman Mfg. Co. (Wiring Devices)
Lux Mfg. Co. (Nitrogen Lamps)
Niagara Searchlight Co. (Flashlights)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

ELECTRIC LT. & POWER PLTS.
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.
Marco Light
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Siemens Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Unelectric Corp. (Unit Electric Plants)
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

ENGINES, GAS & OIL
Nelson Bros. Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Wolverine Marine Motors
American Trading Co.
Ruston—T. E. M. A.
Scripps—T. E. M. A.
Bronx—T. E. M. A.

EXPANDED METAL
General Fireproofing Co.
Arnhold Brothers & Co., Ltd.
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

FILTERS
Slack & Brownlow, Ltd.
Mustard & Co.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
Boyd Fire Extinguisher,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Fyre—Fyter Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Pyrene Mfg. Co.
Mustard & Co.
Hollasdia—T. E. M. A.

FLOOR PRESERVATIVES
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

GLASS
Illires Turner Glass Co.
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Pilkington Bros., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

GRAMOPHONES
Cortina Languages Outfits
China Hwa Kwok Co., Ltd.
The New Edison Phonograph,
J. A. S. Alves, 1a Jinkee Rd.

HARDWARE
Russel & Irwin Mfg. Co.,
China Investment & Trading Co., Inc.
Chicago Spring Butt Co. (Spring Hinges)
United Specialities Mfg. Co. (Auto. Sash Adj.)
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

HEATING DEVICES
D. Moore & Co.,
American Trading Co.
Southard-Robertson Co. (Stoves),
Mustard & Company.
Theros Stove & Alcohol Fuel Cubes
Wm. Patterson.

INKS, PRINTING
Geo. H. Morrill Co.,
American Trading Co.

INSTRUMENTS, SCIENTIFIC
Cambridge Scientific Instrument Co.,
Arnold Bros. & Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, ACC. & SICK.
Ocean Accident Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

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Assicurazioni Generali
G. A. Bena, 44 Szechuen Rd.
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Queen Insurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Scottish Union & National Ins. Co.,
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Norwegian Atlas Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 893.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, LIFE
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MARINE
Assicurazioni Generali,
G. A. Bena, 44 Szechuen Rd.
Batavia Sea & Fire Ins. Co.,
Rayner, Heusser & Co., Tel. 893.
Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Phoenix Assurance Co.,
American Trading Co.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund
The Norwegian Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.

INSURANCE, MOTOR CAR.
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

INSURANCE, MISCELLANEOUS
Commercial Union, 4 The Bund

IRON MERCHANTS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

LEATHER SUBSTITUTE
Dupont's Fabrikoid,
Soan Brothers Co.

LIFTS
Otis Elevator Co.,
American Trading Co.
Smith, Major & Stevens, Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.

LIGATURES & SUTURES.
Davis & Geck,
American Trading Co.

LOCKS
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

MACHINE TOOLS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CEREAL MILLING
Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
Sprout Waldron & Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Edward Maurer Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, CONCRETE
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, ICE MAKING
York Mfg. Co.,
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, MINING
Ingersoll Rand Co.,
American Trading Co.

MACHINERY, PAPER MAKING
Bagley & Sewall,
E. D. Jones & Sons Co.,
American Trading Co.
Edward Maurer Co.

MACHINERY, REFRIGERATING
York Manufacturing Co.,
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, RICE
Engelhard & Heller Co.,
American Trading Co.

MACHINERY, TEXTILE
Chas. Cain's Sons & Greenwood,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Geo. Keighley, Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Asa Lees & Co., Ltd.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

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American Machine & Foundry Co.,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
United Cigarette Machine Co.,
American Trading Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, MISCELLANEOUS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MACHINERY, WOODWORKING
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

MEDICAL SUPPLIES
Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.,
46 Canton Road
Chesebrough Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
H. K. Mulford Co.,
Davis & Geck,
Gillette Mfg. Co.,
Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

MEDICINES
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J. Meriau, 11 Av. Edward VII
Dr. D. Jayne & Son
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

MICROSCOPES
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

MILK, TINNED
Bear Brand,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

MOTOR CARS
Humber, Ltd.,
Scott Harding & Co.
Ford Cars & Trucks
Hudson Super-Six
Essex
Dodge & Seymour

MOTOR CAR SUPPLIES
Klaxon Horns,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

MOTORCYCLES & ACCESSORIES
Excelsior Motorcycle Co.,
American Trading Co.

MOTOR TRUCKS
Bethlehem Trucks,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc. (Far Eastern Distributors)
Kissel—T. E. M. A.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Estey Organ Co.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT
Library Bureau,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.
Shaw-Walker Steel Files,
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
Macey & Co.,
United States Steel Furniture Co.,
Kalphone Dictating Machines,
American Trading Co.,
Art Metal Steel Furniture,
Burroughs Adding Machines,
Oliver Typewriters,
Ronco Duplicators & Copiers,
Reliable Safe & Lock Co.,
Victor Safe & Lock Co.,
Rebuilt Typewriters—All Makes,
Boston Pencil Sharpeners,
Venus Pencils,
Caribonum Ribbons & Carbons,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Remington Typewriters
Remington Ribbons & Carbon Paper,
Steel Equipment Co.,
A. B. Dick Mimeograph Co.,
Dalton Adding Machine Co.,
Chicago Mirror & Art Glass Co.
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

OPTICAL GOODS
American Optical Co.
National Optical Co., 69 Nanking Rd.
Standard Optical Co.,
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.

PAINTS, VARNISHES, ETC.
Acme White Lead & Color Works,
Willits & Patterson
Boston Varn. Co., (Kyanize)
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Chas. H. Brown Paint Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Certain-teed Products Corporation
Truscon Laboratories,
American Trading Co.
Velvatine—T. E. M. A.

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Edison-Dick Impression Paper,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Maurice O'Meara Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Typewriter & Ronco Paper,
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Road,
B. Dieden & Co., Ltd.

PENS & PENCILS
Moore's Fountain Pens,
Joseph Dixon Crucible Co.,
American Trading Co.

PERFUMERY
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

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H. K. Mulford Co.,
Davis & Geck,
Rector Chemical Co.,
American Trading Co.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
Hexe Cameras,
Burke & James
American Trading Co.

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Catlin & Co., New York.
Wm. Simpson Sons & Co., New York,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Persian Commercial Co.

PRINTING SUPPLIES
Shanghai Press, Ltd.

PROJECTION LANTERNS
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co.,
Morette, Inc.,
Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

PULLEYS
The Chinese S. K. F. Co., Ltd.

PUMPING MACHINERY
W. H. Allen Son & Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Gwynne's Ltd., London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

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Liberty Steel Products Co.,
New York.
T. Hsieh, Chinese Co-Director
4th Floor, 38 Nanking Road, Shanghai.
Kamago Iron Works,
American Trading Co.

REFRIGERATORS
White Frost Refrigerator Co.,
American Trading Co.

ROOFING MATERIALS
A. B. C. and Pagoda Roofing,
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Carey Roofing,
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Weather-Compo } Certain-teed Products Corp
Scout Roofings }
American Trading Co.

ROPE, STEEL
R.S. Newall & Son
Scott Harding & Co.

SAFES LOCKS & STR. RM. DOORS
Kaiser Safe Co., Ltd.,
Scott Harding & Co.
Safe-Cabinet Co.,
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd.
York Safe & Lock Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Reliable Safes & Locks
Victor Safes & Locks:
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.
Herring Hall Marvin Safe Co.
Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Libe—T. E. M. A.

SANITARY FITTINGS
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China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.

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SS "Shawbeing" & "Upolu"
Jenkin Transports Co.
P. & O. S. N. Co.
B. I. S. N. Co., Ltd.
Apcar Line
Eastern & Australia S. S. Co., Ltd.
Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

SKYLIGHTS
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American Trading Co.

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Lever Bros., Ltd.
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Benjamin Brooke & Co., England
Hodgson & Simpson, Ltd.
R. S. Hudson, Ltd., England
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.

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Crown Ribbon & Carbon Mfg. Co.
Whiting Paper Co. (Flax Stationery)
Chinese American Publishing Co.

STEEL PRODUCTS
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
United States Steel Products Co.

STEEL STRUCTURAL
Pacific Coast Steel Co. of San Francisco, Cal.
Shanghai Branch
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

STEEL WINDOWS & DOORS
J. G. Wilson Corporation
Truscon Steel Co.
American Trading Co.

STERILIZERS
American Sterilizer Co.
American Trading Co.

STOVES-HEATING & COOKING
Southard-Robertson Co.
Mustard & Co.
D. Moore & Co.
American Trading Co.

SURVEYING & DRAFTING INST.
Wm. Ainsworth & Sons Co.
Technical Supply Co., 11e Nanking Rd.

TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH APP.
Automatic Telephone Mfg. Co., Ltd.
Scott Harding & Co.
Federal Telephone & Telegraph Co.
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.
Relay Automatic Telephone Co., Ltd. London.
China Mutual Trading Co.
Stromberg Carlson Tel. Mfg. Co.
American Trading Co.

TILES
The Mosaic Tile Co.,
American Trading Co.

TOILET REQUISITES
Chesebrough Mfg. Co.,
Durham Duplex Razor Co.
Lanman & Kemp (Florida Water)
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.
Vinolia Co., Ltd., Paris & London
Lever Bros. (China) Ltd.
Gillette Razors & Blades
Ponds Vanishing Cream
Ponds Extract
Ponds Cold Cream
Dodge & Seymour.

TOOLS
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Large Stocks—T. E. M. A.

TRUCKS, ELEVATING
The Barrett Cravens Co. (Hand Trucks),
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

TYPEWRITERS
Corona Typewriters
Dodge & Seymour
Remington Typewriters,
Mustard & Co.
Underwood Typewriter Co.
Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 44a, Kiangse Rd
Oliver Typewriters
Rebuilt Typewriters—All Makes
Andrews & George, 1 Foochow Rd.

TYRES
Miller Tires
Dodge & Seymour
Racine Tire Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.

"VASELINE" PREPARATIONS
Chesebrough Mfg. Co.,
Mustard & Co., 22 Museum Rd.

VENTILATING EQUIPMENT
Blackman Export Co.
Arnhold Bros. & Co., Ltd.
B. F. Sturtevant Co.,
American Trading Co.

WATCHES & CLOCKS
"Westclox" "Big Ben" etc.
Mustard & Co.
Wm. L. Gilbert Clock Co.,
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Illinois Watch Co.
Ashida Engineering Co., Ltd.,
Waltham Watch Co.,
American Trading Co.

WATERPROOFING PASTE
Truscon Laboratories
American Trading Co.

WATERWORKS SUPPLIES
Jewell Export Filter Co.
American Trading Co.
Pittsburgh Water Heater Co. (Auto. Elec.)
China Invest. & Trading Co., Inc.

WEIGHING MACHINES, SCALES.
Buffalo Scale Co.
Edward Maurer Co., Inc.
Howe Scale Co.
Mustard & Co.
Knowles Scale Co.
Dodge & Seymour
Henry Pooley & Son Ltd., Birmingham
China Mutual Trading Co.
Fairbanks—T. E. M. A.

N.B. *Names of local agents and branches are shown in italics, the agencies they hold in bold type.*

KEEP YOUR NAME IN THESE COLUMNS—

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Telephone THE CHINA PRESS (Central 1432) for information.

SPORTS ◎ Latest News of Athletic World ◎ GOSSIP

Players Bracketed For First Round Of Coming Billiard Championship

BY BLUE CHALK

The draw for the Billiard Championship was announced yesterday and in the first round the players are bracketed as follows:

Grant v. Sylva
Green v. Smyth
Bush v. Langley
Barrett v. Prince
Remedios v. Teuton
Porter v. Phillip
Komaroff v. Stormes
Fashing v. Gibson

The coming Championship should prove very attractive to the billiard fans as there are no less than six new aspirants for Championship honors, and the re-entry of Porter, a former Champion, makes the competition very interesting.

The following notes on the entries will no doubt be read with interest.

Grant.—'Jock' Grant, the No. 1 player of the Marine Engineers Institute, is well known to local billiard players. He has a very neat and easy style, knows the game thoroughly and when set he can string his breaks with the best of them. His Scotch temperament enables him to play a splendid uphill game and win or lose Grant will give the spectators a rare treat. He should account for his opponent in the first round, as he is undoubtedly superior at every point of the game.

Sylva.—One of the new 'uns. Plays now as No. 1 for the Club Portugues and has formerly represented the Lusitano Club in League games. Sylva plays an attractive open game but lacks the necessary experience and is inclined to be a trifle nervous. If the balls roll for him he will probably give Grant a fight for the game. With a couple years more experience behind him Sylva will be a man to be reckoned with later on, but meanwhile he can hardly be considered as in the Championship class.

Green.—Captain Green is another new comer in the Championship lists and is a player above the average. He represented the mercantile officers association in the league games a few years ago. Green has not shaped too well recently but this is probably due to lack of practice. He is an all round player and a tryer all the time but will no doubt go down to Champion Smyth whom he will meet in the first round.

Smyth.—Very little can be added to what all billiard fans know about Smyth, who has won the Championship two years running and who will now make a desperate attempt to get the third leg and win the Championship trophy outright—provided Porter lets him. Smyth has been complaining recently that he has been suffering from strained eyesight, neuritis, etc., but the Powhattan Club figures on housing the Championship trophy in their own comfy little Club. As the writer knows to his cost, it is as well to keep a very wary eye on Smyth when he says he is not feeling too good, for it is somewhat peculiar that it is on just such occasions that the Champ opens up and pulls something out of the box, which he has kept up his sleeve for his opponent. With regard to Smyth's game, this is too well known, and we look forward to seeing Smyth and Porter having a battle royal in the final.

Bush.—This player has in his previous attempts given very good exhibitions of billiards but on those occasions the luck certainly was dead against him. Bush has transferred his allegiance from the Thirty Club to the Lusitano this year and is playing this season as No. 2 to Remedios. Bush plays a really fascinating games at times and he has demonstrated repeatedly that he can knock up big breaks when he gets proper leaves. Bush should account for Langley in the first round but will probably meet his Waterloo at Barrett's hands in the second round.

Langley.—Another new aspirant hailing from the Powhatton Club. Langley is a player well above the average, of a don't care a d— temperment, and this often wins him a game against a stronger opponent. Langley meets Bush in the first round and will likely get his conge in this game, but his manner will indicate that his opponent was very lucky to beat him.

Barrett.—The Captain Sahib, C.I.E. has figured prominently in so many finals and semi-finals that it is about time he really did win the Championship and the fans will certainly hope that he will do so this year.

Barrett is sure a tough nut to crack and will prove so again this year. A long lead or a big break by his opponent does not "phaze" him a bit as witness his recent game against Fasting when "Landy" ran a 116 break on his guest. Barrett knows every shot on the table, and what's more can play 'em and when he does play them it is certainly fine to see him string a break in double quick time. Somehow or other at most local games a final without Barrett in it seems unusual and of course Barrett never does break precedents, Eh what?

Prince.—The best player in the "Polis" and one who will give a good account of himself. Prince is one of the prettiest players to watch in Shanghai and if he would only practise regularly he would be amongst the absolute top notchers, but he prefers hunting to billiards and consequently loses his "touch" occasionally, Barrett will have to be on his best behavior or Prince will slip one over on him.

Remedios.—The Lusitano crack No. 1 and a player of much merit and note locally. Had bad luck in last year's Championship but as he is on the top of his form this season, intends having another shot at the "Pot" and has more than an outside chance of lifting same. Remedios plays a nice all round game but shines at the top of the table game and as a century break is well within his powers Pat Fenton will have to play all he knows to make a game of it in the first round.

Teuton.—This player has figured in the Championship games before and though he plays a strong game at times he is hardly in the running for top honors. Still perseverance is oftimes suitably rewarded and the time may came when Teuton will "earn 'em."

Porter.—Twice Champion and a hot favorite this year. Many billiardists, including "Blue Chalk," consider Porter far and away the best player in Shanghai and outside of Hind, of Hongkong, Porter may safely be classed as the best and most consistent amateur in the Far East.

Porter has a beautiful style and it's a treat to watch him making a break. He is a brainy player and is after position all the time—in fact he can anticipate quite a number of shots ahead. Porter meets Phillips in the first round and as both men are ex-Champions a wonderfully good game may be expected, but its odds on that Porter wins this game and practically walks through to the final.

Phillips.—It's good to see "Phil" back in Shanghai again and this lefthanded player has been putting in a lot of useful practice for this Championship. Phillip is the best exponent in Shanghai of the "jenny" both long and short and hardly ever misses this shot. It's Phillips' ambition to knock up a 100 break and one of these days he will surely do it. However as he knocks up fiftys and better with monotonous regularity, this will stand him in very good stead if he can reproduce his Club form in the Championship games.

Komoroff.—An old war horse at the game but hardly consistent enough for Championship class. Every now and then pulls off a big break and holds the record run of 147 for Shanghai. Incidentally Komoroff has some other break records at billiards, such as averaging 35 in a game of 500 up, scoring 100 in 4 minutes and a break of 126 off the red ball. When playing in form he is a hard man to beat but he is often very nervous in a match game. He ought to survive the first and second rounds.

Stormes.—This is Bertie's debut in Championship games and curiosity is rife as to how he will shape. Stormes plays a good game at times and is a consistent scorer, and consequently may be a force to be reckoned with.

Fasting.—A new "dark" horse, but after his 116 break against Barrett at the Thirty Club last week, his appearance will be closely watched. Fasting should have no difficulty in knocking Harry Gibson out in one act, and then what?

Gibson.—The popular Honorary Secretary of the Billiard Association enters regularly in the Championship contests and it is rumored that he once got into the second round when somebody gave him a "bye." However Harry is a good sport and plays the game pretty well at times and it is certainly for the good of the game that Gibson enters and anyway as he says that he gets lots of fun out of it—What do results matter?

Navy Wins Annual Game From Army, 6-0

Naval huskies' at tackle practise. INTERNATIONAL.

The Navy football team defeated the Army on Thanksgiving Day by a 6-0 score, according to a wireless message received by the U.S.S. Wilmington. The game was played at the Polo Grounds, New York City.

The Annapolis victory is another triumph for Gil Dobie, who went to the Naval Academy this fall as head coach. The win over West Point was by two field goals.

The picture shows the Navy huskies at tackle practice.

Carpentier To Profit By Exchange Rate In Fight With Beckett

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, Nov. 28.—Carpentier will have the powerful ally fighting for him when he faces Joe Beckett at Hulbern Stadium on December 4, the rate of exchange. Carpentier receives five thousand pounds, win, lose or draw, at least so say the unofficial reports as no official figures have been published. At the normal rate of exchange this would mean that the French Champion would receive 125,000 francs. With the rate of the English pound nearly forty francs to the pound mark Carpentier's bit will amount to nearly 200,000 francs. Carpentier simply wagered the difference on his chances against the Englishman. Two thousand pounds is how much Carpentier thinks of his chances.

"I am betting velvet, just plain velvet" said the French champion who fights with his head as well as with his fists.

DIRECTORS CLOSE NEW WORLD; OVER TLS. 300,000 LOST

The New World, Shanghai's premier amusement park, which built the first Shanghai subway crossing Nanking Road at Thibet Road, closed its business Tuesday and was put into liquidation. The concern has lost over Tls. 300,000 since the construction of the annex on the North side of the road and an extraordinary meeting Monday of the shareholders decided to suspend the business for the present.

The shareholders have agreed on the appointment of Mr. H. D. Rodger, attorney, to be the liquidator. He has asked all creditors of the company to present their claims within two weeks.

"DE LUXE ANNIE"

Soochow Students In Boycott Parade

(China Press Correspondence)

Soochow, Kiangsu, December 2.—For one half an hour today the student parade marched down the main street while all traffic was stopped. The boys and girls were grouped as schools and each student bore a banner with a patriotic inscription upon it. Their faces were serious. One felt that the business was serious and each student showed he was doing some serious thinking. The older men distribute circulars of various kinds, urging patriotism and loyalty to China. One school gave a yell in which Shantung and Fukien figured prominently, and Japan came in for her share of opposition on the basis of the actions she had taken in Shantung and Fukien.

In the afternoon students and others gathered in one of the cities' open spaces and heard patriotic addresses. Throughout the day, everything was orderly and quiet.

PEOPLE WHO ARE POISONED BY MEAT

Persons who are subject to rheumatics should avoid above all things an excess of meat in their diet, for flesh food is productive of uric acid in the blood and uric acid is the cause of rheumatism.

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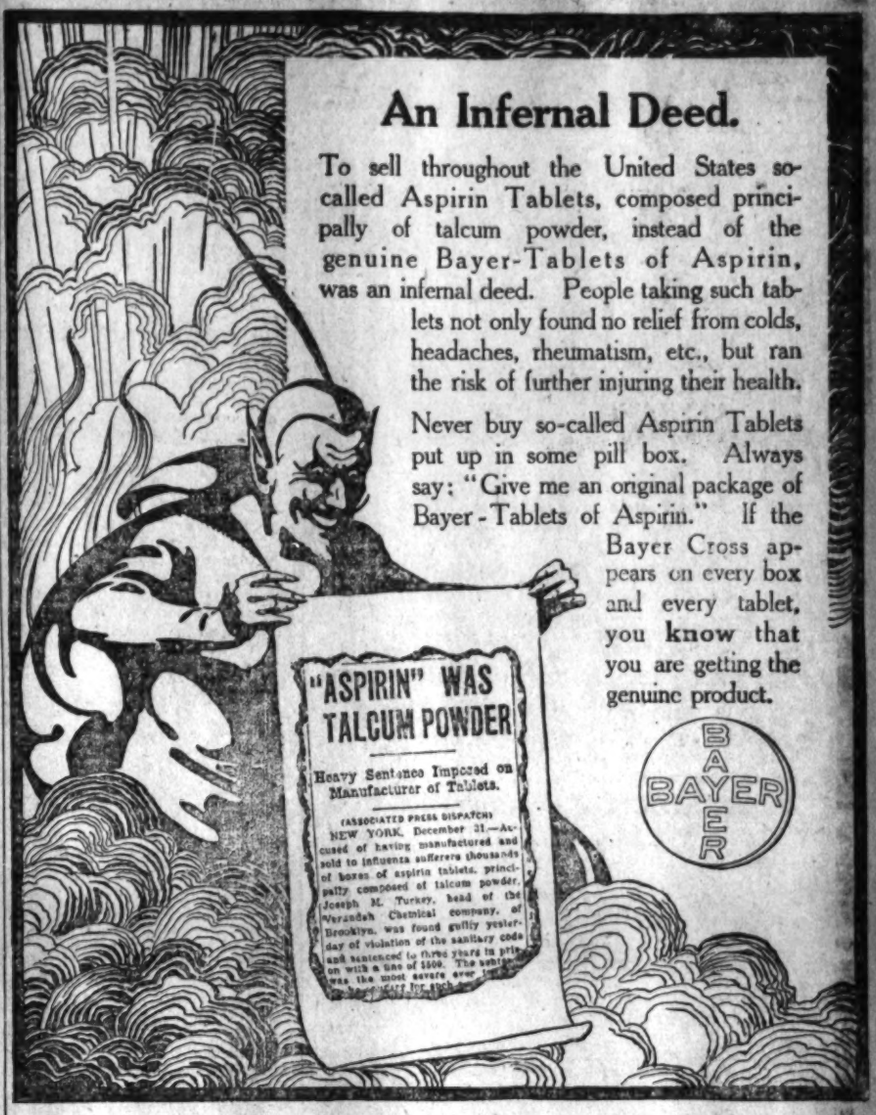
An Infernal Deed.

To sell throughout the United States so-called Aspirin Tablets, composed principally of talcum powder, instead of the genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin, was an infernal deed. People taking such tablets not only found no relief from colds, headaches, rheumatism, etc., but ran the risk of further injuring their health.

Never buy so-called Aspirin Tablets put up in some pill box. Always say: "Give me an original package of Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin." If the Bayer Cross appears on every box and every tablet, you **know** that you are getting the genuine product.


"ASPIRIN" WAS TALCUM POWDER
Heavy Sentence Imposed on Manufacturer of Tablets.
(ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH)
NEW YORK, December 31.—Accused of having manufactured and sold to influenza sufferers thousands of boxes of aspirin tablets, principally composed of talcum powder, Joseph M. Turkey, head of the Verandeh Chemical company, of Brooklyn, was found guilty yesterday of violation of the sanitary code and sentenced to three years in prison with a fine of $500. The action was the most severe ever taken by any city for such an offense.
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PARVATI

Parvati. By Robert Chauvelot. Translated by Helen Davenport Gibbons. New York: The Century Company.

It is the secret, sinister India of the zenana that is presented in this novel; we are regaled with accounts of the horribly ingenious devices of death inflicted on faithless odalisques, backstairs harem intrigue, the icing of Anglo-Indian society, hunting Englishmen and their flirtatious wives. The heroine, Parvati, is a high-caste Indian girl, educated in England and married to a thirty-third degree Rajah; lounging in the exotic apartments of her royal and much-married husband, she talks English slang with quaint effect. It is a little like George Ade—with the resemblance too fleeting.

The hero, Gilbert Desroches, the French painter, who falls in love with Parvati and provides the difficulties, is delectable. "The well-shaven chin with its mutinous dimple—'a nest of kisses' the little Baroness Sejourne had called it—and the mustache-ends, upturned by a slight touch of the curing iron, showed the care Gilbert took each morning with his toilet." It is good to bask in the sartorial and other perfections of this gentleman, but when after Parvati is imprisoned and endangered through his intrigue with her, he flies safely away to Calcutta and writes to his English friend that unless Parvati comes to him at once he will commit suicide, we feel that perhaps he does pay a little overmuch attention to his clothes.

Is this modern India? We are told so. But the barbarisms hinted at in the story have long been abolished by the English Government. There is a good deal of vivid color in the book, a good deal of interesting description of native costume and custom. But it is too much like decoration, laid on with overgenerous hand. We prefer Pierre Loti.

'THE CHARM SCHOOL'

The Charm School. By Alice Duer Miller. Harper and Bros.

The deadly seriousness of youth is amusing to every one but the young themselves, to whom its consequences are very tragic while the consequences endure. Which are not for long, happily. It is on this familiar groundwork that Alice Duer Miller has based her laugh-provoking tale of "The Charm School," the most genuinely funny story this reporter has read for many a day. The plot is pure farce to begin with, since it is built around the situation of a very handsome young man's having been left a girl's finishing school through the seeming accident of his aunt's not having made a will. He is an automobile salesman by profession and thereby endowed with an inordinate amount of cheek. He also has original ideas as to what properly constitutes a girl's real education, asserting that it is "charm" girls need to have implanted in their tender minds rather than the ologies.

In conducting the school on this principle all of the girls, and one in particular, fall in love with him. The correspondence Elise carries on with Austin Bevans, the principal of the school, is a pure delight to read as a revelation of the spirit of a youthful amorist; and the outcome of this entanglement of Austin and Elise will bring joy to the heart of every elderly sentimentalist. Aside from the humorous aspect of youth the text is witty to the last degree and the character sketching, though slight, is as fine as the work in a good etching. For pure and unadulterated fun it is not easy to recall a recent equal to this story.

On Understanding Women

The Man Who Understood Women. By Leonard Merrick. E. P. Dutton and Co.

Comment on Leonard Merrick and his gifted faculties is quite the habit since Sir James M. Barrie, Sir William Robertson Nicoll, H. G. Wells, Sir Arthur Pinero and a goodly slice of the rest of England's literary who's who entered into a most laudable conspiracy to bring Merrick before the public. It probably came as somewhat of a shock to lovers of Merrick's whimsical art to discover that their favorite needed trumpeting and really was unknown to a large proportion of the reading public. It cannot truthfully be said that his art, however, suffered excessively from being obscured by the proverbial barrel, for his circle was no small one in past years. The red covered volumes brought out by Michell Kennerley during the past fifteen years or more found their public and retained it. Now that these books are being reprinted in splendid format by another publisher it will be interesting to observe how much wider the Merrick cult will grow. He has been hailed as an author's author, though just why is a problem, for he is no more such an almost extinct species than William J. Locke, who has written a short introduction to the latest Merrick reprint, "The Man Who Understood Women." Indeed, there are many points of similarity between Merrick and Locke, among them whimsicality, a delightful facility of composition and a penchant for bizarre characters.

The volumes that have gone before in this series of new reprints have all been full length novels, each one of them impressing upon the reader the author's skill and absorbing narrative gifts. With "The Man Who Understood Women" comes the first volume of short stories, an art in which Leonard Merrick has excelled beyond most of his contemporaries. The short story is essentially an opposed art to that of the novel and few novelists have succeeded in successfully mastering it. If anything its simplicity and demand for the sustained expression of a single situation make it more arduous. The novel form has its high spots and, if it be a good novel, is always fine narrative, aiming toward a single logical conclusion, but the short story must be composed at white heat throughout. It cannot let down anywhere if it is to be a good short story. Here is where Leonard Merrick is at his finest and a re-reading of "The Man Who Understood Women" after many years merely reimpresses an old conviction that the author is essentially a short story writer and not a novelist at all.

Therefore it is hardly necessary to declare that this book is quite the best of the Merrick reprints that have been issued. It gives for the first time to new readers a comprehensive view of what Merrick has really accomplished. It is to be regretted that two early volumes of Merrick's, "This Stage of Fools" and "Whispers About Women," is not listed for reprint at all, for in them are some of the author's finest short stories. They would complete any reader's understanding of Leonard Merrick.

In considering the attractive qualities of the writer and discovering the secret of his appeal for other talented writers one does not have to ponder much. Merrick is an esthete of letters; his work is marked by an amiable cynicism, a gentle irony marked by a high degree of literary finish. His prose is beautiful, often witty and sparkling, and beneath its liquid purity runs a sense of wistfulness and pathos that might be lost by the casual reader. The man is an authentic poet at times; such stories as "The Laurels and the Lady," almost a novelette by the way, "The Prince in the Fairy Tale" and "Dead Violets," all included in this new volume, prove it. Realism at its starkest is seldom touched by him. The nearest approach to it in this book is "The Back of Bohemia," a rather vivid bit that goes farther into the sordid mistakes of life than the writer is wont to travel.

The characters that Merrick uses oftenest in his stories always lend themselves easily to both pathos and humor. They are, for the most part, actors, artists, poets, men who desire the idealistic aspects of life more than their daily bread and undoubtedly get them oftener. Figures that the world generally finds rather comical and soon tires of become real and important in these stories. Outlining a short story is always a dangerous task, for the episode is generally impossible to adequately compass in less space than the author has used, but the description of one of Merrick's short stories may serve as a hint to his method and materials.

"Dead Violets" is one of the finest things in the book and one of the author's high water marks as a writer. "'If you ever want me, write to me—I'd come to you from the end of the world,' he had said; and she had answered, 'I shall always want you, but I shall never write, and you must never come.' She was married." So they part, he to an artist's life; she to her husband. But every year for five years he sends her a bunch of violets on her birthday. The first year he loves her; his emotions the second year are less vivid, and the succeeding years find him sending the flowers with a cold heart and chiefly because he feels that she will be disappointed unless she receives them. But as the flowers come to the woman each year she welcomes them with smiles and tears, believing that he loves her still and knowing that she loves him. Then they meet again. She is unhappy and he, thinking it a duty, tries to warm up the dead embers of love and asks her to go away with him. She does start, but his actions, his coldness, his evident reluctance impress the truth upon her. She understands that love is dead and returns to her husband. There is a package for her there that has been redirected from Paris. Opening it, she finds the yearly bunch of violets. Owing to the delay in the mails they are quite dead.

That is all there is to the story, but it is told with such a poignant touch, so simply, and yet so subtly calculated to awaken the tenderest emotions that its success is quite complete. The transience of love plays its part time and again in these stories, sometimes wistfully, sometimes with gentle humor. Occasionally is there the vital material of tragic forces, such as the pathetic and surprising situation in "The Laurels and the Lady." Here a little drab lives the life of a great actress, lying superbly, to make a blind poet's last months happy. She even convinces him that his pitiful book of verse has been published, making up laudatory notices to read him. It is all done with that fine touch removing the theme from bathos.

If we except "Conard in Search of His Youth" there could be no better introduction to Leonard Merrick's carefully finished art than this new volume. In it is all that makes the author a distinctive name among English writers today, tenderness, poetry, irony as gentle as spring rain, and that undefinable sixth sense that knows the secret of the short story.

THROUGH ENGLISH EYES

Lapsley, Gaillard [Editor]. The America Of Today. Being Lectures Delivered at the Local Summer Meeting of the University of Cambridge, 1918. Large 8vo, pp. xxvi-254. Cambridge: University Press.

What is thought of us abroad, and said before one of the two great English universities, is surely worth noting. And when the lecturers include such eminent Britons as the Downing professor of laws in Cambridge, and Lord Eustace Percy, former secretary of the British Embassy at Washington, and such Americans as P. B. Kennedy, Commercial Attache at the American Embassy; Prof. J. W. Cunliffe, of Columbia; G. E. MacLean, former Chancellor of the University of Nebraska; Professor Canby, of Yale, and former Professor Santayana, we may be sure the matter is worth while. The subjects of the separate lectures are interesting: Merrick Influence on American Ideas of Justice and Liberty is one, and it will be a surprise to many to see how much our own Constitution leans on Magna Carta. Even one who is fairly well read on our system of government will lose nothing by reading the chapter on State and Municipal Government, where both the weaknesses and the excellences of our forms and methods are discussed. There is an excellent review of recent Social Legislation and Administration, and also a discriminating discussion of the Characteristics of American Industrial Conditions. The Relation of the American Government to Business is timely, if only by way of review and not dealing with this year's conditions and movements. It must be remembered that we were in the full swing of war when these lectures were delivered, and the discussion of the last two subjects named above necessarily was influenced by war-conditions. The two lectures on American Universities—a historic survey—and on the State Universities, School Systems and Colleges, are perhaps less interesting to Americans, but must have been illuminating to the audiences. Naturally, Professor Santayana's treatment of Professors James and Royce is illuminating—both critical and appreciative. Professor Canby's lecture on Literature in Contemporary America is dignified—with neither boast nor apology. It is satisfying to have account of our large magazine literature given in such circles.

We are glad to see ourselves in part as others see us. This collection of lectures with their varying subjects and standpoints should prove to have both interest and value.

Chinese-American Publishing House Plans Expansion

A move by American publishers and the local Chinese-American Publishing Company which is of far reaching importance to the public in China is the announcement by the local concern of the addition of 20 new wholesale-retail sole agencies for American publishing, stationery and supplies' houses.

The local company will not only retail the publications and products of these agencies but will wholesale to the booksellers in China, both Chinese and foreign.

The publishing, stationery and supplies' houses include representative American firms in their respective fields, manufacturing highest grade products.

It will be the policy of the local house to keep adequate stocks of these American agencies, large shipments of which are now en route from the United States. Mr. Ambrose Merry who has had extensive experience in handling stationery, inks, fountain pens, carbon papers and typewriter ribbons will have charge of the stationery department.

'A SERVANT OF REALITY'

A Servant Of Reality. By Phyllis Bottome. The Century Company.

If England would only hand all of her war maddened young women over to Phyllis Bottome she would dispose of them nicely to slow music. Kitty Costrelle is our idea of what a female desperado should be, and her story as told in "A Servant of Reality" is just as satisfactory as she is. You wouldn't care to know Kitty in real life; that is, not if you were another woman. You wouldn't want your brother to know her either, but least of all would you be willing to sacrifice your husband to her wiles. She was one of those women who deliberately ensnare men and despise their women because they don't enjoy it. She lived on the admiration and money of men and the envy and contempt of women. "Men were her legitimate prey; women were her natural enemies before their faces, but behind their backs she was their indignant advocate." Men fell into her hands because they couldn't help it.

There are women like Kitty, but they usually turn out poorly in fiction. It is infinitely harder to draw a good flirt than a good genius. There are more or less generally accepted standards for geniuses, but we are not agreed on flirts. What is coquetry to one is clownishness to another, and yet we have a certainty that nearly every one will agree that Miss Bottome knows how to construct a flirt. The only complaint that we would offer is of her intimation that women can learn to be flirts. We had always supposed that they were made in heaven, but Kitty was raised a flirt by her father.

When Anthony Arden gets back from two years in a German prison with a whole new set of standards and meets this alluring character his road is stony. He is really the war bride of the story; that is, he is the one who goes through all the agonising, moral and physical. This in itself is a relief. Where Galsworthy or George or almost any one else would have the heroine scuttling the night streets of London or environs Miss Bottome demands the sacrifice of Anthony. She gets back at contemporary English fictionists by giving her hero a far worse time than any of their heroines have had. On the other hand, she makes him a perfectly subliminal character. Her brothers in art have not been so gallant.

Good as the story is, other things about the book are better. There is the entire satisfaction to be had from the characters apart from anything they do and the quite separate joy of Miss Bottome's style. If you attempted a list of her characteristically epigrammatic sayings it would reach from New York to Philadelphia, and so we give only a sample or two.

"Anthony had clung to his low taste for science as if it had been a barmaid."

"The Ardens never frightened their women except by reassuring them."

"Anthony had learned the difference between those who command conveniences and those who are commanded by inconvenience."

"When Henry said, 'Has anything happened to any one?' he meant, 'Is any one dead?' but he never spoke of the dead except collectively."

In every respect "A Servant of Reality" is the book which we would choose as a follower of "The Dark Tower" rather than anything of Miss Bottome's which has come between.

EX-KAISER GREATLY AGED

Former Crown Prince, Too, is Beginning to Have Gray Hair

Wieringen, Oct. 14.—Curiosity and a desire to assure myself that the ex-Crown Prince is still on the island took me to Wieringen today. There certainly were no visible signs of preparation for any departure, and in spite of the storm, which was almost cyclonic, I found Wilhelm out motor cycling.

Wrapped up in leather coats mufflers, and goggles, he was almost unrecognisable as he went into the village to buy cigars. Knowing his hatred of press representatives, I stopped him on his motor cycle, addressing him in French, which appeared to please him. I asked him to sign a picture postcard, pretending that I was a Belgian sightseer.

He willingly granted my request, choosing a card himself saying, "Wait, I will choose a card. This is the prettiest one with my wife," and he signed "Wilhelm," allowing himself to be photographed. He then asked many questions about social and economic conditions in Belgium, appearing especially interested in Antwerp—whether the port was active, whether people were working.

There have been various reports in the papers in the last few days that the ex-Prince was negotiating for a chateau near Baarn, but he denied these reports, saying, "No, it was much too expensive for me at Baarn. I expect to remain on the island all Winter. Why not? It's gay, but one gets used to weather and climate."

This, of course, was only a bluff for, although the ex-Crown Prince has changed his plans frequently in the last few weeks, according to news arriving from Germany he has no intention of remaining on the island, and has even considered living in some town in Holland before returning to his Fatherland.

The ex-Crown Prince looked well, but I was surprised to see his hair beginning to turn gray at the temples.

In spite of the weather, there are still frequent arrivals to see this formerly royal visitor. This evening it was Trebitch Lincoln who arrived on the island, and was met on the mainland by a small motor boat. He will probably stay a few days. Last week it was the Prince's friend, Rechberg, to whom his letter appearing in the Tagliche Rundschau was addressed. I learn from an authoritative source that the former Crown Prince's letter to Rechberk was first offered to the Frankfurter Zeitung, which refused to publish it. This letter was obviously an effort at righting himself with the German people, and is a link in the long chain of incidents, arrivals, and discussions taking place in Holland recently.

Het Leven published pictures of the ex-Kaiser today, there being a great rush for copies, which were almost confiscated by the Dutch Government at the last minute before going to press. Het Leven will be prosecuted for infringement of copyright in publishing his portrait against the wishes of the ex-Kaiser.

People are greatly surprised at the manner in which Wilhelm Hohenzollern has aged. A person who had seen him six months ago was astonished at the changes in him, helped by the growth of a full beard.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

The Italian Legation, in reply to the inquiry of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, denied any knowledge of the report that 20,000 rifles have been shipped by Rome to Tientsin.

Additional troops are being poured into Siberia by Japan, according to a report of General Sun Li-ching, Tuchun of Kirin. General Sun express the fear that Japan is seeking to control the Chinese Eastern Railway.

New nominees will be proposed for the Agriculture and Education Ministries. President Hsu Shih-chang favors the proposal of Messrs. Chang Yuen-chi and Tsai Yuen-pei, while General Chin wishes to have Chang Ho and Fu Yu-fung.

Mr. Chen Lu called on the President and the Cabinet Tuesday to declare that he would resign from the acting ministership as soon as Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, returns to Peking.

It has been proposed by the executive to appoint Mr. Chen Lu, minister to a foreign country, and appoint Mr. Liu Shih-hsun Vice-minister of Foreign Affairs. Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang's view on the matter is being invited.

The reports received from Foochow by the Diplomatic Corps are not favorable to Japan. Some action is anticipated on the part of the corps to endorse the demand of China to retire the Japanese warships before opening negotiations over the incident.

In conversation with Admiral Sah Cheng-ping, Premier Chin stated that the Government will not yield in the demands made on Japan on account of the Foochow incident. Admiral Sah was requested to convey General Chin's view to his fellow provincials.

Mr. Yih Kung-cho is now waiting for Mr. Liang Shih-yi to accompany him to Peking in view of the opposition against him by the Railway Commission.

The Yicnling Iron Mining Company has submitted an offer to supply the material for the construction of the proposed Kalgan-Urga Railway. The company stated that iron is produced in their factory and are preparing to fulfill orders.

An additional fee of $200 is being paid to the old Parliamentarians by Canton on account of the enactment of the Constitution. The payment will begin as from November 1.

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?
SURE!
VAN HEARD THAT! NOW I GOT A WITNESS AND EVERYTHIN'
SURELY, YOU'RE NOT SERIOUS?
WUXTRA, WUXTRA, ALL ABOUT THE BLAAA-BLOOH —
'COURSE I'M SERIOUS!-GEE WHIZ, DONCHA THINK I WANT TEN MILLION DOLLARS?
BUT MASTER SHRIMP IS SPOOFING YOU. HE KNOWS YOU WON'T BE ALIVE TO COLLECT IT!
AH, THERE'S WHERE YOU'RE WRONG! HE FIGURES HE WON'T BE ALIVE TO PAY IT!
Tom McNamara

Peking Normal School To Call For Funds

(China Press Correspondence)

Peking, December 1.—The Chihli-Shansi Christian Educational Association believes in works as well as words; in going out after that which it makes resolutions about in the sequestered safety of an annual meeting. Recently two of its activities have grown larger than mere local or missionary interest.

For several years past the Association has been issuing annual uniform examinations for all the mission schools which care to participate. These are now coming to be a feature of the closing days of every school of North China and teachers and pupils alike begin to look with anticipation, if not actual anxiety toward the end of the year when their work will be measured by a longer and more impartial year-stick than the local conditions usually permit.

NEW YEAR PLANS

Despite the students strikes, which came on just as these examinations were coming off, over ten thousand examination papers were submitted and graded by the central examiners. Next spring the scope of these uniform examinations will be still further expanded, and leaving examinations will be set for the lower primary, higher primary and middle schools. Aside from these which will all be graded by the central examiners there will be preliminary examinations for the middle years of the higher primary and middle schools the papers on which will be examined locally.

The final or leaving examinations are set for the second week in May thus making it feasible for all papers to be graded and certificates awarded to the lucky in time for the closing exercises of the various schools participating. The preliminaries will occur a month later. Any information relative to these examinations can be obtained from the Secretary of the Association, Rev. John R. Lyons, Peking.

Another activity started by the Association promises to become a very potent instrument in the education of North China. Reference is made to the Peking Union Normal School which is now on its feet and will shortly be calling for more funds than its poor mother can of herself ever hope to supply.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADE

Hence the School is now looking to the Interchurch Movement in America for funds that will in a year or two amount to $18,000 per year for running expenses and salaries and in addition for property that will be the equivalent to perhaps $100,000.00. That a school of this type is needed is clear when the number of mission schools of North China is considered. There is no Normal School at present preparing teachers for the many hundreds of these schools scattered far and near in city and country alike. Were this School to have a graduating class of one hundred trained teachers each year it would not be filling the vacancies that occur each year now.

Every year more schools are being opened and each year the standards demanded of the teachers are getting more rigid. The number of teachers needed is getting greater each year. The School is now preparing to enter a new class after the Chinese New Year and those who have boys or girls they would like to enter can make application now. Another feature of the School is its co-education. So far as is known this is the first institution of high school grade in China making a business of training boys and girls of this age together. The full requirements for this new class may be obtained from the principal, A. Archibald Bullock, Peking. In general these requirements include third year middle school standing, 18 years in age and good character and intention to become a teacher.

Far Eastern News Notes

Merchants To Protect Junks From Bandits

From the Canton Times of November 25:

Owing to the increasing activities of bandits between Canton and Fatshan, some merchants of the Tai Chang Company in Fatshan have petitioned the local authorities asking the latter to grant them permission to place several steam launches on the run to assist the water police there to protect the towing and passengers' junks, plying between Canton and Fatshan. The expenses of the proposed company will be collected by a charge of ten percent on the freight and on passengers fares.

Dr. J. M. Swan Killed In Accident In U. S.

The Canton Times of November 25, says:

"Father dead. Accident."

This cablegram, received by Dr. C. A. Swan, Saturday morning, the 22nd, brought the tragic news of the death of Dr. J. M. Swan, whose friends in the Far East, foreigners and Chinese, are numbered by the thousands. Dr. and Mrs. Swan left China in May of this year for a visit to America. Letters just to hand tell of a family re-union held last month, and outline plans for the remainder of the stay in the homeland. Passage for return to China early next year had already been engaged. Now comes the distressing news of the beloved physician's death. He rounded out three score years on September 11, of this year. Dr. Swan came to China in 1885 as a missionary of the American Presbyterian Foreign Mission Board. After a period of language study he joined the staff of the Canton Medical Missionary Society's Hospital in 1887. From that date until 1899, he was associated with the distinguished surgeon Dr. J. C. Kerr. In 1899 Dr. Swan succeeded Dr. Kerr as Medical Superintendent of the Hospital.

Japanese Burglar Shot, Proves To Be Policeman

An alarming revelation has been made in connection with the burglary case in Osaka-fu, reported in our last issue, says the Japan Chronicle of November 26. The armed burglar who was shot dead by an inmate of the Osaka plating factory, into which he had broken, turned out to be a policeman in the service of the Ashihara Police Station in Osaka-fu. The Osaka police had been at great pains to identify the murdered burglar with little success, when on the night of the 24th instant a detective of the Ashihara Police Station happened to have a look at the body, when he was greatly surprised to recognise the dead man as a policeman with whom he had been in daily contact, being attched to the same police station. It appears that he contracted capillary bronchitis in February last, and heavy medical expenses which he had to pay for his illness ran him into debt. Despairing of all hopes of raising money by honest means, it seems, he formed the audacious determination to commit the crime. He was dismissed from the police service under date of the 20th instant, or three days before the event, but his dismissal may have been antedated by the Osaka police authorities to save the honor of the police.

Tientsin Greets New U. S. Consul Thanksgiving Day

The China Critic of Tientsin says in its November 27 issue:

The celebration of Thanksgiving Day here happened to coincide with the departure of the American Consul-general Mr. Heintzleman and the arrival of his successor, Mr. Stuart Fuller, and the American community, through the courtesy of the committee of the Anglo-American Chinese Club, took the opportunity of holding a reception from noon to 1 p.m., which was crowded with Americans and Chinese as well as many prominent Allies, who, on this occasion, were accompanied by their wives and other lady friends. A very excellent cold collation was laid out in the upstairs saloon, on the stage of which the band of the 15th U.S. Inf. played throughout the reception. At half-past twelve Mr. L. O. MacGowan, on behalf of the American civil community, welcomed the guests and explained how happily the three celebrations were able to be held at the one time. There was a large attendance including Consular Body, Lt.-Col. Morgan and British officers, Colonel Morrow and the American officers, Colonel Commorro Fassini and Italian officers, General Yang Iteh; and many British, Chinese and Japanese prominent officials and civilians. Members of the committee of the Club, including Major Nathan, Mr. Cornish, Mr. Buchan and others did their utmost to assist in making the gathering a pleasant one.

Asiatic Language Study For China Is Proposed

The Peking Daily News of November 28 says:—It is reported that the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is contemplating the establishment of a language school, in which different branches of Asiatic languages, including Mongolian, Tibetan, Turki, Siamese, Afghan, etc. will be taught. A memorandum embodying this plan has been submitted to the President for approval. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs will also ask the Government to grant fifty thousand dollars for the initial outlay of the school, if its project is favorably received by the President.

SEEK SUGGESTIONS TO REGULATE VICE

Notice is given in the Municipal Gazette today that the Vice Committee of the Municipal Council is about ready to draft its report but before doing so invites the public to offer any recommendation or suggestion that might be of value in dealing with vice in the International Settlement. These suggestions or recommendations must be brief, must be in writing and should be sent as early as possible to the Secretary of the Committee, Mr. P. Campbell, in care of the British Chamber of Commerce, 1 the Bund.

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Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paragoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician knowing of what it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

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IF You have that constant itching and inflammation of Piles.

IF You are in the grip of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout, &c.

All these are sure signs of clogging blood impurity, calling for immediate treatment through the blood, so don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities (from whatever cause arising), and, by rendering it clean and pure, can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

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AGENTS

CARNATION CREAM

Queen's Charm Fails On A Mountain Lion

Animal Snaps At Elizabeth, In The Yosemite, When She Enters His Cage

Glacier Point, Cal., Oct. 15.(Associated Press.)—Through the valley of the Yosemite, where the sun, moon, and at least one star were visible at midday, the King and Queen of the Belgians came here today. For the Queen it was one of her special days in the United States. At the Government ranger station near Yosemite village she stroked the ears of a mountain lion and then, when no one was looking, stepped inside the cage to inspect it more closely. The lion snapped at the fur on the sleeves of her coat and her Majesty retreated, but not in disorder.

At an Indian camp she chatted with a squaw, but displayed no inclination to kiss a papoose. A shy Indian lad of six was asked if he recognised the Queen, and he replied:

"Sure, I saw her photograph in a San Francisco paper."

The Queen rode horseback with the King this afternoon from the village to Glacier Point.

San Francisco, Oct. 15.—King Albert proved yesterday that he was little behind the late Theodore Roosevelt when it came to leading a strenuous life, for in addition to receptions, luncheons, dinners and other official welcomes he talked with the Belgian Consul-General at New York on the long distance telephone, visited a vaudeville show, enjoyed moving pictures of himself, took a swim in the Olympic Club tank and otherwise kept busy up to his departure at midnight for the Yosemite.

Tomorrow the party will visit the Mariposa Grove of big trees and have a picnic luncheon there. Late Thursday afternoon the start for Los Angeles will be made. The King plans to stop in Los Angeles three and a half hours on Friday morning on his way to the Grand Canyon of the Colorado.

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WILLIAMS SCOFFS AT IRISH CLAIMS

He Tells The Senate He Is Sick And Tired Of Sinn Fein Propaganda

'NEVER WHIPPED SOUTH'

Nor Were They Any Factor In The War Of The Revolution, He Asserts

Washington, Oct. 16.—Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, interrupted the debate on the Shantung amendment to the Peace Treaty long enough, today, to pay his respects to the Sinn Fein propaganda which, he said, was being carried on in this country. The Mississippian said he was "sick and tired" of it all, particularly the Sinn Fein claims that the Irish won the War of the Revolution, and subsequently were mainly responsible for the defeat of the South in the Civil War. As a matter of fact, Senator Williams said, there were more Irishmen in the British Army that fought Washington than there were in the American Revolutionary Army.

Senator Williams, who spoke from the Republican side of the Chamber, asserted that the Sinn Feiners might take a lesson from the veterans of the Confederacy who, when the war was over, did not keep it up by shooting at the Yankees "from behind trees." Most of the good in the way of law and order and civilisation in the world today, added Senator Williams, near the close of his speech, is of Anglo-Saxon origin.

Senators Phelan, Democrat, of California, and Berry, Democrat, Rhode Island, replied to the speech. Senator Phelan, who, it is understood, will vote against amending Article X. of the League covenant, to which the Sinn Fein most bitterly objects, said that the Irish kept on fighting because they were fighting for freedom, while the South gave in because there was "no moral force" behind the Southern cause.

In beginning his speech Senator Williams referred to the opposition of Senator Johnson to the Peace Treaty, and said that his opposition might be in part explained by the fac that the Senator lives on "Green Street," San Francisco.

"Now," continued Senator Williams, "switching from San Francisco and the Pacific Coast and from the northeast, including Massachusetts, I come finally to the South, and I come to the resolution passed by the United Confederate Veterans. They have met and have passed in behalf of Treaty of Peace the resolution which I send to the desk and ask to have inserted in The Record.

"The United Confederate Veterans know something about war, its horrors and its conquests. There was nothing in all the history of all the world that compares to them in their hour of surrender and in their hour of self-surrender which came later.

"If they had been Irishmen in the Southern Ireland fighting for something unobtainable they would have left to the history of the United States a different page; but they had common sense enough to know when they had to quit. They also had common sense and altruistic sense enough to know, not alone when they had to quit, but also when they wanted to quit.

"Robert E. Lee never advocated leading a force shooting from behind trees at the Yankee army. When he surrendered his armed forces in the field he surrendered them and came back into the American Union as well as he could, reconciled to the situation. The Irishmen might learn a little bit of something from us. We are nearly all glad today that there are no customs houses along the Ohio and the Potomac to divide the American people. The Irish might at least learn, if they have sense—and I doubt whether they have or not—that while they are seeking the freedom of a part of Ireland, they might at least allow Ulster her freedom.

IRISHMEN IN REVOLUTION

"It has not been many days since I heard upon this floor a pretense that over 50 percent of the American Revolutionary troops were Irish when we gained our independence. Only 4 percent of the population of the United States at that time was Irish, and two-thirds of that 4 percent were Scotch-Irish and English-Irish and Ulsterites; and during the American Revolution whenever a man raised his cup of beer in Ulster he drank to the memory of William of Orange and to the liberties of the American colonies.

"I also find out from a little bit of investigation that the British troops who took the works at Bunker Hill against us and made a defeat out of what we had celebrated as a victory were a British command denominated the Royal Irish. They went over our works at the very last minute and took them from us. I also find that in South Carolina and in Virginia during the War of the Revolution the chief forces commanded by Carlton, and a great many other British commanders, were Irishmen.

"As a matter of fact, of course, the Irish never whipped the South at all. They could not whip the South at any time. It is a part of the braggart nature of the Irish. They are always contending that they have done everything, everywhere, at every time. I am tired of this business. I am tired of this vanity and nonsense. I do not care how many Irishmen vote the Democratic ticket.

"I find this among the contentions of these men who are opposed to the League of Nations and the treaty of peace—that while they are constantly emphasising what they call Americanism they mean by it pro-Germanism and Irish-Americanism, Magyar-Americanism and Austrian-Americanism. We have finally reached the point where no man can be a real American unless he is an Irish-American or a German-American or some other sort of a hyphenated American.

"I do not think these gentlemen have measured up the consequences. Suppose that once we English and Welsh and Scotch-Americans, who have never hyphenated ourselves, but just have called ourselves Americans, dared to unite in one single party and announce to the American Republic that every man in America who is Scotch or English or Welsh or the son or descendant of one of those races shall form one single party, where would these others of whom I speak be?"

REFERS TO "WELSHERS"

Senator Phelan's reply to Senator Williams was in the form of an interrogatory addressed to Senator Williams.

"I would like to ask the Senator," he said, "if he thinks it perfectly fair for a Senator to leave this side of the Chamber and, taking his place upon the other side, make a speech which, in the eyes of strangers looking down upon this body, might be attributed to a member of the Republican Party?

"I desire further to ask this question, if the Senator would consider it opprobious for the managers of the Dublin horse show to post up on the gates of the inclosure during the intermission between races, that 'these gates are closed in order to prevent the escape of welshers'? [Senator Williams is of Welsh descent.]

"Does the Senator think it would be any reflection upon the Deity if Senators addressing this chamber and commenting upon the street address of the junior Senator from California (Senator Johnson's San Francisco home is on Green Street) made reflections upon the color 'green' with which God has clothed all His wonderful works? Or would the Senator think that in making a comparison between the Irish in battle and the Irish in peace, that the South having accepted the situation and yielded to superior forces, should also record such conduct on the part of the Irish who fight but never surrender? The fact is that the South, after a valiant struggle, gave way because there was no moral force behind their cause. They were fighting for slavery, whereas the Irish are always fighting for freedom."

Senator Gerry of Rhode Island, also replied to Senator Williams in a speech of less than a hundred words in which he said he wished to deny for the Irish of his State that they had ever been disloyal, and asserted that the Irish of Rhode Island had shed their blood in every conflict in which Americans had participated. Senator Gerry said that he would have spoken at greater length in reply to Senator Williams, but he did not wish to delay the vote on the Shantung amendment.

MANY REDS SEIZED IN U.S. ROUNDUP

Radicals Who Rioted Armistice Day Forced To Bury Victim's Bodies

(*United Press Service*)

Seattle, November 25.—The Government is continuing a big round-up of the Radicals in the Northwestern States and has seized the plant of the Union Record labor paper. The plant was dismantled and will be kept closed until after the trials of the publishers, who are charged with inciting the Centralia massacre. Several hundred Radicals have been arrested in the course of raids made in Spokane, Portland and other northwestern cities.

The Radicals arrested at Centralia, where the outrage during the armistice parade occurred, were forced by their captors to view the bodies of their lynched comrades throughout the day, and were afterwards forced to bury these in a potter's field.

The American Legion, throughout the entire union, is aroused and demands that the perpetrators of the Centralia massacre be made to suffer.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

WHAT ABOUT LITTLE MRS. BROWN- I THINK SHED BE NICE
OH SHE MIGHT BRING THAT SEA LION HUSBAND OF HERS AND HES IMPOSSIBLE - DEAR ME HE SUCKS HIS TEETH AT THE TABLE
DONT FOR GOODNESS SAKE INVITE JENNIE WREN - SHES THE MOST AWFUL TALKER - ALL SHE DOES IS TO SPREAD SCANDAL
WELL I DECLARE MYSELF OUT - I SUGGESTED 15 NAMES AND NOT ONE OF THEM WAS ACCEPTED
INDOOR SPORTS
TRYING TO GET UP A NICE PARTY FOR THE CAPTAIN WHO HAS JUST RETURNED HOME

PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hour $1 20-minutes
77 ROUTE VALLON

HANG SHUN TAI, FUR DEALERS
407 HONAN ROAD, Tel. C. 4319
Dealers in all descriptions of furs and skins

Most foreigners like to have something pleasant at Xmas time. Furs are more valuable than other gifts, but they are useful and lasting. We have established branches in all districts of China and some other countries and are experts in the selection of suitable Xmas gifts. We have just received a large consignment of Sable, Ermine, Seal, Skunk, White Fox and Squirrel, etc. for this purpose.

Please call at our store at once (as there is a sale on at present) before the rush comes on.

26573

The Trained Nurse knows

If you have a trained nurse in attendance ask her about the reliability of this pharmacy.

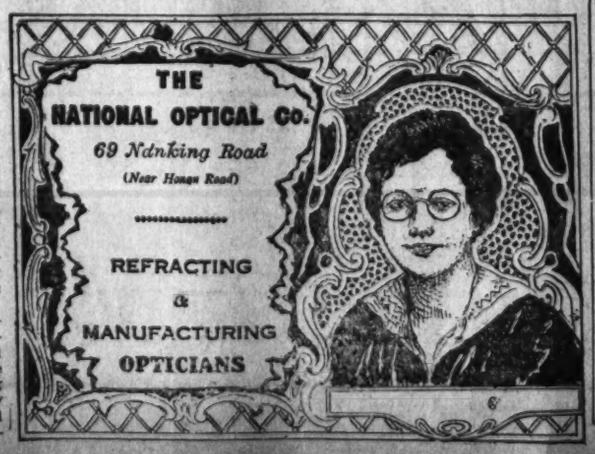
She realizes the value of our threefold checking system. She knows we use only drugs of the highest grade. She knows that only experienced, careful pharmacists are employed by us.

Both your doctor and your trained nurse will recommend us. Ask them.

American Drug Co.
42 NANKING ROAD
Prescription Specialists
"Safe as a Bank"

CAFÉ PARISIEN'S JAZZ ORCHESTRA EVERY EVENING
25 AVENUE EDOUARD VII.
PHONE C. 1915

FILMS DEVELOPED **FREE**
We charge you for printing only.
A LARGE STOCK OF
KODAKS & FILMS
YOUNG PHOTO CO.
No. P61-62 Nanking Road (near Shantung Road).



"Green Bicycle" Brand
ROLLER FLOUR
(green label)
The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.
Cheaper
than any kind of imported flour
Quality
equal to the best imported flour
Ask for "GREEN LABEL"
Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.
HEAD OFFICE
57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154
We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.
AGENCIES:
Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.
Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

APOLLO THEATRE
December 8th, 9th and 10th
THRILLING!
EXCITING!
PLEASING TO ALL!
A SERIAL OF AMAZING ADVENTURES
THE WORLD'S GREATEST CRIMINALS
THE FIRST TWO Episodes in Six Reels of Tense SENSATION!!
The scenes will be found full of exciting incidents and remarkable episodes.
THE FIRST TWO EPISODES entitled
"ON THE TRACK OF THE VAMPIRES"
THE VAMPIRES
THE GREAT EPISODES
TOLD IN NINE
THIS IS THE FIRST OF A NEW SERIES OF DETECTIVE STORIES. IT INTRODUCES US TO CHARLES DE LA RUE, one of the staff of "LE CRI DE PARIS", who, as the journal's crime investigator, seeks to unravel the mysteries surrounding the criminal exploits of the "Vampires," a notorious gang of criminals.
Time and Prices as Usual
BOOKING AT ROBINSON'S

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1919

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimun Charge 40 cents)

NOTICE

It has come to our knowledge that local firms are claiming to be sole agents for:

HOLEPROOF HOSIERY CO.
LUXITE HOSIERY CO.
STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO.

Dealers and the public are warned against such misrepresentation, as we hold the sole agencies for these lines.

ARKELL & DOUGLAS, Inc.
38, Canton Road. 'Phone, C. 2002
26754

The Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Limited

NOTICE

The Subscribers List for next year is now being written up. Subscribers desirous of having alterations made are invited to send in their requests not later than the 25th December.

PHILIP H. COLE,
Acting General Manager.

Shanghai, 4th December, 1919.
26760

NOTICE

The New World Hsin Yih Co.
(In voluntary liquidation)

All amounts due to and all accounts owing by the above Company should be forward to the undersigned within two weeks from the date hereof. Creditors take notice that only claims that are presented as aforesaid will be considered.

Dated the 3rd day of December, 1919.

RODGER & HASKELL,
Liquidators.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.
26761

NOTICE

In re Estate of CAPTAIN N.T. VENTORINI *Deceased.*

NOTICE is hereby given that all claims against the Estate of the late Captain N. T. Ventorini must be presented with vouchers to the undersigned on or before the date of May 27, 1920.

STANDARD OIL CO.
of NEW YORK,
Legal Section.
11 and 12 Canton Road.

November 26, 1919.
26631

TO LET

Offices in building approaching completion on Kiukiang Road.

Lift, heating and all modern conveniences. Apply for full particulars and permission to inspect to

Y. M. Tseng,
12 Quai de France or
Sidney J. Powell,
13a Canton Road.
Tel. 918.
26721

The Shanghai Chemical & Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

DECEMBER
DEPOSITS

will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, 24a Kiangse Road

Up to
and
Including

Friday, December 5

2663

NOTICE

Four blank plain sheets of foreign Paper bearing the Chop of TALOW DISPENSARY (大陸藥房書柬), and signed in Chinese by Chang Ling Sung (章林生), have been lost or mislaid.

The Public is hereby warned not to accept papers bearing such Chop and signature, unless chopped and signed in the presence of the manager of this company. Anybody holding one or more of the aforesaid sheets of paper is requested present same at the Office of this Dispensary within 14 days from date, after which period they will be declared null and void.

The Manager
of TALOW DISPENSARY.
November 25th, 1919. 26620

Mme. DONTSUFF

18 RANGE ROAD

Orders taken. Prompt and punctual execution. Also hats for ladies on sale.

Lessons given in making of hats, course three months. 6-7.30 evenings.

26666

BLANKETS

For Sale

NEW consignment of grey wool, double blankets, size 66" x 82", weight 5 lbs. For particulars, apply Trans-Pacific Corporation, 1[illegible] Szechuen Road.

26651

Szechwan Crepe de Chine

Direct from the Source of Supply, to any Address in the World.

Travelling through Szechwan Province more than 600 years ago Marco Polo, the celebrated Venetian Explorer, observed this beautiful Crepe de Chine. He took it to Kublai Kahn, the greatest Emperor the world has ever known and Kublai Kahn presented it to the most favoured women of his court, adding charm and beauty to the already most beautiful women in the world. Send us your cheque or Chinese Post Office money order for $20. In return we will mail you one roll of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. Width 26 inches, length 30 feet. Original Shade.

WIDLER & COMPANY
Chungking, West China.

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases: Injections of all kind of vaccines, serums and 1914 (606); Tests of blood, treatment by X Ray and Diathermy.
Dr. K. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
(Japanese)
He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road.)
SHANGHAI
Tel. North 2279.
21666

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(formet Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

[redacted]

Reconstruction of the War Devastated Regions in France

4.000.000.000
FRANCS PUBLIC LOAN
issued by the "Credit National" with the guarantee of the French Government.

PLAN OF THE LOAN:
A million debentures of Fcs. 500.00 each.
Nett interest—5% per annum.
Free of any tax for the present and the future.
Reimbursable at Fcs. 600.00.
In a period of 75 years.
As from 1920.
Annual prizes amounting to Fcs. 10.000.000.00.
By quarterly drawings including 4 prizes of Fcs. 1.000.000.00.
Price of issue of debentures Fcs. 495.00 each.
Subscriptions received at best rate of exchange until December 12th, 1919, at THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, No. 29, The Bund.
26723

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

Notification No. 96.

TENDERS FOR VARIOUS MATERIALS

Tenders are hereby invited for ROPE, PAINTS, CLEANSING MATERIAL, LUBRICANTS, OIL FUEL, CHEMICALS, METALS, TOOLS and SUNDRIES for the Board's plant and works to be delivered to the Board's Yard at Chang Wah Pang at the end of this year, and for the supply of STEEL and CEMENT for six months from 1st January to 30th June, 1920, to be delivered as per instructions.

Particulars of requirements and list of materials required can be obtained at the Office of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, 6 Kiukiang Road.

Tenders, marked "Tender for Material" and addressed to the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, should state the manufacturer of each article and must be sent in before noon, December 8th, 1919.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserve the right to place the contract for any separate article with any one of the tenderers.

H. VON HEIDENSTAM,
Engineer-in-Chief.

Shanghai, 2nd December, 1919.
26737

WHARF TARIFFS

The new Tariffs which come into force on January 1st, 1920 have been drawn up and are in course of distribution.

Any firms who have not received copies are requested to communicate with the Wharf Office concerned, when they will be at once supplied.

The new rates will apply to all goods not on Landing Accounts on December 31st, 1919.

Rioka Soko Kaisha, Ltd.
China Merchants' Wharves.
Holt's Wharf.
Kaiyosha's Pootung Wharf.
Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Wharves.
Robert Dollar Co.'s Wharf.
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Wharves.

26715

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

We Specialize In

MARCHANT Calculating Machines
MONROE " "
SUNSTRAND Adding-Listing Machines
BARRETT " " "
EDIPHONE Dictating Machines
CUMMINS Perforating Machines
FOX Portable Typewriters
NATIONAL Portable Typewriters
TYPEWRITERS in all makes
Y. @ E. Filing Supplies
STEEL @ OAK Office Furniture
COLUMBIA Ribbons and Carbons
VENUS Copying and Office Pencils
MACHINES for Numbering, Dating, etc.
SENTINEL Cheque-Writers
CHICAGO Cheque Perforators
LOOSE-LEAF Ledgers, Binders, etc.
CLIMAX @ CHICAGO Pencil Sh'p'ners
PAPER FASTENERS and Punches
INKS, PASTES, PINS, etc.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — Cable Add.: Mackbauck
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

The Stewart

SPEEDOMETER

is the choice of all motorists who want a speedometer that they can be sure is accurate and dependable

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

HANKOW — SHANTUNG

GROUNDNUTS WALNUTS
Egg products, Straw-braid, Crude Camphor, Oils, Beans, Seeds

IMPORTS
Chemicals, Dyes, Greases, Refined Oils, Lubricants, Rubber and Sport Goods.

China Albion Trading Company
51 Szechuen Road
Phone C. 3234

LONDON — NEW YORK

Il sottoscritto sara' lieto di ricevere nella Residenza Consolare, i membri della Colonia e loro famiglie, Venerdi 5 corrente dalle ore 4½ alle 7½ p.m. per un the-dansant in onore degli Ufficiali di passaggio sul S.S. "NIPPON."

G. DE'ROSSI.
R. Console Generale d'Italia.
26738

World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union

(Shanghai Branch)
LECTURE
"With the Army of Occupation"
by
Professor E. S. DREHER.
(Shanghai American School)
in
Union Church Hall
on
Thursday, Dec. 4th at 5.30 p.m.

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.
26742

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st December, 1919, Mr. Yow Bung Ching (姚鏜卿) will cease to be Compradore to our firm, and on and after that date all communications relating to our business should be addressed direct to our firm. Therefore all Compradore orders, receipts or other documents —purporting to be issued by this firm must be brought to us for examination and verification before the 6th December, 1919, after which date those not verified will be considered null and void.

CURRIMBHOY & CO., LTD.
Shanghai, 30th November, 1919.
26719

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order). Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.

26698

Customs Notification

No. 931.

CHINESE FACTORY PRODUCTS:

Further Modification of Duty Treatment.

With reference to Customs Notification No. 908 and previous Notifications, the Public is hereby notified that the duty treatment accorded to Chinese Factory Products is further modified to read as follows:—

"In future cotton goods are to pay one full duty, and manufacturers have the option of paying either at the rate of 5 per cent. *ad valorem* or at the rates specified in the following tariffs if the goods are enumerated in those tariffs: namely, (1) the Export Tariff, to which is appended a list of cotton goods which were enumerated in 1902 Import Tariff but not enumerated in the Export Tariff, and (2) the Import Tariff of 1919."

L. A. LYALL,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, 20th November, 1919.
26747

Dr. [illegible]

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky

DENTIST

Four Years' Practice in New York.

Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.

No. 3 @ Peking Road
Tel. Central 1125

SITUATIONS VACANT

GOOD SALARIES paid to Mechanical Draftsmen. Demand always exceeds supply. In your own home you can qualify for good position. We also teach Ship Drafting, Metal Pattern Drafting, Structural Drafting, Illustrating, etc. Ask for catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

CHINESE Translator wanted for regular employment. Must be able to translate from Chinese into English. Apply, stating experience, etc., to Box 486, THE CHINA PRESS.

26717 D.7

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26699

WESTERN DISTRICT: To let with immediate occupation, unfurnished, No. 154 Bubbling Well Road, for six months or longer. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

26654 D. 5.

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
Board — Residence
Apply Mrs. G. Pollock

TO LET with board from 15th December, a large double newly furnished room facing south. Verandah and private bathroom attached. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. All modern comforts, excellent cuisine. Apply Box No. 498, THE CHINA PRESSS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

TO LET, two large rooms, one back, one front, also one large attic, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Telephone North 1102.
26757

TO LET, nicely furnished front rooms with board, in private family, Apply to Box 6, Quinsan Road.
26752 D.7

SINGLE rooms to let, with board, to quiet people; there is also accommodation for table boarders. Please apply to Swiss Butchery, Broadway.
26762 D.6

TO LET, with board, good rooms, bathrooms attached. Apply to 10 Seward Road.
26748

TO LET, three-roomed apartment; steam heat and all modern improvements for living quarters. Apply to 51 Szechuen Road.
26702

TO LET, central (in quiet location), large and well-furnished room with board, for $170 for two. Apply to Box 457, THE CHINA PRESS.
26644 D.4

ROOMS [illegible] board. Comfortable home, excellent cuisine, reasonable charges, also garage. 16-A East Seward Road.
26622 D.4

SITUATIONS WANTED

ADVERTISER open to assume charge of import or export department. Has excellent experience in local trade; full satisfaction guaranteed. Apply to Box 499, THE CHINA PRESS.
26751 D.5

A COLLEGE senior seeks position as typist or translator. Typewriting rate 45 words a minute. Apply to Box 4, THE CHINA PRESS.
26763 D.4

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by an experienced Chinese, with knowledge of import and export business, desires to join a firm. Well acquainted with all dealers. Can give security if required. Apply to Box 487, THE CHINA PRESS.
26729 D.7

WANTED, position by a stenographer with 15 years of commercial experience and holding A1 references. Please answer to Box 480, THE CHINA PRESS.
26706 D.5

ENERGETIC young man, 23 years of age, with good business experience, seeks position as stenographer or office assistant. Speaks Chinese dialects fluently. No objection to outports. Reasonable salary expected. Local references. Apply to Box 483, THE CHINA PRESS.
26711 D.4

LITERARY or secretarial work required. Advertiser speaks English, French and German. Apply to Box 481, THE CHINA PRESS.
26707 D.4

COMPETENT and efficient lady steno-typist, with thorough knowledge of filing and general office work, seeks employment from December 1st. Apply to Box 461, THE CHINA PRESS.
26650

POSITION WANTED by American mechanical engineer, at present employed in the Philippines. Will be open for engagement on or after January 1st, 1919. Competent to superintend steel construction, steam plant, and general machinery installation. Apply to Box 361, THE CHINA PRESS.
26355 D. 14

PROFESSIONAL

WANTED, English or American lady to teach a Chinese boy English, one or two hours a day. Apply to Box 496, THE CHINA PRESS.
26745 D.5

LEARN ANOTHER LANGUAGE: Increase commercial opportunities, form new acquaintances, add to advantages of travel by learning another language. I.C.S. method with new Edison Phonograph and special textbooks, interesting, easy, convenient and economical. Practical conversational lessons. No tiresome memorizing of uninteresting rules. Begin conversing with first few lessons. Perfect pronunciation and unlimited practice. You will learn quickly to speak fluently, read understandingly and think logically. We teach French, Spanish and Italian. Also English to Chinese. Write for interesting catalog. Office 15a, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

DRIVING and repairing lessons given by an expert motor car mechanic. Apply to Box 447, THE CHINA PRESS.
26617 D.19

OFFICES WANTED

WANTED, two or three-roomed office, Central district. Apply to Box 500, THE CHINA PRESS.
26753 D.9

HOUSES WANTED

RETURNED Officer and wife want to rent part or whole house, furnished. Apply to Box 491, THE CHINA PRESS.
26734 D.4

APARTMENTS WANTED

AMERICAN couple desire room and board in French Concession or Western district, from January first. State terms to Box No. 488, THE CHINA PRESS.
26728 D.4

SITUATIONS WANTED

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICE Szechuen Road, for immediate occupation; 1st floor, two rooms, 23ft. x 20ft. and 16ft. x 16ft. Apply to Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS.
26756 D.5

TO RENT, two rooms in Szechuen Road, suitable for offices. Apply to Box 493, THE CHINA PRESS.
26740 D.7

OFFICES TO LET: Several suites of offices of one, two and three rooms, near Bund. One suite has three very large rooms on ground floor. Apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.
26701

Exchange and Mart

WANTED to buy, second-hand Underwood or L. C. Smith typewriter, in good working condition. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS.
26759 D.4

FOR SALE, Indian motor-cycle, twin, light-weight, used six months, completely equipped, recently overhauled. Any reasonable offer acceptable. Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 1, THE CHINA PRESS.
26755

BY order of the Executor of the late Edward Wheeley, Esq., FOR SALE, one lot of land with partially completed residence, on the Edinburgh Road. For particulars, apply to Sidney J. Powell, 13a, Canton Road.
26743 D.5

WANTED, colt automatic pistol, 45 calibre. Reply to Box 497, THE CHINA PRESS.
26746 D.5

FOR SALE, cabinet Victrola No. X with 95 valuable selected records, all in new condition, very little used, will sell the lot for Tls. 185 lowest price. Apply to Box 494, THE CHINA PRESS.
26741 D.4

WANTED to buy, an Airedale dog (bitch), original birth, six months to two years old. Apply to Box 484, THE CHINA PRESS.
26712 D.4

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
	New York	Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital..$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital £2,000,000
Reserves £481,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Ac[redacted] with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
85 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41
Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Owned by
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Capital & Surplus U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits U.S. $3,054,000

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	
India	San Pedro de Macoris
Bombay	
Calcutta	Sanchez
Rangoon	
Japan	Santiago
Yokohama	
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	Panama
	Colon

Branches of THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Cuba
Buenos Aires	Artemiso
Once (Buenos Aires)	Bayamo
Rosario	Caibarien
	Camaguey
Brazil	Cardenas
Bahia	Ciego de Avila
Pernambuco	Cienfuegos
Porto Alegre	Cruces
Rio de Janeiro	Guantanamo
Santos	Havana
Sao Paulo	Manzanillo
	Matanzas
Chile	Pinar del Rio
Santiago	Placetas
Valparaiso	Remedios
	Sagua la Grande
Uruguay	Santa Clara
Montevideo	Santiago
	Sancti Spiritus
Venezuela	Union de Reyes
Caracas	Yaguajay
Maracaibo	
	Colombia
Siberia	Medellin
Vladivostok	
	Russia
Italy	Moscow
Genoa	Petrograd
	Spain
Porto Rico	Madrid
San Juan	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
,, Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
Calcutta	Manila	Shimonoseki
Chanchun	Mukden	Singapore
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Hankow	Newchwang	Sydney
Harbin	New York	Tientsin
Hongkong	Osaka	Tokio
Honolulu	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,54[illegible] (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.
Capital $1,000,000
Reserve Fund $50,000
Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.
Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.
Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager.*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis (Mauritius)
Delhi	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Rangoon
Galle	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Hongkong	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Banking Service with AMERICA

personal

[illegible]orters now engaged in, or [illegible]with America would do well [illegible]pecial nature of our facili[illegible]al interest we take in every [illegible]nsactions.

[illegible]*rect* banking service—with[illegible], or unnecessary delays.

[illegible]r *personal* service. Every [illegible]rough, both here and in [illegible]esentatives with a personal [illegible]ch is evident in the service

[illegible]ou about Amer ica?

[illegible]n the Far East:

[illegible]ghai

[illegible]ng and Kiangse Roads
Other branches in
Canton — Changsha — Hankow — Hongkong — Manila — Peking — Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $4,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $1,100,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS

Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY

The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Viila	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered).....	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919).....	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 1, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	16-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	20-30
Pomfret	,,	20-25
Salmon	,,	16-18
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	13-20
Whitebait	,,	20-24

Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	,,	40-60
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Partridge	,,	40-45
Pheasant	,,	50-55
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	12-14
Snipe	,,	12-14
Teal	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Geese	,,	40-50
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	4-5
Figs	per doz.	none

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

行 銀 華 中
Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital .. $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000
Reserve Fund ..... $ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shanai
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	TsinkiangpuOsaka	
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Grapes	per lb.	25-30
Lemons	each	4-5
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	50-60
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	,,	6-8
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	10-12
Potatoes	per picul	$2.50-$3.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	3-5
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.40
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 3, 1919.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 7/4=Tls. 2.7273
@ exch. 74.3=Mex. $3.6706
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 149¼=Tls. 67.00
@ exch. 74.3=Mex. $90.17/100
Mexican Dollars: market rate: 74
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch: Tls. 144
Copper Cash .. per tael 183.530
Native Interest ..... Tls. 18

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	73⅝d.
Bank Rate of Discount	6%
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 39.88
Ex., New York on London T.T.	G.$4.00⅜

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	7/4
London	Demand	7/4¼
India	T.T.	326
Paris	T.T.	1430
Paris	Demand	1433
New York	T.T.	149
New York	Demand	149¼
Hongkong	T.T.	64½
Japan	T.T.	33⅝
Batavia	T.T.	379½
Singapore	T.T.	32¼

Bank's Buying Rates

	Nominal
London	Demand 7/5
London	4 m/s. Cdts. 7/8¼
London	4 m/s. Docy. 7/8½
London	6 m/s. Cdts. 7/9¼
London	6 m/s. Docy. 7/9½
Paris	4 m/s. 1545
New York	o/d Docy. 151
New York	4 m/s. Docy. 158¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 21,000 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .... =Mex. $0.64

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls.	2.44	@	7/4¼ £1
,,	1	@	1433 Fr. 15.9¢
,,	0.60	@	149¼ Gold $1
,,	1	@	23¾ Yen 3.30
,,	1	@	15 Rupees 6.15
,,	1	@	1.50 Mex. $1.50
,,	1	@	— Roubles —

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, December 3, 1919.

Official

Shanghai Gas 6% Debc. Tls. 70.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.40 December
Telephones Tls. 69.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.): Tls. 43.00 March, Tls. 43.25 March
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) (5 shares) Tls. 700.00
S'hai Cotton Tls. 400.00, Tls. 410.00 March
Oriental Cotton Tls. 380.00, Tls. 382.50, Tls. 385.00 March
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 69.50 Mar.
S'hai Docks Tls. 122.00 Dec.
New Eng. Tls. 32.00 Mar., Tls. 32.50 March

Unofficial

S'hai Cotton Tls. 320.00: Tls. 340.00 December, Tls. 390.00, Tls. 395.00, Tls. 402.50, Tls. 410.00 March.
Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 750.00 December, Tls. 900.00 March
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.): Tls. 43.50: 44.00 Mar.
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 60.00 Dec., Tls. 70.00 March
Oriental Cotton Tls. 380.00 March
Chemors Tls. 0.60
Telephones Tls. 69.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, December 3, 1919.

Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.50 Dec.

Unofficial

Telephones Tls. 69.00 cash
Hall & Holtz $12.00
Y'poo Cotton Tls. 43.50 Mar.
S'hai Cotton Tls. 400.00 Mar.
Oriental Cotton Tls. 375.00 March

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, December 3, 1919.

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 29.00 February
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 63.00 December
Tls. 82.50 February
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 52.20 December
Tls. 59.00 January
Tls. 62.30 February
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill:
Tls. 34.00 December
Tls. 39.00 February
Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Co.
Tls. 321.00 December

Local Yarn

Water Moon 16-20's
Tls. 221.00 December
Tls. 218.00 January
Tls. 225.50 March
Tls. 228.00 April
Tls. 236.10 May
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 209.00 December
Tls. 213.00 January
Tls. 216.00 March
Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 31.50 December
Tls. 32.50 January
Tls. 33.40 February
Tls. 34.00 March
Tls. 34.50 April
Tls. 35.00 May

Samagaga Rubber Co. Meeting

The ninth annual general meeting of the Samagaga Rubber Co., Ltd., was held at the offices of the general managers, Messrs. Scott, Harding and Co. yesterday afternoon. There were present Messrs. L. J. Cubitt (chairman); G. Grayrigge, A. Samson (directors); L. E. Canning (secretary) and other shareholders representing in all 97,125 shares.

The secretary having read the notice convening the meeting the chairman said:

"Gentlemen, on the last two occasions on which I have addressed you I have had to ask you to exercise a good deal of patience and to support your directors in maintaining their cautious policy of conserving the Company's funds at the expense of a dividend in order to be ready to meet any emergency that might arise during the anxious period which the rubber industry was passing through.

It affords me therefore the greater pleasure to stand before you today and, while expressing the appreciation of my colleagues and myself of the ready support you have always accorded us, to lay before you a report and statement of accounts for the year ended September 30 last which, if they do not disclose abundant prosperity are at least evidence of a sound position and satisfactory progress.

The promise given at the annual meeting two years ago that the dividend, then withheld, would be distributed as soon as the clouds on the horizon had cleared away, was redeemed on August 15 last when the money which had been on fixed deposit in the meantime was released and an interim dividend of 5 percent for the current year was declared. In order that there should be no misunderstanding in regard to this distribution of profits it was stated in the press, and the statement is repeated in the report, that it was not in respect of the profits for the financial year 1918 and 1919.

To show you that the earliest possible moment was availed of to pay this dividend I may say that the first and only remittance of surplus funds from the estate during the two years was received on September 6 and it only amounted to something under Tls. 3,000, but by the middle of August the outlook was such as to justify your directors in redeeming their pledge. Since then there has been a further serious reduction in the tael value of the Straits dollar but on the other hand the price of rubber has risen to nearly $1.00 per lb for 1st latex and the market has exhibited a healthier tone than we have been accustomed to for a very long time. There is a steadiness in the demand and a gradual hardening of prices which is very encouraging after the lean years we have suffered. I think rubber producers occupy the unique position of being the only people who made no profit out of supplying an article of produce indispensable in the prosecution of the war. Posterity will not find our name among the long list of alleged profiteers and the worst that can be said of us is that we didn't get the chance.

"Referring to the report the satisfactory features are the healthiness of the trees and no loss of the staff and labor force, the reduction in the cost of tapping and the increase in the yield, giving evidence for the first time of the advantage of reducing the number of trees per acre by systematic thinning out. The output per tree and per acre leaves room for considerable improvement, but it must be remembered that 13,765 new trees were brought into tapping, mostly towards the latter part of the year, which would affect the average yield adversely.

"The only serious difficulty with which we have to contend is weeding. Our bill for this item is a very heavy one and probably always will be in comparison with many estates because the land is flat and although the greatest attention is given to the drains and canals, of which there is a perfect net work, at one period or another during the year excessive rain is experienced. At these times the river rises abnormally and the water gates at the outlets of the Estate canals cannot be opened. There is also the danger of flood waters from the surrounding country. By a system of Bunds we are fairly well secured against the flooding which in the earlier history of the Estate was a constant menace, but during such times as I have mentioned weeding is seriously hampered and not infrequently rendered impossible in some fields. As mentioned in the Report the weather from October to December last year was of this description and proved very expensive.

"When a gale accompanies or follows upon wet weather a certain number of trees fall and have to be dug out.

No Estate is without its trials and as a proof that in this respect we are by no means badly off it is only necessary to point to the all-in cost of 11½d which compares favorably with most estates of similar acreage and output.

"All our sheet and the bulk of our scrap has been marketed in Singapore as the difficulty of shipping to London and the delay in receiving the proceeds have proved an obstacle to the latter alternative, though the prices realised in London for the Scrap consigned for sale on that market have been satisfactory.

"The manager's estimate of output for the current year is 280,000 lbs but with favorable conditions the total may well reach 300,000 lbs although the increase in the tapping area will only amount to 6½ acres.

"The 214 acres under coconuts have paid expenses within a few taels and the trees are reported as looking better than in past years but this cultivation has not taken its place as a secondary source of revenue as was hoped would be the case and there is good reason for thinking that the decision, taken more than a year ago, to convert the greater part of the coconut area into rubber fields was a sound one. It has not been acted upon so far for want of funds and labor. Weeding in the cocount fields has in many cases been in rows only, the spaces between the trees having been kept mown, consequently there is a strong growth of lalang roots in those fields which would cost $90 an acre to eradicate before it would be suitable for planting rubber. However in view of the fact that there is no land adjoining the Estate that can be acquired for extensions and rubber is more profitable than coconuts, the sooner a beginning can be made the sooner will a return on outlay be earned.

"No planting has taken place since 1916 and 1917 when the last available fields comprising 69 acres were completed. These should come into tapping in two years time, so it is by no means too soon to prepare for futher planting, if a succession of trees is to be maintained, as it is quite possible that some of the older areas may need resting in the years to come.

"I will now ask you to turn to the balance sheet for a moment and examine our financial position. We paid in cash for the estate ..... Tls. 226,534
We have expended on development 319,342
On buildings, furniture, machinery, fittings and utensils and water supply 31,658

Making a total expenditure on these items Tls. 577,534
The total capital subscribed in Cash was.. 391,000

Leaving to be provided out of earnings .. Tls. 186,534

roughly 45½ percent on our capital of Tls. 411,000.

"We have paid altogether 25 percent in dividends, assuming that you approve our recommendation today, we have a cash reserve of Tls. 10,000 which we propose to increase to Tls. 12,500 while the Tls. 351,000 spent on development and fixed assets appears in the balance sheet as Tls. 160,600 only, Tls. 190,400 having been written off.

"These figures have been accumulating year by year and have been duly published but perhaps in searching the reports and accounts for dividends they may not have received the attention they deserve. I think, however, they are rather striking. They explain the policy followed by your directors and the necessity for it. The heavy outlay under the heading of development and the equally heavy writing off were necessitated by the fact that for the first four years, the so called development was in reality reclamation of fields that had at some time been planted but were found to contain nothing but lalang.

"That this one-time heavily burdened property has been brought into its present condition is due to efficient work on the Estate itself and to the confidence the shareholders have reposed in the Board the members of which may perhaps be forgiven if they also feel some little pride in what has been achieved.

"I don't think I am unduly optimistic in thinking that the Company has now reached a stage when the future can be viewed without anxiety and when moderate dividends can be looked forward to in spite of adverse exchange. Cost of labor will undoubtedly increase but the increased cost per lb. of rubber from this cause should not be more than can be offset by a fair price in the market for the raw article.

"Since the closing of the accounts for the year advices have been received of the sale of the greater part of our stocks at prices which justify the valuation at which they were taken into the balance sheet."

No questions were asked, and the following resolutions were put and adopted.

1.—That the report and accounts for the year ended Sept. 30, 1919, as printed and circulated to shareholders be passed. Proposed by Leslie J. Cubitt, seconded by G. Grayrigge.

2.—That the sum of Tls. 23,729.10 standing at credit of profit and loss account be dealt with as follows:

(a) Pay a final dividend at the rate of 5 percent equal to five tael cents per share on the issued share capital of the company to shareholders on the register on this date—payable on 4th instant.
(b) Place to general reserve the sum of Tls. 2,500.
(c) Carry forward to new account Tls. 679.10.

Proposed by Leslie J. Cubitt, seconded by Alex Samson.

3.—That Mr. Alex Samson be elected a director of the company. Proposed by Leslie J. Cubill, seconded by G. Grayrigge.

4.—That Mr. Leslie J. Cubitt be re-elected a director of the company. Proposed by G. Grayrigge, seconded by C. McKinley.

5.—That Messrs. G. H. and N. Thomson be re-elected auditors to the Company for the current financial year at a fee of Tls. 150. Proposed by T. Orton, seconded by Foo Ching.

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 2, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Market quotations:

Marseilles, December 2:

Green Peas: Japan	185
Potato Starch	160

Havre, December 1:

Cotton, First quality	511
Cotton, Second quality	497
Cotton, Third quality	496

Lyons, December 2:

Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	265
Italy	295
Syria	205
Japan	260
China	310
Canton	235

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 2, (via Lyons and Koukaza).—Exchange quotations:

Paris-London	39.88
New York	9.88½
Berlin	23
Rome	80
French War Loans:	
3 percent	60.15
4 percent 1917	70.80
4 percent 1918	71.45
5 percent	89.90

French Are Rejoicing In Their New Liberty

End Of The State Of War Causes General Satisfaction; German Relations Discussed

Paris, October 13, (Associated Press).—General rejoicing by the press over the death of "Anastasie," as the censor has been called in France during the war, marked the first day of the return of a state of peace to France today. Military control, not only of the press, but of all police measures for the control of movements of travelers across the frontiers as well as inside of France, the supervision of ports, restrictions on importations and other matters which have been in the hands of army officers passed to civil authorities. The right of requisitioning was terminated and the military authorities also lost jurisdiction over certain crimes and misdemeanors, no longer having the right to search private property.

Lifting the state of siege and restoring municipal regulations to the police will permit restaurants and cafes in Paris to remain open until 1 o'clock in the morning, but there seems to be some doubt whether this practice would be profitable. Parisians have during more than five years acquired the habit of retiring early, and waiters are quite satisfied to have them continue this practice, as the night life of Paris does not yield the same revenue that it did before the war. Moreover, the eight-hour law complicates the situation by requiring restaurants and cafes to engage additional help. Only on the boulevards, where establishments are supported by foreigners, do proprietors incline to insist upon keeping open until late at night.

Further comment on the resumption of diplomatic relations between France and Germany was provoked by the publication of the presidential decrees this morning. Paul Dutasta, who acted as Secretary of the Peace Conference, is still one of the most prominent men mentioned as the probable Ambassador to Berlin. The well-informed Echo de Paris says it had confirmation of the report that he has been selected for the post and that it is expected the German Government will at once be asked to approve his nomination. Baron Kurt von Lersner, now German representative at Versailles, who has made a visit to the German Embassy on Rue de Lille, is supposed to be Germany's choice as Charge d'Affaires, pending the nomination of an Ambassador. France will probably have a Charge d'Affaires in Berlin temporarily, and the name most frequently mentioned for this post is that of M. Clinchant, present Charge d'Affaires at Berne.

Question has been raised as to whether the sumptuous German Embassy should be considered as coming within the category of "German property abroad" that, according to the peace terms, must be applied to the payment of reparations.

Speculation as to the probable administrators in the Sarre Valley names G. J. Alapetite, former Governor of Tunis and now Ambassador at Madrid.

It was pointed out this morning that the return to the status of peace did not necessarily terminate the moratorium applying to debts, the Government intending, it is said, to prolong the time within which the settlement of transactions, held in suspense since 1914, may be required. A question still to be settled is the rate of interest creditors may demand for sums due since the moratorium was first decreed. This point will probably be settled by legislation, and the moratorium may be prolonged if action is not taken within the time limit fixed by the last decree extending the period of the suspension.

$400,000 Saved From Bandits

Miss Margaret Carpenter.

Miss Margaret Carpenter, nineteen years old, whose quick wit and courage while looking into the muzzle of a revolver furstrated on of the most daring daylight bank robberies in the history of New Jersey, and saved for the First National Bank of Roselle, N. J., upward of $400,000 in cash and securities. Seven men entered the bank, which is directly opposite the Roselle police station, and forced the depositors and employes to throw up their hands. Miss Carpenter, who was at work in the cashier's cage, stepped back in evident fright at the revolver thrust into her face, and placed her foot on a button which started an electric alarm. The bandits took fright and reached the door just as a police sergeant of the Roselle force dashed in. The officer was shot through the chest by one of the burglars, who made off in a waiting automobile. It is said the bandits succeeded in getting off with about $7,000.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Messrs. H. P. Wadman, L. C. Hylbert, L. Garner, Dr. J. S. Grant, Miss Zimmerman.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang for Amoy: Mr. T. M. Elliot; for Hongkong: Messrs. R. K. Hodger, Tonkin, Wilkinson, Mrs. Bremner, Mrs. Wong Kwai-wan, Miss Li Shuk-wan.

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WEATHER

Rain or fog, then the rise of the barometer may improve the weather. Very variable winds along the whole coast.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, DEC. 4, 1919

Mr. Matzmura's Heartbreaking Discovery

MR. T. Matzmura, Editor and Manager of The China Advertiser, a new Japanese newspaper at Tientsin is heartbroken. He is in tears and no longer makes any attempt whatever to conceal the lachrymal fact. Conceal, did we say? How hopeless are words! He even signs his name to the article so that there shall remain no doubt whatever as to who it is whose heart is torn. "I write this under my own signature because I alone wish to be responsible for the statement. I do not even know whether my view is shared or endorsed by my countrymen. I grieve that I have to make such a public statement which will reflect upon the honor and dignity of the country which I hold in reverence, for do I not owe what I am entirely to America?"

So that we come to know at once that it is he, T. Matzmura himself, who suffers this terrible anguish. And that it is that great country America, which he holds in reverence and to which he owes everything that he is, that is causing his cardiacal throbs. Yes, it is that America. And what do you suppose it is that America is doing? Ah, dear friends, *America is making the Chinese hate Japan!* There it is at last. Truth will out! Exposed by Editor Matzmura himself!

Not because he wanted to though. "I am compelled to take this step moved by circumstances prevailing in China, which if left alone may lead to no good end. I am solely actuated by the sense of justice and love of peace and prompted by the desire of seeing the world in happy tranquillity after so many years of horrible bloodshed and waste of economic and industrial energy."

The broken-hearted editor then between sobs, goes on to explain to his readers that it was of course to be expected that when the nations were freed from war they would come crowding into China with their wares. This was bad enough in the contemplation. It could have been borne, however. "But I confess that I was not ready to see the way in which they (The Americans) are carrying out their postbellum campaign. Instead of entering into competition in an open and square way, and getting trade on the merit of their goods, they appear to have made up their minds to establish their influence in China by a method that can hardly be called legitimate. Try as I may, I cannot rid myself of the belief that they are working to ally the goodwill of the Chinese people by alienating my country from them. Perhaps I am wrong in thinking so, and I sincerely hope that I am mistaken in considering them a people other than a nation made up of honest, straightforward businessmen such as I used to know. But the harder I attempt to dismiss the thought from my mind the more convincingly it comes back endorsing the justness of my conjecture."

Then, after a gulp, he goes on: "During the war Japan's influence expanded in China. This was but the natural outcome of things since the two countries were geographically near, and furthermore the Powers having been unable to look after their interests in China, left the field practically to the monopoly of Japan. For any country wishing to wedge in and make a creditable show now, this established influence of Japan must be a great obstacle. The easiest way for the country concerned is to supplant it, and the quickest road to arrive at the objective is to make Japan lose her credit in China. This is the source, that gave rise to misgivings in my mind.

"America must find some outlet for her accummulated wealth and the materials that she manufactured during the war. She must have mountains of war materials left, for her factories were taxed to their fullest capacity to turn them out at the time when Germany suddenly caved in. These articles are absolutely useless to her. She must dispose them of somehow and somewhere in order to have them converted into cash. Europe having just laid down arms, no prospective buyers can be found in that quarter. Mexico or some countries in South America may desire to replenish their war stores, but the United States would not be foolish enough to supply them the means wherewith to create disturbance so close to her gate. But here is China, situated remote from America. The development of any serious contingency therein would not affect her national well-being except in a very advantageous way.

"Suppose, mind you this is only supposition—suppose that China can be instigated to pick a quarrel with a country also far away from the United States, what benefit would the latter derive? America will find a ready market for the munitions of war, which would have to be kept till they rot, perhaps, and moreover a very needy borrower of her surplus capital. And if that country against which China may enter into altercation happens to be Japan, the United States would derive an additional advantage by driving out Japan's influence from China at the expense of China. She can kill two birds with one stone. Here then is a probability of America resorting to the tactics of inciting China against Japan. Had the Americans, especially those in China, not acted in such a manner as to give me an apprehension, the thought would never have entered my mind. But I see everywhere American hands behind agitations in China against Japan. This is certainly not open and direct, but a close observer cannot overlook the fact that they are pushing the Chinese to action.

"I am perfectly aware that the Washington Government is not a party to such machinations, but some of the American people seem to be inclined to take joy in seeing the friction between China and Japan increased to fever heat. It may not be from the dishonorable cause above alluded to that they are encouraging the Chinese to behave in an unfriendly manner toward Japan, but the tendency among them to increase the irritation between the two nations, cannot be ignored. Loving practical jokes, Americans may be carrying out their prank just for the fun of it, without ever considering where the mischief is leading to. If it is so, I hope to see it suspended, for it will bring no good to either country concerned. But if unfortunately my belief happens to be not without foundation, I should like to see them come out openly and declare their intentions without using poor China as their cat's paw. The world will then know how the Americans are disposed toward China and Japan."

And there you have it! It is those Americans that are at the bottom of it all. Not the twenty-one demands. Not Shantung. Not the attempt to set up civil administration at Tsinanfu. Not the beating up and killing of Chinese students. Not the landing of marines at Foochow. Not the forcing of secret agreements on the trembling government of Peking. Not any of these. At the back of it all, behind the curtain, stands America pulling the strings. Ain't it awful, Mabel?

The Japanese Boycott

Says The China Critic: Whatever is the result of the fracas at Foochow, it can only have the effect of strengthening the steadily increasing boycott against the Japanese, which is slowly but surely now spreading all over the country, and is a righteous movement quite beyond the power of the present weak and pro-Japanese Cabinet in power at Peking to stop or even to lessen.

Some Victorian Friends

(*New York Times*)

The Literary Supplement of The London Times publishes some extracts from letters written by Dante Gabriel Rossetti to Algernon Charles Swinburne between 1864 and 1871. When the correspondence began, Rossetti was 36, Swinburne 27. Rossetti was already famous as a painter, but most of the poems which were to give him a new fame in 1870 were still buried in the grave of his wife. In 1864 Rossetti was in Paris. "The whole of French art at present," he writes, "is a beastly slop and really makes one sick." But, he says with prophetic vision, "there is one man named Millet, who can't sell his pictures except to some one who buys him up cheap and at whose house I saw a collection of them, really glorious things. Really there seems to be no one else alive except Ingres, who's nearly dead, and Gerome, whom one can't stand forever (as he doesn't paint). Delacroix gains every time I see him. He is a real great man, though often wonderfully shaky."

"Baudelaire is away, or I think I should have met him. Give love to Whistler." There came a time when Swinburne had no love to give to Whistler. Indeed, "Jimmy" cultivated to perfection the art of losing friends. Mrs. Rossetti had died in 1862. As we all know, her husband, stricken with mingled grief and remorse, put beside her face in the coffin the manuscript book of his unprinted poems. In 1869 the book was taken out, and in 1870 the poems were published and won Rossetti a great name. "I hope," he writes on October 26, 1869, "you will think none the worse of my feeling for the memory of one for whom I know you had a true regard. The truth is, that no one so much as herself would have approved of my doing this. Art was the only thing for which she felt very seriously. Had it been possible to her, I should have found the book on my pillow the night she was buried; and could she have opened the grave, no other hand would have been needed." "No strength of words," wrote Swinburne in reply, "can seem too strong. . . . to render my inmost and sincerest sense of the importance of the question whether we are all to be the richer or the poorer by one more treasure of art: of art which always was and is to me the highest, deepest, most precious and serious pleasure to be got out of life."

Of Tennyson's new invoice of "Idylls of the King," (1869,) Rossetti, who calls the Laureate "a tolerable maunderer, if you will," says with not wholly unjustified billousness:

"I must say that to have Sir Pelleas turned into a schoolboy deserving and not getting the birch through pages irrigated with irritation to every poetic sense one possesses (in spite of good verbal passages) is rather too much for one furnished with a helpful vocabulary of Ratcliff Highway as an Appendix to Johnson [sic] and Webster. The same may be said of the rest so far as I have read, except the Northern Farmer, which is very good."

Of their friend William Morris, "Top," Swinburne had written that "his Muse is like Homer's Trojan Women: she drags her robes when she walks." Rossetti speaks of "the more Topsaic forms of the speech of daily life." Swinburne's criticism of "Top's" new volume "is, of course, true criticism; but I think so excellent a poet must, after all, be allowed his own style in forms of poetry where deliberateness and delay are not absolutely inadvisable. More variety in the verse would, I admit, still be possible and desirable. But 'Gudrun' is a wonderful poem." still, "the fact is, Topsy writes too much both for his own sake and that of his appreciators."

This was written in 1869. Mr. Morris, a man of varied activities, was yet to write many books. Mr. Swinburne had not yet published "Songs Before Sunrise," (1871.) His fame would probably be the same if he had written nothing after that. In view of his long series of subsequent volumes, Rossetti's complaint of "Top's" fertility now looks comical. Even chronic Swinburnians have sometimes suspected that the ever-vigilant guardian and janitor Watts-Dunton would have used his influence on the poet to better advantage if, instead of restricting him to a glass of beer a day, he had restricted him to a book every ten years. It is curious to find Rossetti writing Swinburne that there is "something of you, perhaps," in Walter Pater's famous essay on Leonardo. "I confess," replies Swinburne, "I did fancy there was a little spice of my style, as you say, but much good stuff of his own and of much interest." To the uninstructed mind there could hardly be a stronger contrast of prose styles than that between Pater's and Swinburne's. Curious again, save to the venerable, is it to find Swinburne saying that John Morley "took not a little credit for moral courage in printing" some sonnets of his in The Fortnightly Review. All Swinburnians will rejoice in Rossetti's testimonial to his brilliant, if sometimes too explosive, friend:

"When I have proved you in private such a loyal and generous reiterator of old belief in my old doings. I am well aware how friendship only can account for the point to which you carry the comparison between your friends' work and your own at times; but such friendship is the only thing as well worth having even as poetic pre-eminence."

Was Pope Pius X. Murdered?

French Priest Offers Evidence That German Intrigue Also Did Away With Two Cardinals

By Walter Litchfield
(*New York Times*)

Was Pope Pius X. murdered? A French war priest, who has intimate connections with the Vatican, seems to think he was, and has written a book to prove it. The priest is Abbe Daniel. He calls his book "Le Bapteme de Sang"—the baptism of blood—and Michel of Paris publishes it.

To a well-known Italian prelate, now in this country, the Abbe's story of tragedy was made known, and he said:

"I am not competent to pass on Monsieur l'Abbe's evidence. He presents, however, a plausible array of circumstantial evidence. Rumors of what he charges so directly have been afloat in our circles for some time. For example—and this is not a matter of rumor—it is known that until the great Consistory of 1911 the trend of the Vatican under the gentle ministrations of Cardinal Merry del Val had been distinctly away from English-speaking Catholics. His Eminence, as Papal Secretary of State, had taken the initial step which made an equitable adjustment of the French Concordat of 1801—such as had been the ardent desire of Leo XIII. and Cardinal Rampolla—impossible. In the year before the great Consistory, which created two new American Cardinals as well as a successor to Cardinal Vaughan at Westminster, his diplomatic maneuvers had prevented the only living ex-President of the United States from having an audience with Pius X.

"That, as subsequent consistories show, ended one phase of the Vatican's policy. Its complement, however, the Teutonic 'drang nach Vaticano" continued until the Spring preceding the war, when his Holiness, recovering from a sudden, mysterious illness, began to assert himself. We all know he made an extraordinary effort to free himself from his Secretary of State, who had come to be known both in French and Italian circles as the 'malfattore del Vaticano," and from the Austro-German prelates who had gradually come to the Vatican. Rampolla being dead, he sent in haste for Rampolla's disciple, Cardinal Ferrata, who served the new Pope, Benedict XV., as Secretary for a few weeks. He survived Pius X. only about seven weeks—from August 20 till October 10, 1914—and then died in the circumstances related by l'Abbe Daniel.

"As to Mgr. von Gerlach, the fact that he was convicted by an Italian military court in June, 1917, for having conspired to blow up the battleship Leonardo da Vinci the year before, in the harbor of Taranto, is a matter of record. So is the fact that after he fled from the Vatican in January, 1917, two Italian agents ransacked his safe in Vienna and secured the documentary evidence which caused his conviction "in contumacia" six months later and dealt a death blow to Austria's campaign of "sabotage" in the Peninsula.

"Nor is it any secret that Pius X., a few days before his death, is believed to have sent one—some say two—letters to Emperor Francis Joseph, imploring him to end the war and threatening him with excommunication unless he did so.

"The last letter is said to have been composed by his Holiness, assisted by Cardinal Ferrata, on August 17. That night he was taken ill. He died on August 20 at 1:20 o'clock in the morning. According to the published report of the death scene there were with him at the end one of his sisters and Cardinals Merry del Val, Bisleti, Cagiano, Ferrata, and della Volpe. The last, who was Camerlengo, had been hastily summoned from Imola the day before. We have a report, nothing more, that the Holy Father said just before his death:

"'Now I begin to think, as the end is approaching, that the Almighty in His inexhaustible goodness wishes to spare me the horrors Europe is undergoing.'

"Those horrors were left for Benedict XV. to face. Mgr. von Gerlach was a private chamberlain under the late Pope. He retained that office under Pius's successor. When the Austrian fled to Vienna, Benedict, who had been loath to believe evil of him, said:

"'It is too bad. Gerlach was always so jolly and seemed so frank and loyal.'

"That is all I know, except of course the Spanish veto which was invoked by Emperor Francis Joseph at the demand of the German Emperor at the conclave of August, 1903, which elected Pius X. Rampolla had already received sixty-two votes and would certainly have been elected had it not been for the veto. It was eternally abolished by a Papal bull in the following year with the heavy penalty of major excommunication for any Cardinal who should attempt to use it or even venture to exert influence at a conclave at the behest of a foreign Government. But all this is a matter of history. I may say, however, that l'Abbe Daniel would be more convincing if he had restrained somewhat the violence of his obvious modernism."

Abbe Daniel declares that there was an Austrian plot at the Vatican to bring "impious and corrupt France" back to the fold by a "baptism of blood." All other considerations, even the Balkan diplomacy of Vienna and St. Petersburg, are not mentioned. The late German Emperor, working through the Catholic Hapsburgs, appears in the story to have been the cause of it all. It began by the attempt to divert the obvious pro-French policy of Leo XIII., who, after a pontificate of a quarter of a century, died in 1903, at the age of 93, and of his Secretary of State, Cardinal Mariano Rampolla del Tindaro.

The first move was to prevent Rampolla from becoming Pope. The second was to install "the Spaniard," Merry del Val, at the Vatican as Secretary of State to Pius X. Both moves succeeded. For ten years, l'Abbe Daniel tells us, Merry del Val ran the Vatican in the interests of Germany and Austria, subsidising newspapers, organising anti-French propaganda, selling preferment.

When the benign Pope, who had been Patriarch of Venice, awoke he found himself practically the prisoner of his German jailers. He found that he had broken with France and had alienated the English-speaking world and that the only policies his jailers had allowed him to indulge in were an attempt to have Gregorian music prevail, the elevation of the United States from a "missionary country," a condemnation of the tango, the specification of kind of oil to be used in sanctuary lamps, and the regulation of Lenten meals.

Amazed at the situation, the Pope summoned Rampolla to ask his advice. This was on December 16, 1913. On that day the Cardinal had taken part in a religious ceremony; within twenty-four hours he was dead. A strong box containing his private papers had disappeared; also one of his servants. Neither was ever traced. There was talk of a post-mortem, but nothing came of it. And that is all the evidence l'Abbe Daniel produces to confirm his assertion that Rampolla, the Friend of France, was murdered.

Pius X. is described as living in constant fear of assassination. His peasant sisters brought him his meals, which he took from their hands alone. When he fell ill, in the Spring preceding the war, he summoned to his bedside a physician of Venice, an old friend. That is said to have annoyed Merry del Val. But the Pope soon recovered his health. He sought every possible means for dismissing his Secretary of State. All were thwarted by his German jailers.

When the Germans invaded Belgium he had a violent scene with Merry del Val and declared that he was going to the front with an olive branch in his hand and fling himself between the contending armies. The Secretary and the German prelates with difficulty restrained him. Then he sent a secret messenger to the Lateran Palace to bring Cardinal Ferrata, another to Vienna with a letter to Emperor Francis Joseph. Ferrata came and was closeted with his Holiness.

From August 6 until August 17 the two old men waited for news of the other messenger and the letter. Then they wrote another, which, in part, is said to be read as follows:

"I write not as Pope but as father. . . . I kiss your feet and implore you to forsake this impious war, this horrible iniquity. . . . O my erring son all covered with blood, drenched in the tears of mothers and widows and orphans. . . . If I do not excommunicate you the curse of heaven shall yet fall upon your head."

They were interrupted in their composition, writes l'Abbe Daniel, by the Cardinal Secretary of State, his Eminence Merry del Val. Ferrata arose. The Pope waved him back to his seat and said in tones of thunder to the intruder: "He remains with me." "Then it is I who must go," said Merry del Val quietly.

That night the Holy Father fell ill. In three days he was dead. Ferrata had only once left him; when he returned he found Mgr. von Gerlach leaving the chamber.

And that is all the evidence l'Abbe Daniel offers to support his assertion that Pope Pius X. met the alleged fate of Rampolla.

Immediately, he tells us, steps were taken by the German and Austrian prelates at the Vatican to secure a Pope favorable to the Kaisers. The fatal veto, however, was a thing of the past and at the Conclave Ferrata was the favorite. Della Chiesa, whose name came up in the last day, was elected as the result of a compromise and on the explicit understanding that he should have as Secretary of State Cardinal Ferrata. The new Pope, who took the name of Benedict XV., so appointed him.

Domenico Ferrata started to clean out the Huns from the Vatican. For personal safety he took up his residence outside. This placed him also at a disadvantage. L'Abbe Daniel relates that on one occasion he was so imprudent as to take a cup of coffee at his desk. He was seized with violent sickness. He understood what had happened and insisted on being taken home. There he died two days later, October 10, 1914.

In Ferrata's case an inquiry was actually ordered. Powdered glass was discovered in the sugar. But a broken bowl officially accounted for that. It seems that shortly after one of his servants disappeared. This servant had, until the coming of Ferrata, been an orderly to Mgr. von Gerlach. Subsequently he was identified as an officer of the German artillery.

And this is practically all the evidence that l'Abbe Daniel has to show that Cardinal Ferrata went the way of Rampolla and Pius X.

American Preachers In England

(*Literary Digest*)

An American Preacher domiciled in London is reported to have "come to the conclusion that an American preacher cannot really succeed in England." This is an interesting fact in view of the desired "cordiale" that sections of both nations are looking to see accomplished. It also, perhaps, has a bearing on the feeling among ministers recorded in an article recently, about the calling of Dr. Kelman to the Fifth Avenue Church of New York. The expatriated preacher who is not altogether happy abroad is Dr. Joseph Fort Newton, pastor of the London City Temple, whose words, cabled to the New York World are printed in the London Daily News. He lays the fact to a British idiosyncracy for which the people are perhaps not to be blamed, rather than to an unreasoning hostility. Thus:

"There is something in the English character or viewpoint, that seems to prevent complete agreement. This does not apply to leaders in the churches, to men like Dr. Jowett, for instance, or like the Bishop of London, in the Anglican Church. I have received the kindest treatment from Anglicans, many of whom have attended services in the City Temple, and with whom I have had the most pleasant social relations.

"But there exists a body of opinion among middle men in the ministry and in the churches in opposition to the permanent settlement of American preachers in this country. When I first arrived a number of these persons met together and were about to pass a resolution that they never would darken the doors of the City Temple as long as I remained the minister there.

"This would have been carried but for the fact that a leading London minister, who heard of the intention, dissuaded the meeting from carrying it into effect."

When Dr. Newton was asked if "this treatment characterised the treatment of English peachers in America" he answered:

"It does not. We hear statements that there is anti-British feeling in America. That may be so, but let it not be forgotten that there is reciprocal feeling here. Such feeling, however, is not reflected in either country in official or in well-informed circles.

"I believe the promotion of common understanding between the two great English-speaking peoples to be of vital and paramount importance. If we fail in that, it will be bad for all of us. I regret that the progress of our propaganda is slower than I had anticipated and I am convinced we must adopt more skilful methods of educating the mass of opinion in both countries."

Questions Asked

A small boy of the Jewish persuasion who was playing at the end of the pier fell into the sea and was only rescued after great difficulty by an intrepid swimmer, who dived off the end of the pier and succeeded in getting the boy into a rowboat.

Half an hour afterward, much exhausted by his effort, the rescuer was walking off the pier when a man came up and tapped him on the shoulder.

"Are you the man who saved my son Ikey's life?" he said.

"Yes," answered the much-exhausted hero.

"Then, said the Hebrew in indignant tones, "v'ere's his cap?"—*Tit Bits.*

A Legal Turn

The following is told of a late railway magnate and a prominent Philadelphia lawyer, Said the magnate to the lawyer:

"I want you to show that this law is unconstitutional. Do you think you can manage it?"

"Easily," answered the lawyer.

"Well, go ahead and get familiar with the case."

"I'm already at home in it. I know my ground perfectly. It's the same law you had me prove was constitutional two years ago."—*Lancaster News Journal.*

Topics In Brief

Some prose writers go from bad to verse.—*Columbia Record.*

* * *

D'Annunzio's publishers are probably the happiest men in Italy at this time.—*Des Moines Register.*

* * *

The soft coal miners seem determined to make it hard for the consumer.—*Nashville Tennessean.*

* * *

Since Hoover quit rationing the people of Europe they have nothing but scraps.—*Columbia Record.*

* * *

The only thing agitators haven't asked for is the shortening of the speaking day.—*Sedalia (Mo.) Capital.*

* * *

Those Brooklyn barbers who struck for shorter hours evidently believe in daylight shaving.—*The Liberator.*

* * *

Mr. Wilson probably feels that life would be very much simplified if in America treaties could be ratified by the king's decree.—*Philadelphia North American.*

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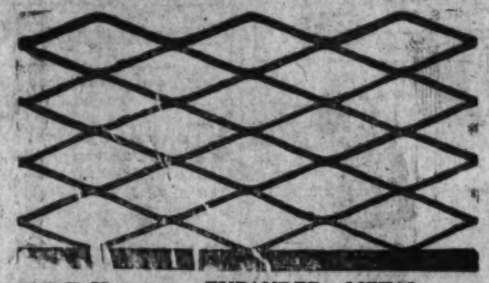

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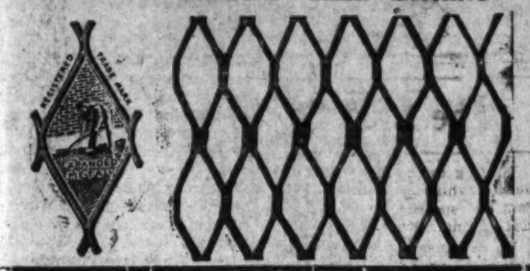

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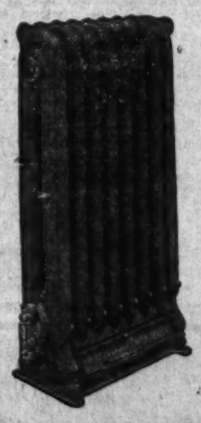

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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

OH! MR. ED U. CATE- I'M DELIGHTED TO SEE YOU!
HOW IS MR. JIGGS GETTING ALONG IN LITERATURE?
WONDERFULLY - HE IS VERY STUDIOUS
I KNEW HE WOULD LIKE IT WHEN HE ONCE STARTED!
HAS HE READ MY BOOK YET?
HE WAS READING IT WHEN I LEFT - HE WOULDN'T GO OUT WITH ME AS HE WANTED TO FINISH IT-
?
!!!
Maggie I'll have gone to the movies Jiggs

The Cost Of Living In Japan

Writing to the Sydney Sun, Mr. McCay, who has been touring the East as special correspondent of that journal, says:

If an Australian Government, company, or firm contemplates sending a salaried representative to Eastern Asia, a few [illegible] piece of advice may be offered concerning the salary which the envoy should be paid, and it is [illegible]

First the generous salary which you think you ought to allot to a man whom you send away from his friends to a far country, with a climate which will probably ill-suit his health, and then—add at least 60 percent to the salary which you have determined. Otherwise the Government, company, or firm may feel certain that it is treating its employe unfairly. This is true whether the man be sent to Japan, to China or to the Philippine Islands, though of the three the Philippines are the cheapest for a quiet living man.

HELL TO BE POOR

In Japan, I met Europeans at many standards of income and if a man had several thousands sterling a year for his family's spending, his lot was exceedingly happy. He could have a delightful mansion, either European or semi-European ("fifty fifty," as the Americans have already christened it in Tokio), with plenty of servants, and could run one or two motor-cars, according to his wife's whim, and could be proud of a handsome garden. But I also met men whose incomes would be reckoned in Australia very comfortable for a family man—£600 to £800 a year—and those men, forced to live in cities like Kobe or Tokio, were hard up indeed.

"Ain't it hell to be poor on Coney Island?" the legions used to shriek in that popular Paradise of New York, and an American usually added the remark, "Ain't it hell to be poor anywhere?" It is certainly not heaven to be a man with a limited salary in one of Japan's big swift-growing cities. We shall not pretend to the democracy of Australia that a man with six hundred a year in Japan is worse off than a laborer at £3 8s. 6d. in Australia; but it would be less anxious to have £400 a year even in Sydney, the most expensive Australian city, than to have £600 a year in Tokio. As evidence, let us set out what one married man in a Japan city with a small family, has to pay in the primary charges on his income, translating the "yen" into pounds sterling, at the present rate of exchange of nine yen to the pound:—Rent £3 5s. per week; bread, 4d. per lb.; meat (beef or mutton), 2s. per lb.; coal, in winter £3 per week.

DURING COLD WINTERS

His vegetables average much the same cost as in Sydney, or by careful selection may be got a little cheaper, but milk and butter are dearer. The education of his children involves him also in a high compulsory cost, for his youngsters cannot go to a Japanese State school to learn that the Emperor is King of Earth and Heaven.

The house which this resident secures for something over £13 a month is by no means a mansion but a simple place of five or six rooms, which in Melbourne might cost 46s. a week, and in Sydney could be got in a good locality for 45s. or 50s. at most. The Japanese winter is bitterly cold, and coal is terribly dear. In point of fact, the price of coal is such that a man in such a position as has been stated simply cannot afford to warm his house thoroughly, but must be content in most rooms to take the mere edge off the cold with little Japanese fires—a few pieces of char-coal kept red hot in a bowl of fine earth. This warms up a Japanese room completely closed against ventilation, but leaves a shiver in any house built on European lines.

Rents are high because the supply of European houses is limited, yet the European population is increasing with the influx of Russians.

Pagan Epitaph

Servant of the eternal Must
I lie here, here let me lie,
In the ashes and the dust,
Dreaming, dreaming pleasantly.
When I lived I sought no wings,
Schemed no heaven, planned no hell,
But, content with little things,
Made an earth, and it was well.

Song and laughter, food and wine,
Roses, roses red and white,
And a star or two to shine
On my dewy world at night.
Lord, what more could I desire?
With my little heart of clay
I have lit no eternal fire
To burn my dreams on Judgment Day!

Well I loved, but they who knew
What my laughing heart could be,
What my singing lips could do,
Lie a-dreaming here with me.

I can feel their finger-tips
Stroke the darkness from my face,
And the music of their lips
Fills my pleasant resting-place
In the ashes and the dust,
Where I wonder as I lie,
Servant of the eternal Must,
Dreaming, dreaming pleasantly.

—RICHARD MIDDLETON.

Some Scarecrow

The tourist had been boasting in the village inn. "Talking of scarecrows," the said, "why, my father once put one up and it frightened the crows so much that not one entered the field again for more than a year." He looked triumphantly around his audience. Surely that had settled these country bumpkins! But he was to meet his match. That's nothing!" retorted one farmer. "A neighbor o' mine once put a scarecrow into his potato patch and it terrified the birds so much that one rascal of a crow who had stolen some potatoes came next day and put them back."

The Bald-Headed Eagle

By Garrett P. Serviss

The bald-headed eagle, the emblem of our country, is in peril of extermination! That is not a fact to be regarded with complaisance by Americans. The eagle and the flag are sacred symbols of our nationality, of our individuality and independence as a people. Ideals must have visible, tangible representatives in order to hold possession of the popular mind and heart. Caesar might not have conquered Gaul and won the mastery of the world without the Roman eagles, for which the legions would die to the last man.

Many other nations have made the eagle emblematic, but the American "Bird of Freedom," with "storm-daring pinion and sun-glancing eye," is differentiated from the others, which, unlike him, have usually stood for tyranny instead of liberty. He differs specifically from the eagles of the old world as Americans differ from Europeans and Asiatics. He is native to the air of the American continent.

SENTIMENTAL ASPECT

The American eagle to be exterminated! God forbid. I remember, as if it had occurred only yesterday, the throbbing and almost reverencing interest with which I looked upon the first living bald eagle that my eyes had ever seen—the eagle of the coins, the eagle of the flagstaff, the eagle of the poems, the eagle whose broad, protecting wings spread like a roof over the whole width of the Declaration of Independence hanging on the schoolroom wall. I felt, I suppose, as a savage would feel upon encountering alive the totemic emblem of his tribe.

The American eagle must be kept alive, not in captivity, which he disdains, but in the freedom to which he was born and which he symbolises for a hundred million people on this continent and for uncounted other millions elsewhere.

But what are the facts? "The places outside Alaska," says Professor W. G. van Name, "where eagles can still safely breed are very few." Yet the Alaskan territorial government has a law putting a bounty on the head of every eagle found in the territory! Why? Because the birds destroy a few domesticated animals which are not properly guarded. The loss from this source, I am credibly informed, has been greatly exaggerated by those who procured the passage of the law of extermination. And if it be not exaggerated surely the American people could well afford to spare a few dollars from the national treasury to pay for an occasional feast of the untamed eagle.

It was in 1917 that the anti-eagle law of Alaska went into operation, and in less than two years, says the authority quoted above, "about 5,600 of these birds, which must be a large percentage of the entire number inhabiting North America, have been killed for fifty cents each, and the slaughter is still going on."

The eagle is famous for its long life, while its childhood period, like that of man, is also extended, as a result of which the parent birds have to care for their young during so many months that the same pair cannot raise more than one brood in a year. Under the present unfavorable circumstances, too, only one or two individuals are raised out of each brood, so that without any killing by law the birds would be unable to hold their own. Probable that a large proportion of the eagles now living were raised many years ago when the conditions of breeding were much more favorable.

REASON FOR WAR ON EAGLES

It needs but little reflection to perceive the origin of this war on the eagles. It grows out of the utilitarian, profiteering and materialistic spirit which at present sweeps the decks. It is the same spirit which leads one race of men to say to another, "My civilisations is superior to yours (because it suits me better); I want to expand and you are in my way; therefore, get off the planet!"

I like progress, I like invention, I like industry and good work, I like to see man soaring higher and higher—but I heartily agree with Professor van Name when he indignantly calls the Alaskan bounty on the eagle "one of the most discreditable and inexcusable acts of systematic vandalism that has ever occurred on this continent."

Changing Fashions

Well, for goodness' sake, the queerest things do happen in this world!

Out in California there's a place down by the sea they call Venice—waves and beach and things, don't you know?—and the other day one of the congregation of one of the churches passed a resolution to ask the city fathers to please go and ask the airplane people not to fly quite so low on Sundays.

They say that the buzzing of the wings distracts the attention of the children of the congregation, and last Sunday just as the soprano was starting in on her solo an airplane flew over and she might as well have been singing on the screen in the movies for all any one could hear.

No, it isn't a dream; it's the plain, everyday truth, as we tell it in these days of wonder and amazement.

Venice is the place where they have a parade of red-haired girls every Summer, and the girl with feddest hair, the girl with the curliest red hair and the girl with the longest red hair and the girl with the thickest red hair and the girl with the prettiest red hair, every one of them gets a prize.

Tell me the world doesn't move!

IN OTHER DAYS

When I was a girl the one grief and tragic woe of my life was that I had red hair. I thought there was no misfortune on earth equal to that, and I will never forget the day that my whole soul rose up in revolt and fury at the bitter injustice of life when my oldest sister leaned out of the window and before a crowd of schoolmates going on a picnic called me "Red Head."

The thing I hated worst about it was that that particulhr sister had hair that was a good deal redder than mine, but, of course, I couldn't say anything about it because she was older than I was and it would have been "talking back."

Red hair! Yes, I think it's pretty. To be quite honest about it, I like red hair better than any other. There seems to be more life to it, somehow, and red-haired people—well, there are two kinds—either you like them or you don't.

The same thing that brings freckles upon the skin puts red into the hair, and that same iron in the blood is responsible for the energy of most people with red hair.

THE FADS CHANGE

I've seen red-headed fools and red-headed villains and red-headed failures and red-headed beauties and red-headed girls who were so ugly that it was hard to look at them, but I never yet saw a red-headed man or woman who would sit still in a corner and watch the clouds roll by without lifting a finger to help give the clouds a shove.

All this I say quite boldly and in utter, shameless disregard of all the conventionalities. For, of course, it's the proper thing to hate the color of the hair you were born with, or, at least, to say you do.

But red hair is, with many red-haired people like some terrific and hidden crime—you "first endure, then pity, then embrace." It is your cross and finally, by much cherishing, it becomes just a tiny little bit of a crown.

But red hair the rage and airplanes disturbing the congregation with the flutter of their wings!

If you had prophesied either of these things fifteen years ago you would have been quietly spirited away to some still spot where you couldn't harm anybody in any sudden spell of violence.

I met a woman the other day and asked her to come and have some ice cream with me, and she looked at me as if I had offered her a dose of cyanide.

She's banting to get thin, and to my eyes she's so thin now that I don't see how she gets her clothes to stay on at all.

Fifteen years ago, when that woman was a girl, she used to carry around squares of chocolate and nibble at that chocolate every two hours by the clock. She wanted to be plump.

No, she hasn't changed—the fashion has, that's all.

Live in hope, little sister. Some day freckles may be considered a mark of almost vampire-like beauty. You can never tell.

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, December 4**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwah Lee**, (Chartered) 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Thursday, December 4**, about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kianghsin**, Captain J. R. Milligan, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain H. Asai, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, December 4**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Capt. J. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, Dec. 5**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, December 5**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Captain Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, December 5**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on Saturday, **December 6**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Sunday, December 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, December 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasaki, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, December 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Lucnho**, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, December 8**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, December 9**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, December 9**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Manager. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain Legge, will leave on **Wednesday, December 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the about ports on **Thursday, Dec. 4**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Haean**, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M. S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, December 5**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW AND HONGKONG, CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, **Dec. 6**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 7**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Capt. Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, December 9**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, December 11**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamane will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 16**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Captain Northcombe, will leave the French Bund on **Thursday, December 4**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Chenan**, Capt. H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, December 6**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **December 24**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO VIA NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.—The S.S. Korea Maru, 20,000 tons Captain T. Ota, will be dispatched on Friday, December 5. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 2 p.m. For passage apply to **TOYO KISEN KAISHA**, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES ANTWERP AND ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Dec. 10**. For Freigh please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bunc Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **December 25**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **December 29**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain K. Tahido, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on end of December. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Himalaya Maru**, Captain S. Yamaga, will be despatched from Shanghai on beginning of **JANUARY 1920**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **FEBRUARY 1920**. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Siccawei Weather Report

2.—The center of the anticyclone lies near the mouth of the Yangtsze. There are two depressions in the N, the one making for the Kuriles, the other crossing Lake Baikal The wind is diverging from the anticyclone in every direction. Snow at Irkutsk, rain at several stations in the South; fine day and milder temperature at Shanghai.

3.—The pressure is falling and the weather becomes overcast. The breeze has veered to the E, the high pressures traveling likely towards Japan.

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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.
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For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.
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	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 8	Dec. 10
*BORNEO MARU	15,000	K. Tahido,	end of Dec.	
HIMALAYA	15,000	S. Yamaga,	Beg. of Jan.	
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	February	

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Portsaid.

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	Dec. 24	Dec. 25
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Dec. 27	Dec. 29

FOR HONGKONG

CHICAGO MARU	12,00	S. Yamane,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Dec. 22	Dec. 24

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Dec. 4	Dec. 7

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S.S. "West Cajoot" from San Francisco due Dec. 23rd.	S.S. "Hathaway" or S.S. "West Cajoot" for San Francisco January 16th.

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SADO MARU	12,500	T. Hori,	Dec. 14
			Dec. 22

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TSUSHIMA MARU	15,000	K. Teramoto,	
PENANG MARU	11,500	G. Shinomiya,	Dec. 6
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Late Dec.

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:

DURBAN MARU		E. Takahashi,	Late Jan., 1920.
TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Yasuhara,	Dec. 21
			Early Jan.

AMERICAN LINE

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	Tons	Capt.	
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 17
			Jan. 25

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKUSHIMA MARU	15,000	Y. Okuno,	about Dec. 28

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	T. Terada,	
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Dec. 9
KASUGA MARU	7,000	K. Inatsu,	Dec. 12
			Dec. 19

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki	Dec. 6
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Dec. 10
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Dec. 13
			Dec. 17

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
INABA MARU	12,500	T. Kusano,	Dec. 15

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

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	Tons	Capt.	
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	middle of Feb.

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TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles		Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.		19.50	
23.45	11.12								
23.50	11.17		84	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.		17.00	
24.00	11.25			dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.		16.53	
19.35			524	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.		16.45	
				arr.	Mukden	dep.			

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.25	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.13	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.15	17.56	148	dep.	Tochow	dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.50	8.20
7.									8.
8.00	20.55	20.31		dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.			
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Taianfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.42	1.52	0.49		dep.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Lincheng	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
21.27	6.39	4.50	420	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
9.							23.36	19.20	5.20
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.			10.
13.10	11.03	8.35	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.53	14.55	13.36
18.26	15.15	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	19.46	14.37	13.16
20.05	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
							15.30	9.20	6.40

R. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	R. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.28	21.25	d. Lincheng a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco

West Islip	Nov.	2
West Sequana	Nov.	8
Colombia	Nov.	8
Nanking	Nov.	8
Sylvan Arrow	Nov.	9
Tascalusa	Nov.	11
Astral	Nov.	12
Stanley Dollar	Nov.	16
West Harts	Nov.	18
Silver Shell	Nov.	22
China	Nov.	25

For Tacoma

Africa Maru	Nov.	27

For Seattle

Suwa Maru	Nov.	5
Seattle Spirit	Nov.	15
Wheatland of Montana	Nov.	22
Kashima Maru	Nov.	30

For New York

Nanaric	Nov.	4
Benoni	Nov.	19
Eurylochus	Nov.	22

For Vancouver

Empress of Russia	Nov.	1
Empress of Japan	Nov.	22
Empress of Asia	Nov.	29

For London etc.

Mentor	Nov.	6
Bendoran	Nov.	9
Yokohama Maru	Nov.	10
Carnarvonshire	Nov.	13
Glenade	Nov.	14
City of Melbourne	Nov.	18
Tatsuno Maru	Nov.	20
Rhesus	Nov.	22
Tamba Maru	Dec.	1
Cardiganshire	Dec.	2

For Liverpool

Lycaon	Nov.	8

For Marseilles

Bansei Maru 5	Nov.	1
Celebes Maru	Nov.	7
Yugao Maru	Nov.	18
Indo Maru	Nov.	23

For Trieste

Italy Maru	Nov.	14
Scotland Maru	Nov.	18
Yonan Maru	Dec.	1

For Copenhagen

Rhodesia	Nov.	8

For Novorossisk (Black Sea)

Vitim	Nov.	15

For Bombay

Dunera	Nov.	4

For Singapore

Heffron	Nov.	9
Unda	Nov.	16
Methven	Nov.	23

For Java Ports

Tjikini	Nov.	13
Tjiliwong	Nov.	15

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:

Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela Dec. 5

Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Dec. 5

For United Kingdom

Per B. & S. s.s. Euryades Dec. 8

For France, etc.

Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx. Dec. 9

For Japan

Per N.Y.K. s.s Yawata Maru Dec. 5

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada

Per C.M. s.s. Nile .... Dec. 12

From United Kingdom

Per B. & S. s.s. Tydeus Dec. 6

For India, etc.

Per P. & O. s.s. Dilwara Dec. 7

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 9 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 2 p.m.

Tuesday, December 9, 1919

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Sphinx will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 10 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 11 a.m.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'sin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	8.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	..
Dalny	Kobe Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
do	do	..	..	..	..	..	18.30
Foochow	Haean	21.00	..	..	..	a20.00	19.30
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	21.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Tientsin	Train	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Korea Maru	12.30	..	..	..	..	12.00
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via U.S.A.	do	..	13.00	..	..	..	12.30
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, Honolulu, U.S.A. & Europe	do	..	..	12.00	..	..	11.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Tean	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Tean	21.00	..	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Venezuela	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Nagasaki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	Yawata Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Penza	..	13.00	..	..	..	12.30
Japan Ports	do	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Siberia via Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Penza	..	..	..	..	..	18.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	c13.30	..	13.15
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	Korea Maru	..	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan & America via Moji	Yawata Maru	..	..	..	..	13.00	12.30
Saturday, December 6.						a20.00	19.30
Japan Ports	Kashgar	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, and Europe	T'shima Maru	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Monday, December 8.							
Hongkong and Canton	Shantung	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong & United Kingdom via Suez	*Euryades	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Choysang	21.00	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	21.00
Wednesday, December 10.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sunning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

*Correspondence marked B via Suez and Parcel mail.

Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

C Money orders and parcel mail at 11 a.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train

b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
Aug. 10	— Tsingtau	Ralph Moller	Br. M. & Co.
Aug. 26	—	Taiten Maru	Jap.
Oct. 7	—	Chinpu	
Oct. 22	— Japan	Anamba	
Oct. 30	— Cruise	Senzan Maru	Jap. S. Shokai
Nov. 3	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi. Customs
Nov. 8	—	Store Nordiske	Dan. G. N. T. Co.
Nov. 12	— Hongkong	Astru	Br.
Nov. 13	— Cruise	St. Dominic	Br. S. Tomes
Nov. 17	— River ports	Pingching	Chi. Customs
Nov. 20	— Japan	Meihu	Am. Socony
Nov. 22	— Chinwangtao	Hwahyih	Chi. D. & Co.
Nov. 24	— Japan	Hwahchie	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 24	— Japan	Nissho Maru	Jap. S. Shokai
Nov. 25	— River ports	Nisshu Maru	Jap.
Nov. 25	— Tsingtau	Meifoo	Am. Socony.
Nov. 26	— Japan	Yeinin Maru	Jap. S. M. R.
Nov. 26	—	Slavic Prince	Br. S. Tomes & Co.
Nov. 27	— U.S.A.	Ogawa Maru	Jap.
Nov. 28	— Chinwangtao	West Ira	Am. Dollar Co.
Nov. 28	— Japan	Yei Maru	Jap. M. T. Co.
Nov. 30	— Tsingtao	Kaitsu Maru	Jap.
Nov. 30	— Chinwangtao	Nippon	Ital. D. & Co.
Dec. 1	—	Hwahsin	Chi. Ch. R. Shaw
Dec. 1	— Japan	Ceylon	Swed. E.F.A.
Dec. 1	— Tientsin, ports	Yohiko Maru	Jap.
Dec. 1	— London, ports	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 1	— Ningpo	Kashgar	Br. M.M. & Co.
Dec. 1	— River ports	Meinan	Am. Socony.
Dec. 1	— River ports	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 1	— Seattle	Siangyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Dec. 1	— Seattle	Justin	Am. B.A.T. Co.
Dec. 1	— Hongkong	Elkton	Am. A. Line
Dec. 1	— Japan	Sinkiang	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 1	— Japan	Sado Maru 6	Jap. S. Shokai
Dec. 1	— Foochow	Tokei Maru	Jap. M.S.K.
Dec. 1	— Japan	Haean	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	— Japan	Shunku Maru	Jap.
Dec. 1	— Tientsin	Taiho Maru	Jap.
Dec. 1	— Japan	Carmarthenshire	Br. G. L. E. A.
Dec. 1	— Japan	Providence	Nor. S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	— Hongkong	Euryades	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 1	— Vladivostok	Rokkosan Maru	Jap M.B.K.
Dec. 1	— London, ports	Kenkyu Maru 2	Jap. M.S.K.
Dec. 1	— U.S.A.	Tungshing	Br. J. M. & Co
Dec. 1	— Cruise	Penza	Rus. R. V. F.
Dec. 1	— River ports	Glenapp	Br. G.L.E.A.
Dec. 2	— Chinwangtao	Wytheville	Am. A. Line
Dec. 2	— Japan	Likin	Chi. Customs
Dec. 2	— Japan	Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec. 2	— Japan	Meichuen	Am. Socony
Dec. 2	— Swatow	Upoju	Chi. N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec. 2	— Tsingtau	Dainikaio Maru	Jap. M.S.K.
Dec. 3	— River ports	Sakawa Maru	Jap. M.S.K.
Dec. 3	— River ports	Nikkai Maru	Jan. S. Shokai
		Paoting	Br. B. & S.
		Shibisan Maru	Jap. M. T. Co.
		Tientsin	Br. B. & S.
		Klangshsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
		Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE)

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Sicawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.15*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Yeksah dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Changan dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Hangchow dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.30
Yeksah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashai dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Songkiang dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.16*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10.30	11.36	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Sicawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE)

ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$475 S.
Chartered	$530 S.
Russo-Asiatic	£80 CNI
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 415 S.
North China	$180 B.
Union of Canton	Hk. 195
Yangtsze	$230 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 20 S.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$345 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	$230
Indo-China Pref.	$20
"Shell"	205/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 40 B.
Shanghai Tug pref.	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 14
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2.10 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$180 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 121 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 28
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 172½
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 104 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 685 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 352½ B.
Oriental	Tls. 25
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 300 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 55½ B
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 33½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$191
Green Island	$7
Langkats	Tls. 15½
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6 B.
Weeks	Tls 11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21½ B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls 0.50 B
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Chemor United	Tls. 0.50
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1¼
Consolidated	Tls. 2¾
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5¼
Java Consolidated	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3½ S.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.65
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.75
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Panang	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¼
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13¼
Ulobri	Tls. 2¼
Ziangbe	Tls. 3½ B
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Asb	82
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 62 B
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15 S.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 150 S.

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyer

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 298

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
	—	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
	—	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 4	—	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 4	—	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 5	—	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Am.	A Line
Dec. 5	—	San Francisco	Venezuela	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec. 12	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 16	—	Seattle	Endicott	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 17	—	New York	Arna	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 17	—	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 20	—	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 20	—	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Dec. 21	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec. 23	—	San Fancisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 25	—	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 25	—	Vancouver	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 26	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 27	—	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 28	—	Seattle	Brave Couer	Am.	S. & Dix.
Dec. 28	—	New York	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 30	—	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 30	—	New York	Celtic Prince	Br	S. Tomes
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 7	—	Vancouver	Montegle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 10	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	Hathaway	Am.	S. & Dix
Jan. 17	—	New York	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 22	—	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 25	—	Seattle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 31	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 3	—	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 5	—	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec. 6	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 9	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 10	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru		
Dec. 12	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 13	—	Maji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 15	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 17	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 19	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec. 5	—	Marseilles, Antwerp	Comdt. Dorise	Fr.	M. M. Cie.
Dec. 6	—	London	Alps Maru	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 7	—	London	Methven	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 8	—	London, etc.	Euryades	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 8	—	Calcutta	Arratoon Apcar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 8	—	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 9	—	Marseilles	Sphinx	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 12	—	Liverpool	Teucer	Fr.	M.M. Cie
Dec. 12	—	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 14	—	London	Mishima Maru	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 17	—	London	Nevara	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 18	—	London, et

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AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, December 4.—A fine assortment of Furs in Salesroom 10.30 a.m.

SATURDAY, December 6.—At Salesrooms 10 a.m. Good Household Funiture and Sundries.

SATURDAY, December 6.—At Nanking Road, Jetty noon sharp MOTOR BOAT "Joel" with Cabin, Bunks etc., also 1 Sailing Boat.

MONDAY, December 8.—Superior Household Funiture and Effects at 18 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

WEDNESDAY, December 10.—A splendid collection of books in Salesroom at 2:30 p.m.

SATURDAY, December 20th.—A fine collection of Postage Stamps in Salesroom 2.30 p.m.

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WIDER OUTLOOK FOR CHURCH SEEN BY EPISCOPALIANS

Delegates To Big Convention Make Many Changes In By-Laws

Detroit, Mich., October 24.—Adjourning to meet in Portland, Ore., in 1922, the triennial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in America late today ended its momentous session.

The convention made church history, leading men of the Episcopal church declare, and adopted legislation to place the communion on a broadened plane in the eyes of thte entire Christian world.

FOUR IMPORTANT MEASURES

They cite the following four general points:

First—Almost complete reorganisation through the creation of an executive council and granting increased powers to provincial synods.

Second—Broadening of the outlook on social matters, industrial questions, and international affairs.

Third—Approval of the movement toward church unity by amending the constitution to make possible the proposed concordat with the Congregational church, whereby ministers of that church may be ordained in the Episcopal faith, these amendments also making possible similar agreements with other denominations.

Fourth—The broadening of the worship in revision of the book of common prayer.

Overlooked in the press of final business, the proposal to cooperate in the interchurch world movement failed to secure action.

By action of the house of bishops Bishop Thomas F. Gailor of Tennessee becomes chairman of the new executive council, which will handle the executive business of the church after Jan. 1 next. Bishop Daniel S. Tuttle of Missouri remains the church ecclesiastical head, although eventually the two offices will combine.

Election of a suffragan bishop to Tokio was left to the house of bishops.

The convention today appointed a commission to inquire into the question of ministry of healing and report at the 1922 meeting.

The house of bishops referred to the council an investigation of work among Negroes and a suggestion that a conference of racial representatives be held in each large city.

A resolution asking "discriminating executive clemency" for "political prisoners," including conscientious objectors, was al most unanimously voted down.

The closing service of the convention was held in St. Paul's cathedral, the bishops enrobed, clerical, and lay delegates attending.

The pastorial letter was read by Bishop Charles H. Brent of western New York and Presiding Bishop Tuttle pronounced the benediction, following evening prayer.

NEW BISHOPS

Detroit, Mich., October 18.—Bishops to three old established and two new missionary districts of the Protestant Episcopal Church were elected today by the house of bishops of the church and reported to the triennial general convention meeting here. Their ratification by the house of deputies is expected next Tuesday.

Bishops were elected to the districts of Utah, the Philippine Islands and Siberia, and the new districts of the Panama canal zone and Haiti.

The Right Rev. Thomes J. Garland, suffragan bishop of the diocese of Pennsylvania, was named as bishop of Utah. The Pennsylvania diocese will elect its own new suffragan under the canons of the church.

To take charge of the district of Liberia, succeeding the late Bishop Ferguson, who was a negro, the Rev. W. H. Overs, of Bradford, Pa., was elected. He is a white man, but the house of bishops plans to elect as his assistant a negro suffragan, probably a native Liberian.

Rev. Samuel W. Grice, of Petersburg, Va., was named bishop of Haiti, which was set apart during this convention as a separate missionary district.

To the Panama canal zone, also considered a missionary district this year, Dr. James Craig Herdis, of Madison, Wis., was elected.

Dr. Souveneur Frank Mecher, now serving in Kusin, Kiengan, China, was elected bishop to the Philippines.

U.S. Nurses Decorated By Servian Ruler Return To America

Miss Laura Kruigh and Miss Mary Snow.
INTERNATIONAL.

Wearing decorations awarded to them by Prince Alexandria of Servia for their ministrations of mercy in that country, Miss Laura L. Kruigh, of Fort Wayne, Ind., and Miss Mary Lydia Snow, of Cleveland, O., returned to America recently aboard the liner La Lorraine. The nurses prior to their work in the Balkans had served with the American forces in France. Prince Alexander decorated them with the Servian Cross of Mercy.

Shipping Items

The T.K.K. s.s. Korea left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday and is due at Woosung early tomorrow morning. The inward passenger tender is expected to reach the Customs jetty about 9:30 o'clock. The Korea sails for Japan, Hononlulu and San Francisco tomorrow afternoon and the tender with outward passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 o'clock.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Tsingtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s Suiyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow next Saturday.

The B.I. s.s. Arratoon Apcar, from Calcutta, was expected to leave Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai next Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah lef Chefoo for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintah left Tientsin for Hongkong direc on Tuesday.

The R.V.F. s.s. Penza arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok Tuesday morning and will sail for the same port tomorrow afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 2 o'clock.

The K.M.A. s.s. Koukai Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Monday.

The Isthmian Steamship Lines s.s. Arna, from New York via Panama, left Kobe on Monday and is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning.

The C.M. s.s. Nile left San Francisco on November 18 and is due to arrive in Shanghai on December 12. The Nile sails for Hongkong on the 13th.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru is due in Shanghai from Dalny this morning and will sail for Tsingtau and Dalny tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock. The passenger tender will leave the Customs jetty at 9 o'clock tonight.

The C.M. s.s. China sailed from Yokohama on Sunday afternoon, November 30, for Honolulu and San Francisco.

The Blue Funnel. s.s. Tydeus, from Liverpool, left Hongkong at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon and is due in Shanghai on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

The B.I. s.s. Arratoon Apcar from Calcutta, left Hongkong, Wednesday at 10 a.m. and is expected to arrive Shanghai on Saturday morning, the 6th instant.

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Victoria Theatre

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in

"THE WITCHCRAFT"

FIVE PARTS

and other New Films

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MARY PICKFORD

in

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Change of Programme on Friday, when will be shown

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MIROVITCH (Pianist)

assisted by

MME. MIROVITCH-GROOS

(Mezzo Soprano) of the "Drame Musicale Opera House," Petrograd

FIRST CONCERT

PROGRAMME

1.—Prelude e Fuga A min. (for Organ) ..... Bach-Liszt
Alfred Mirovitch

2.—Aria from the "Cid"—Massenet
Mme. Emma Mirovitch-Groos

3.—Fantasia op. 17, C Maj..... R. Schumann
Alfred Mirovitch

INTERVAL

4.—Four Studies ..... Chopin
Alfred Mirovitch

5.—(a) "My Night" ..... Brahms
(b) I'll not complain.... Schumann
Mme. Emma Mirovitch-Groos

6.—(a) Funerailles ..... Liszt
(b) Chant Polonais No. 1. (Chopin) ..... Liszt
(c) Campanella ..... Liszt
Alfred Mirovitch

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Time and Prices as Usual

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